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## Blair in arms and artillery build-up

# 2,000 extra troops set for Kosovo

By MICHAEL EVANS, PHILIP WEBSTER AND CHARLES BREMNER

BRITAIN is sending a further 2,000 troops, with tanks and artillery, to Macedonia to be part of an international force for eventual deployment in Kosovo.

Announcing the armoured battle group reinforcement in the Commons, Tony Blair said the extra troops were not being sent to invade Kosovo, but to be ready to implement a peace settlement.

The decision to send the 2,000 troops, backed by 14 Challenger tanks, 40 Warrior armoured vehicles and six AS90 self-propelled guns, will raise the British military presence in Macedonia to more than 6,300.

While the deployment of the Irish Guards battle group which will take up to 30 days, was intended to send a signal to Belgrade that Nato was still determined to form the core of an international peace force for Kosovo, the commander in charge of the alliance air campaign announced that he had asked for 300 more American aircraft, to bring the total number of planes to about 1,000. Other Nato countries have also been asked to send more aircraft.

Last night the Pentagon said that the request from General Wesley Clark, Nato's Supreme Allied Commander, was being considered seriously. The aircraft he wants include more F16s, F15s, A10 "tank-busters", radar-jamming EA6B Prowlers and refuelling tankers to allow bomber pilots to stay in the air over Yugoslavia for longer periods, while hunting for Serb forces and armour in Kosovo.

The US already has 500 aircraft committed to Operation Allied Force. The proposed increase in the number of American aircraft in the region may require President Clinton to call up members of the National Guard and Reserve. Other

### INSIDE

"The captain told my father: your daughter is good for wife. One of them had sex with me, the other hit me, the others kissed me."  
Rape as a way of war.  
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What is now planned on Kosovo's border with Macedonia and Albania is a mystery wrapped in a horror.  
— Simon Jenkins, page 18

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European countries, including Hungary and the Czech Republic, may also be asked to give basing rights for the additional planes because of overcrowding on Italian airfields.

The increase in Nato's war effort came on the day that Serb troops carried out a deliberately provocative incursion over the Kosovo border into Albania. Although Belgrade denied any such incident, Serb troops exchanged gunfire with Albanian border forces and occupied the village of Kamenica, more than a mile inside Albania.

The occupation lasted a few hours before the Serb forces withdrew. Nato warned earlier this week that it would treat any border incursions with the "utmost seriousness".

The extra British troops being sent to Macedonia will mean that Nato forces in the country will total 14,000. The first elements of an 8,000-man Nato force to help refugees has also begun to arrive in Albania. The second British battle

group will be based on the Irish Guards, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Bill Cubitt, currently based in Germany.

There will also be elements from the Green Howards, the King's Royal Hussars, 4 Regiment Field Artillery and a 150-man armoured reconnaissance squadron from the Windsor-based Household Cavalry Regiment, equipped with 20 armoured vehicles, mostly Scimitars. Another key element will be from 32 Regiment Royal Engineers, equipped with mine-clearance and bridging vehicles. The heavy armour will be sent by ship from the German port of Emden to Salonika, in Greece.

Although the reinforcement will double the number of British tanks, self-propelled guns and Warriors in Macedonia, Ministry of Defence sources said the battle group was configured only for enforcing peace, not for military intervention in Kosovo.

Underlining this point in the Commons, the Prime Minister said: "They are being sent so that the UK can be in a position to play our proper role in the international effort to ensure the refugees are able to return to Kosovo in safety."

However, questioned by Paddy Ashdown, the Liberal Democrat leader, Mr Blair promised that Nato would not wait for permission from President Milosevic to enter Kosovo. "It's not a question of Milosevic having a veto," he said. He also insisted that a political settlement would have to be based on the Rambouillet accord, which Belgrade had refused to sign because of Nato insistence on sending an implementation force into Kosovo. "It must be a settlement that brings lasting peace to the entire region," he said, emphasising that the force that would eventually enter Kosovo would have to be Nato-led.



A Kosovo Liberation Army guerrilla astride a donkey near the northern Albanian village of Kamenica yesterday. There were reports that the village had been set on fire by Serb forces who entered Albania and clashed with Albanian Army troops

## Army charges into battle by horse

FROM DAMIAN WHITWORTH IN WASHINGTON

IT is outnumbered, battered and fragmented in the face of Serb onslaughts, but the Kosovo Liberation Army is in no mood to surrender. Hitherto, the KLA has been a group whose international renown has far outstripped its effectiveness — hardly surprising when its fighting men go to war on a donkey. Yesterday they boosted their profile in America where almost 3,000 citizens are leaving to fight in their homeland.

Grey-moustachioed men of 60 stand shoulder to shoulder with blonde women of 16 and 17, displaying a pride in their Albanian roots which has convinced them to forsake their lives in America and fight to the death against the Yugoslav Army and paramilitary troops.

Thousands of Albanian-Americans, most with no military training, are volunteering to join the KLA and wage guerrilla war on the oppressors of a homeland many have never seen. "My sisters are getting raped and my brothers getting killed. My father is already over there fighting and I want to go too," said Linda Murigi, 16, as she signed up with 300 others at a New York rally. They were flying to Tirana where they will be trained for three weeks before trying to join the KLA's struggle. Isa Kodra, a 19-year-old student and a National Guard platoon sergeant, will help. "Maybe I can help save what is left of Kosovo. The reality is Nato will only respond when they see body bags. We will fill those body bags if necessary."

## Ulster prisoner releases may be halted

BY MARTIN FLETCHER, CHIEF IRELAND CORRESPONDENT

THE Government may be forced to consider halting prisoner releases if the Northern Ireland peace process has to be suspended because of the deadlock over IRA arms.

That would not only jeopardise the scheduled releases of such figures as the Brighton bomber Patrick Magee and the Ulster Freedom Fighters commander Johnny Adair, but also increase the likelihood of the Good Friday accord unravelling during a summer of contentious parades and European elections.

Government sources conceded the possibility after another fruitless day of talks at Stormont and Sinn Fein's formal rejection of the Hillsborough declaration yesterday. Conservatives and Unionists have long demanded that the release of IRA disarmament and one source said: "If this doesn't work then the Government will be asked with more and more insistence why these releases are continuing."

To date 257 convicted terrorists have been freed on licence, but almost as many remain inside. Only yesterday, the four-strong Balcombe Street gang that terrorised London in the 1970s were released.

The parties returned from a 12-day Easter break yesterday with no radical new ideas for breaking the impasse caused by Sinn Fein's inability to deliver the IRA disarmament required by David Trimble.

Sinn Fein rejected the compromise proposed by the British and Irish Prime Ministers on April 1 as a "rewriting of the accord" and Gerry Adams said: "None of us should underestimate the crisis which we're now in."

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# No bombshells dropped in sombre Blair war speech

GLUM is the word for MPs yesterday — all of them, supporters and opponents of the Balkan war alike. The Commons had reassembled after Easter to hear a sombre but resolute statement from the Prime Minister.

Tony Blair's short speech was less theatrical than before, more carefully argued and in tone well judged. Flanked by all the senior figures in his Cabinet (always a sensible precaution), with the mysterious exception of the man who must find the money, Gordon Brown (always a worrying absence), Mr Blair rehearsed the familiar wor-

ries, familiar outrage and familiar determination. Beside him, Robin Cook nodded manically, George Robertson maintained a certain reserve, and John Prescott studied his fingernails.

"As I said in my first Statement to the House of Commons," the Prime Minister reminded us, "this action will take time."

Unable quite to recall Mr Blair's saying this, I checked the record. He had said the sufferings of the Kosovans would "not be ended overnight". Some 30 nights later, this seemed to understate. Not that the mood was muti-



MATTHEW PARRIS

POLITICAL SKETCH

nous. "Grim" describes it better but support for the Government, though it has lost its froth, has consolidated — or that was how it felt. Few had much new to say. Sir Peter Tapsell (C, Louth & Horn-castle), whose indignation had been Vesuvial last time, kept silent, perhaps humming "I told you so". Tam Dalyell made the mistake of speaking critically of the Kosovo Liberation Army (the KLA have miraculously ceased to be terror-

ists) and was heckled angrily for suggesting that they might be involved in drug trafficking. Alan Clark (C, Kensington & Chelsea) made the mistake of venturing praise for the Serbian people ("brave Christians") and was howled at for this indiscretion. From now on there are good guys and bad guys and no shades between.

Mr Blair's sobriety impressed by the spectacle of the British Left in bombing mode is scary. There nothing more

belligerent than a reformed pacifist. Clare Short gave the Defence Secretary encouraging pats. Inclining to His Master's Voice, David Winnick (Lab, Walsall N) pleaded the Prime Minister by yapping ferociously at the heels of an imagined Milosevic. Mr Winnick is putting the "creep" into mission-creep.

William Hague sounded sane but his interventions on Kosovo have somehow lacked coherence. One remains unsure what, if anything, he is actually trying to say.

By contrast, Paddy Ashdown was crisp. The Liberal Democrat Leader wanted guid-

ance on the meaning of Mr Blair's new phrase: "permissive environment".

The phrase replaces Blair's former insistence that Nato troops would have to be invited into Kosovo. But what, asked Ashdown, is a permissive environment? We wondered whether it is what a squatter encounters, finding a window open and the householder absent.

But Blair refused to speculate and told Ashdown, in the tone of a pestered parent, that this was "all being considered", adding: "This is a situation in which we have considered all the right options."

"So that's all right then," spluttered some doubting Thomases. Anyway, said Blair, "it's a mistake to say Milosevic isn't hurting". Ashdown had said nothing of the kind. Nobody doubted it was hurting. What some doubted was whether it was working. But only a few had any doubt that Nato should keep trying.

"This is military action for a moral purpose," declared Blair. The fastidious shuddered at this dangerously close brush with a soundbite but a more downcast kind of rectitude soon reassured itself.

Nobody at Westminster is crowing, praise be.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

### Dogs of war to be regulated

Robin Cook is to draw up proposals for regulating the activities of British mercenaries after the arms-to-Africa affair. The Foreign Secretary will suggest legal curbs that would apply to British military firms operating outside the United Kingdom and its dependencies. The decision is the first response from the Foreign Office to the highly critical report from the Foreign Affairs Select Committee into the department's conduct over Sierra Leone and the breaching of a UN arms embargo. Mr Cook accepted many of the committee's recommendations, including the call for a Green Paper on mercenaries to be published within 18 months.

### Chipperfield to give up licence

Mary Chipperfield, the circus trainer fined for beating a young chimpanzee, is giving up the licence held by her company under which she was allowed to keep wild animals at her Hampshire property. A spokeswoman for Test Valley Borough Council said yesterday that an application to transfer the licence for the premises at Over Wallop, to an unnamed third party, had been made in December last year.

### Diagnosis delay linked to deaths

Delays in diagnosis by an NHS breast screening unit could have led to the deaths of up to 11 women, the Royal Devon and Exeter Healthcare NHS Trust said. The women were among 61 found to have cancer out of 2,125 cases reviewed after failings were discovered in 1997 in the unit. The figures were released after the trust board considered the findings of an inquiry into complaints against John Brennan, the consultant radiologist in charge.

### Language gap led to death

A communication breakdown between Japanese and British staff led to an engineer, Clifford Whitehead, 66, being crushed to death when a glass polishing machine was turned on as he worked on it at a television factory. Cardiff Crown Court was told, NEG and Tarmac were each fined £10,000 and the sub-contractors Westside Engineering of Caerphilly were fined £10,000. All three firms admitted breaching health and safety laws.

### Duck patrols

#### on 24-hour alert

A duck called Beatrice was under 24-hour protection last night to stop developers evicting her from her nest and taking away her eggs. The organisers of a £15 million project to modernise Bath's spas have confirmed that they wish to move the duck, which is holding up the development, and send her eggs to a wildlife sanctuary for artificial incubation. She cannot be moved without a licence from the Department of the Environment.

### Advice on safer sex is ignored

Only 25 per cent of adults have changed their lifestyle because of the existence of HIV and Aids, and 56 per cent have not taken the disease into account before having casual sex, according to a MORI poll for the Terrence Higgins Trust. It found that 7 per cent of people had unsafe sex when starting a relationship. The number of newly-diagnosed cases of HIV infection rose to 2,828 in 1998, the highest annual total to be recorded.

## Railways are worse now than under BR

By ARTHUR LEATHLEY, TRANSPORT CORRESPONDENT

THE railways are in a worse condition than they were under British Rail, according to a critical government report on Railtrack's first four years.

Railtrack, Britain's biggest rail company, is blamed for under-spending on replacing worn-out parts of the system and for risking long-term deterioration of the network. The company is also accused of spending heavily on short-term improvements but failing to invest sufficiently in changes that would bring long-term benefits.

Huge variations exist between regions in the quality of the network, the report says, with the Midlands and West Country faring worst, and Scotland and southeast England doing best.

John Prescott, the Transport Secretary, said that the report painted a "sorry picture of Railtrack's performance". He indicated that stricter regulation would be introduced and subsidies to the company would be controlled more tightly.

In addition, Railtrack faces the likely imposition of hefty fines if it fails to meet targets for improving train delays. It barely achieved half of last year's targets.

However, Railtrack defended its record and said that many of the failings had been in its first two years before it was privatised in 1996. The company, which makes a profit of more than £1 million a day, said the report had point-

ed out many improvements. It warned Mr Prescott that tighter regulation could jeopardise its ability to carry out a £27 billion investment programme over the next ten years.

The independent study of Railtrack investment, by the international consultants Booz Allen and Hamilton, is the most comprehensive carried out. It concludes that the company's performance in renewing the network has been "below expectations".

Although the report says that renewal of track has been better than expected, changes to other crucial parts of the network had fallen short of initial targets. Planned major signalling schemes had been replaced by remedial work. It says that, in the first two years, Railtrack made huge improvements in cutting the number of train delays attributable to its own faults and those by contractors, but since then has made little progress.

Cerald Corbett, Railtrack's chief executive, said: "We accept many of the criticisms but the report does say we have improved punctuality. If politicians want a regime in which they have greater control, they will miss the opportunity for investment that we now offer. There are big problems in performance but our investment plans are the solution. There are many good things happening and Mr Prescott must not throw out the baby with the bathwater."



William Hague arrives at Tumbidge Wells Grammar School yesterday for the launch of the Conservatives' local election campaign

## Hague begins low-key poll campaign

WILLIAM HAGUE shunned the national spotlight yesterday to launch his party's local election campaign at a school in true blue Tumbidge Wells in Kent.

The move sparked confusion at Westminster over the Tories' declared aim of using the campaign to boost the party leader's public profile. Mr Hague deliberately ignored the main press launch in London in favour of the low-profile visit to a grammar school with media access limited to the BBC and a news agency. Tory officials said this was simply to avoid a press scrum disrupting the school.

Michael Ancram, the party chairman, insisted that Mr Hague was "leading from the front" by taking the campaign straight to local people. His visit, officials said, was part of

### Parties underplay their chances in town hall elections, reports James Landale

the Tory election strategy of portraying the party as the "champion" of local issues and local people against the heavy hand of government.

But the confusion prompted Labour to brand Mr Hague as a "defector" of the low-profile visit to a grammar school with media access limited to the BBC and a news agency.

The Tory launch came as all parties began fighting to establish benchmarks for what would and would not be successful election results. The Tories insist that a net gain of some 400 council seats on May 6 would reflect their current 29 per cent poll rating and anything above would be a bo-

mus. But the Liberal Democrats, whose campaign was launched by Paddy Ashdown yesterday, claim anything less than a gain of 2,000 would be a disaster for Mr Hague. This would bring the Tories back to their town hall strength in 1995 just before these seats were last contested.

At the same time, Labour claims that they are set for a gloomy result, potentially losing up to 2,000 seats. In practice, all parties are underplaying their own chances and overemphasising their opponents' prospects.

Mr Ancram was particularly downbeat: "We are being very realistic. We are starting off on an opinion poll rat-

ing below what we got at the general election. We have a very hard campaign in front of us."

He dismissed Labour claims that the Tories have to gain at least 1,400 seats as "hype" and he suggested that Labour might benefit from Tony Blair's current role as a war leader. The Tories also published a dossier of what they said were examples of Labour and Liberal Democrat "sleaze and incompetence" in local government.

Mr Ashdown refused to comment on Mr Hague's apparent relaunch and new strategy. "I never intrude on other people's grief," he said.

He said the Tories' claim to be champions of local democracy was "rank hypocrisy" and his attacked Labour for "promising much but delivering little" in local government.

## Chris and Debbie are Tory kitchen cabinet

By TIM HAMES AND ADAM SHERWIN

AFTER the Gold Blend couple, meet Chris and Debbie, the Tory Blend pair. The Conservative Party will unveil a married couple as the stars of its new election broadcasts, but at least this domestic drama can claim brevity as its saving grace.

In a concession to viewers, the party has produced the shortest broadcast legally permissible, a mere two minutes and forty seconds.

When the "blipert" broadcast is aired in Wales tonight, viewers will be introduced to Chris and Debbie, representatives of Middle Britain, who will articulate what the Tories see as the nation's concerns around their kitchen table.

The pair, played by actors, are a typical young married couple without children. Chris is a sales manager for a computer company, Scottish, in his mid 30s, who supported the Conservatives under Margaret Thatcher but who bolted to Tony Blair in 1997. Debbie is a part-time fit-



John Macneill and Jonell Elliott as the "typical" Tories Chris and Debbie

ness instructor. English, in her late 20s, who, after some agonising, stuck with the Tories last time.

Chris moans about his hangover, Debbie is concerned about hospital waiting lists. In future broadcasts, they will chew over the alleged inevitability of the euro before deciding that something "unattractive, unknown and unpopular" cannot be inevitable. The Shadow Cabinet will have no role in the broadcasts.

The couple will appear in Conservative broadcasts un-



til the European elections in June — and possibly beyond, if they succeed in improving the Tories' electoral performance.

The man who created Chris and Debbie hopes the couple will prove as popular as the last pairing he helped to engineer: the *Big Breakfast* team of Johnny Vaughan and Denise Van Outen. Ceri Evans, director of presentation at Conservative Central Office, launched Johnny and Denise during his time as creative director of Channel 4. The principle

ings. He wanted to hear the language people had used to talk about their lives. I developed the characterisation and the setting."

Special attention has been paid to getting the right kitchen table. "It isn't an Ikea table, it is made in Britain. We want a kitchen that looks like everywhere, anywhere," Mr Evans said.

Chris is played by John Macneill, 34, a Scot, and Debbie by Jonell Elliott, 29, from London. The pair have a history that might not make them obvious role models: Elliott, a former Grange Hill tomboy, starred in Anthony Shaffer's graphic play *Murderer*, which opens with a 20-minute depiction of a woman being disembowelled. Macneill played the lead in a theatrical production entitled *Gratuitous Sex and Violence*.

Central Office has told them not to talk about their roles, lest their political views contradict their portrayals. "We picked the best actors for the roles. We did not pick them for their politics," Mr Evans said.

## Jail officers 'should be more like nurses'

By RICHARD FORD HOME CORRESPONDENT

PRISON officers should deal with offenders with the same caring attitude as nurses have for hospital patients, the Chief Inspector of Prisons says today. Sir David Ramsbotham calls for ruthless action by Prison Service managers to rid jails of a culture in which prisoners are treated as subordinates and staff resist change and improvements in conditions.

Sir David's annual report makes a strong attack on old-style practices and attitudes, including the "dodging" of responsibility by management. The Chief Inspector says: "There are masses of people who are motivated by wanting to work with prisoners. They

feel there is something wrong with some of the old-style culture that treats a prisoner as somebody who is a subordinate."

"You need the same responsibility of care for a prisoner as a nurse has over a patient in hospital."

He calls on older staff in many of the 135 jails in England and Wales to change their approach towards prisoners to one of "human engagement", and urges Martin Naray, the new Director-General of the service, to mount a determined offensive against the old culture.

"It is inward-looking, it is a blame culture and it does the name of the Prison Service no good," Sir David says. He accuses some older officers in jails of maintaining the histor-

### STRAW TACKLES PROBATION SERVICE

Jack Straw has criticised the Probation Service for failing to take tough action on offenders who miss interviews. The Home Secretary said it was difficult to understand why offenders were able to miss three interviews before breach action was triggered. In an effort to get rid of the public impression that community sentences are soft, the community service order is to be renamed the criminal work order and a probation order is expected to become the community supervision order. Mr Straw unveiled plans to cut the number of local probation services from 55 to 42. The service will be headed by a National Director with chief probation officers, who will be paid by and appointed by the Home Office. Leading article, page 19

mate authority of the prison service.

He says that too often existing industrial relations arrangements result in procedures being used that drag on for months, delaying and disrupting the implementation of improvements in the treatment of prisoners.

Sir David blames the management of the service and the Prison Officers' Association for the existing state of industrial relations.

He hopes that the changes can be implemented throughout the service without a battle in which a lot of people are wounded, although most senior prison governors would disagree because of the power of the Prison Officers' Association and its capacity to cause disruption. The annual report

calls on senior management in the Prison Service to be much tougher in insisting on maintaining standards in jails. Sir David is understood to be furious at the failure of governors and area managers in some parts of the country to act on appalling conditions found in some jails and young offender institutions.

The Chief Inspector also highlights the growing number of prisoners over 60, including one 87-year-old in Wymott prison who moves around with the aid of a Zimmer frame. In 1997, there were 837 prisoners over the age of 60 including 226 men serving sentences for sexual and violent offences. One 76-year-old man recently detained in Norwich prison had been arrested on his 52nd wedding anniversary.

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Barclays

SAFETY AIRBAGS HAVE CAUSED

HOW AIRBAGS HAVE CAUSED



# Barclays banked on US saviour

The ideal man to revive an ailing bank... Caroline Merrell on a bleak outcome

THE appointment two months ago of Mike O'Neill, a 52-year-old American banker and former US Marine, as chief executive of a major British bank was accompanied by a blaze of publicity.

Mr O'Neill, recruited from the Bank of America, was to unite the Barclays board in the wake of the sudden departure of Martin Taylor at the end of last year. In the event, the exit of Mr O'Neill was even more sudden: the man taken on to revive the bank's ailing fortunes lasted just one day because of ill health.

Mr Taylor had left Barclays abruptly after falling out with other executives about the future direction of the bank. He received a £15 million payoff. The bank trailed Europe and America to find a replacement, and all the bank's top executives were considered.

Mr O'Neill appeared to be the perfect candidate, and the bank was prepared to pay him £7 million. He had spent 23 years in banking and had overseen the merger of two of America's biggest banks. He



Mike O'Neill looked fit and tanned when photographed on his appointment, but colleagues said he looked tired on his brief return to the City

was also, he claimed, a confirmed Anglophile, having spent seven years here as a banking consultant. At only 32, Mr O'Neill saw the job as the pinnacle of his career, and Barclays saw him as its saviour.

Unfortunately, those twin ambitions suffered a sudden reversal when Mr O'Neill had a severe bout of flu. He delayed his arrival in London, originally scheduled for March 26, and then, last Wednesday, he collapsed in California. After extensive tests in America, he was found to have an arrhythmic (irregular) heart-beat. According to the US doctors, the condition could worsen under stressful conditions. They advised him against continuing with the Barclays job.

He immediately contacted Sir Peter Middleton, the group chief executive, who has been standing in since the departure of Mr Taylor. Sir Peter was understandably alarmed and advised Mr O'Neill to fly to London to discuss the matter.

He arrived in Britain last Sunday and the next day went to see the doctors, hired by Barclays, who had passed him fit originally. Their medical report backed the findings of the American doctors. The British

doctors — Harley Street specialists — said that it would not be in the bank's interests for the American to take up the position. After a brief discussion between Sir Peter and Mr O'Neill, it was decided that he would leave. He was offered no compensation and he did not ask for any. As Sir Peter said: "All he has cost us was the price of a few plane tickets between here and America."

Those who saw Mr O'Neill on Monday were shocked by his appearance. When he was appointed, he appeared to be the vision of Californian fitness, slim and tanned. On Monday, he looked extremely tired and was disappointed about the outcome of events.

Barclays convened an emergency board meeting at 7pm on Monday and yesterday issued a terse statement. At first the share price plummeted on the news but it then made a sharp recovery.

Barclays Bank without Mr O'Neill at its helm becomes much more of a takeover target. Sir Peter must now go through the whole recruitment process again.

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Comment, page 25

## Why stress puts strain on heart

EXPECTING a chief executive to lead an international company when he is suffering from uncontrolled atrial fibrillation, an irregularly beating heart, is like expecting Damon Hill to win a grand prix with a car in which the timing has slipped and is backfiring. Barclays Bank must have hoped that after his pre-employment medicals, Mike O'Neill would find on all cylinders.

A pre-employment medical examination is a skilled task, requiring much experience and a wide-ranging knowledge of medicine. In many countries, such examinations include invasive investigations ranging from the heart to colonoscopies for the bowels.

In atrial fibrillation, the heart rhythm is irregularly irregular. This favours the production of small clots, which can cause a stroke. The tasks that one can undertake after developing atrial fibrillation depend on the underlying cause, and the degree of control that a doctor is able to achieve. A heart can be irretrievably damaged by an infection or other cause, in which case it would be unwise to continue with a stressful job.

There are four chambers of the heart, which need to beat in the correct order. The two atria fill with blood, which periodically flows into the two ventricles. These pump the

### MEDICAL BRIEFING

blood either into the lungs or around the body. An irregular action makes itself felt as palpitations, and the inefficiency brought on by the arrhythmia may make the patient breathless, faint and, if it is persistent, abnormally tired.

With atrial fibrillation, the atria may beat up to 600 times per minute, and the ventricles will respond with up to 180 beats. Medication can slow the ventricular rhythm to 70 beats, making the palpitations no longer obvious.

Atrial fibrillation may be part of the ageing process or the result of underlying disease. If the cause is an over-active thyroid gland, it is easily corrected. If it is coronary heart disease or high blood pressure, a defibrillator is used to restore the rhythm.

The fibrillation may be symptomatic of heart failure from other causes, which may be treated with beta-blockers, ACE inhibitors and diuretics. Rheumatic heart disease, damage to the heart valves or excessive intake of alcohol can also cause the condition.

Dr Thomas Stuttford is a medical adviser to Barclays, but has never been involved in the case of Mike O'Neill.

DR THOMAS STUTTFORD

### BANKER'S HEART BELONGS TO SAN FRANCISCO

FROM GILES WHITTELL IN LOS ANGELES

THE Californian banker whose heart trouble forced him out of his job at Barclays may also have been suffering from a troubled soul — caused by a yearning to return to a city with blisful climate, high-tech health clubs and world-class private healthcare.

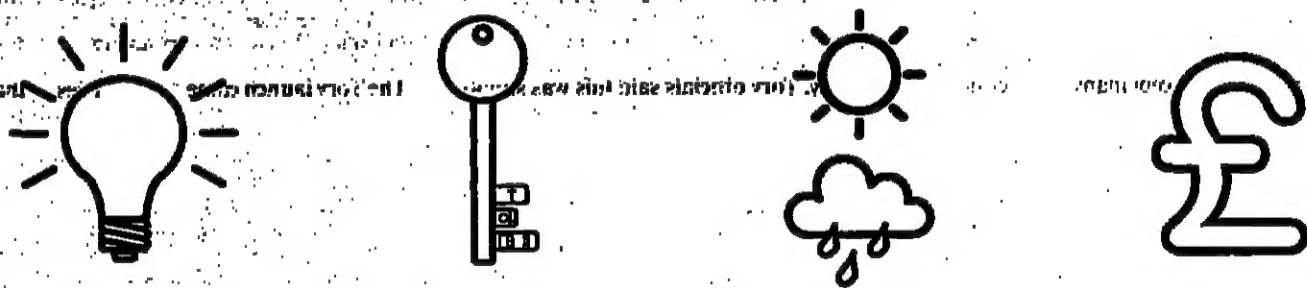
Michael O'Neill had reason to be homesick, not least because as chief financial officer of Bank of America he earned \$9.5 million (£5.6 million) in 1997 alone — more than enough for a San

Francisco lifestyle that takes a steady stream of top business figures.

The Bay Club, downtown San Francisco's most exclusive gym, occupies the basement of the Bank of America headquarters (members can surf the Internet and return e-mails while exercising). Two blocks away is a waterfront jogging path heavily used by health-conscious bankers.

The heart condition might have been spotted earlier in San Francisco, thanks to the personal trainers and physicians assigned to senior American executives by health clubs and medical insurers.

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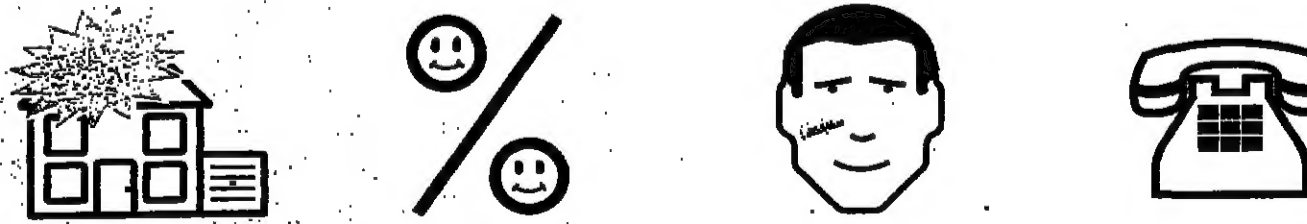


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## 'Safety' airbag may have killed woman in head-on crash

BY RUSSELL JENKINS  
NORTH WEST CORRESPONDENT

AN AIRBAG may have caused a woman's death in a head-on crash, an inquest was told yesterday. Jennifer Reichardt was said to have suffered a rare skull fracture when the inflating bag knocked her backwards into her seat's headrest with the force of falling off a building.

Her family is now calling for car manufacturers to place warnings on the steering wheels of cars with airbags, advising a minimum distance to sit from the wheel. The other car in the collision had no airbag, and the driver walked away with a cut lip.

The inquest at St Helens, Merseyside, is the first in Britain to consider whether the force of an airbag inflating contributed to a death during an accident. The case is being followed closely by manufacturers after concern abroad, especially in America where airbags have been blamed for a number of deaths, mostly of children.

Ms Reichardt, 47, a legal secretary, from Rainhill, St Helens, was driving her Rover 400 at an estimated 19mph in January last year when she was in collision with a 13-year-old Opel driven at approximately 27 mph. Dr Kenneth Mason, who treated her at Whiston Hospital, said her head injuries were unlike any



Jennifer Reichardt: family wants warnings in cars

anything he had seen in 17 years of emergency medicine. "This is the first case I have seen where I suspected it might be an airbag. I considered the possibility that the injury was caused by being thrown back by an airbag against the head restraint."

Ernest Gradwell, a pathologist, said that Ms Reichardt had died from head injuries of a kind he had never seen before from a traffic accident. She suffered a "very uncommon" fracture which formed a ring at the base of the skull. There appeared to be no contact with the windscreen or steering wheel.

Dr Gradwell said: "Miss Reichardt received a force to the front of her skull from

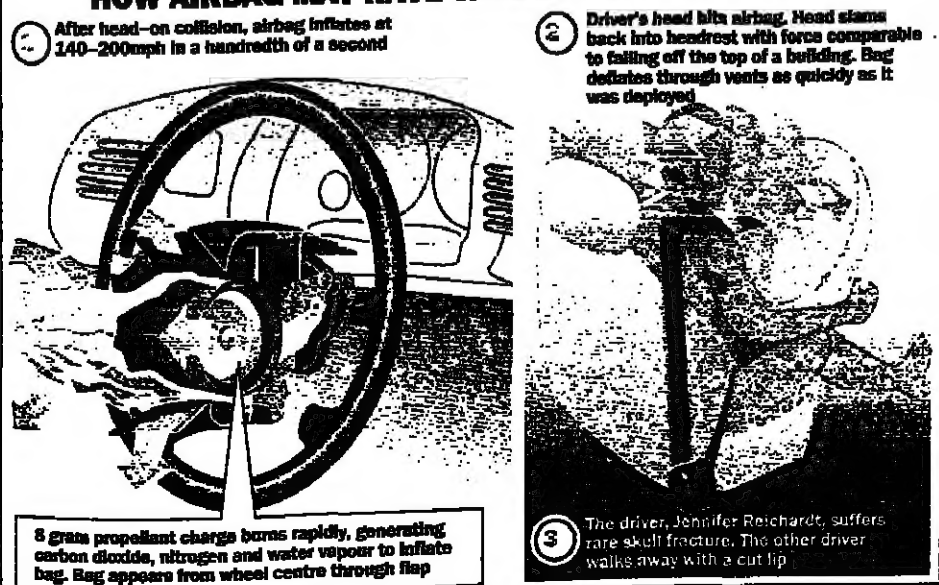
which she could not have survived. It would be a similar force to someone jumping from the top of a building."

PC Harry Walsh, senior vehicle examiner with Merseyside Police, thought that the injuries were caused by the airbag rather than the car's bulkhead. He agreed with counsel that manufacturers should do more to warn motorists of potential dangers. James Byrne, counsel for the family, had suggested a simple warning on steering wheels, advising a minimum distance to sit from the wheel.

Mr Byrne said: "The evidence is that an airbag which is supposed to be a safety feature has essentially shattered the skull of the driver. If it is possible for a man driving a 13-year-old car to walk away from a head-on collision without an airbag in his car, it looks like Jennifer Reichardt could have hobbled away in a plaster had she not had an airbag in her car." Airbags inflate at 140 to 200mph in one hundredth of a second. Mr Byrne said, and in the motor industry their inflators are treated as explosive devices.

Paul Leyland, 22, the other driver involved in the collision, said that his car had failed to negotiate a bend. His only injury was a cut lip. Mr Leyland was fined £250 for driving without due care and attention. The inquest, with a jury, is expected to end today.

### HOW AIRBAG MAY HAVE CAUSED DRIVER'S DEATH



8 gram propellant charge burns rapidly, generating carbon dioxide, nitrogen and water vapour to inflate bag. Bag appears from wheel centre through flap

The driver, Jennifer Reichardt, suffers rare skull fracture. The other driver walks away with a cut lip



BALKANS WAR: VICTIMS OF CONFLICT

# No relief for the dying in Belgrade hospital



Bombing by Nato jets is inflicting more suffering on injured civilians, writes Tom Walker in Belgrade



A nurse collects medicine bottles damaged in a raid

THE doctor turned away from the row of beds and looked at us with a physician's knowing eyes. Ivan, 14, said Dr Nenad Markovic, would probably die. In the background, heart monitors intermittently beeped and ventilators and respirators helping to keep the seriously injured alive hummed.

It was probably best that we did not meet Ivan's parents. Half of us were from Nato countries whose jets had that morning bombed the hospital where their only son is fighting for his life. A week ago the

same harbingers of Western justice had bombed Ivan's hometown, Pristina, inflicting that began this cruel chapter in a young life.

One of Dr Markovic's fellow consultants, Dr Radoslav Svecic, stood at the foot of the bed and tried to reassure us that there was still hope. "Ivan, do you like Partisan?" he asked. Ivan shook his head. "What about Red Star?" Despite the tubes and drips, a smile creased his face at the mention of the football team

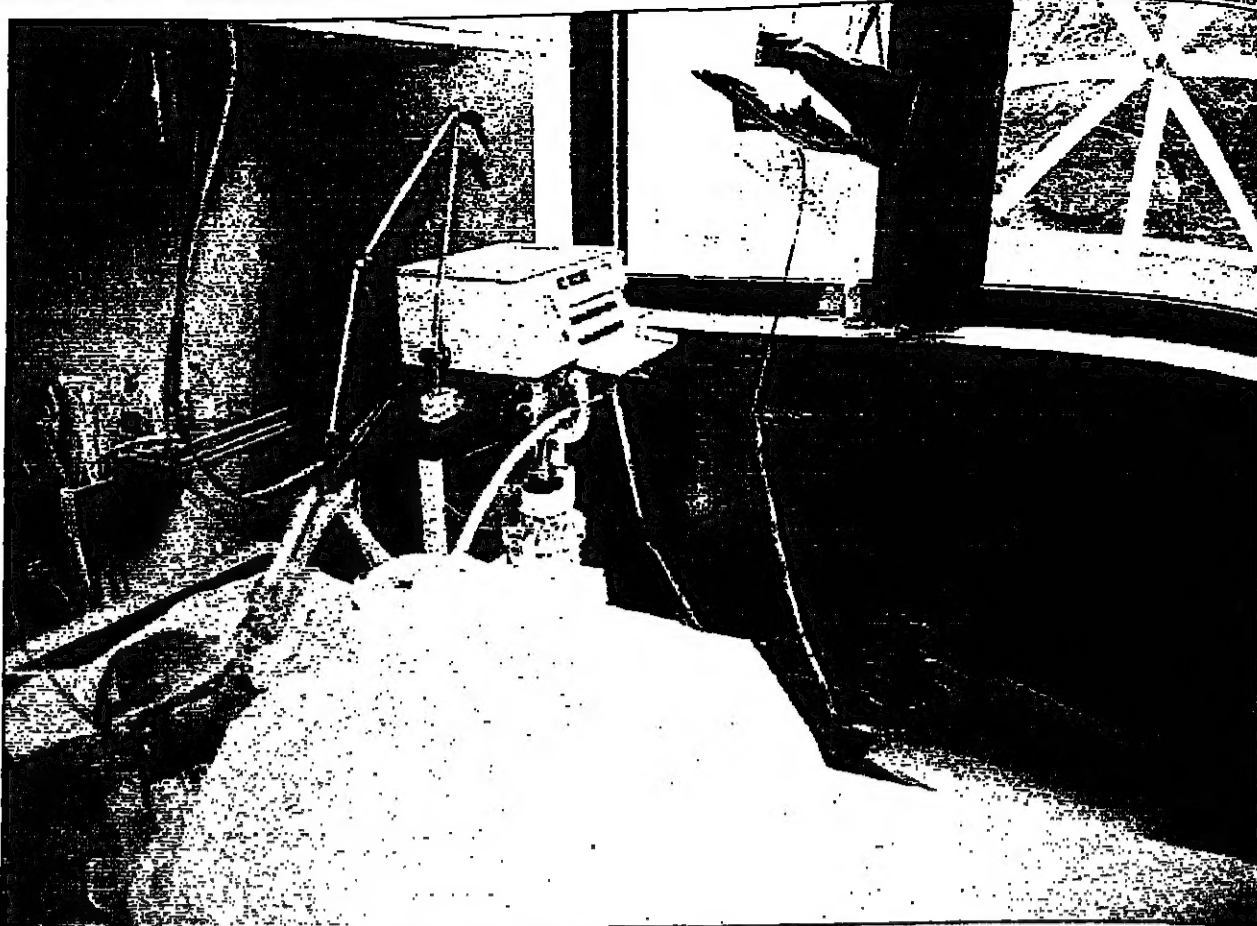
and there was a sparkle in his blue eyes. To Ivan's right were five beds all of whose occupants were in comas, all victims of Nato bombs. A small team of doctors and nurses struggled to save a patient in another room.

No one paid much attention to us, an inconspicuous group of journalists dressed in green theatre gowns and slippers, as we left the intensive care unit. Dr Markovic said he feared all six patients in Ivan's row would die; certainly, the teenager opposite, Zeljko Mitic

from Aleksinac, and the young soldier.

Ivan, he said, had suffered severe injuries to his stomach, spleen, liver and pancreas, and was also suffering from peritonitis. "He is in a very poor state," said Dr Markovic. "The wall of his abdomen is destroyed, and he will need many more operations if he is to make it." As we turned around for a final look, Ivan managed a feeble wave.

Given Nato's track record of blurring the distinction between military and civilian targets, the country's main hospital — Belgrade's military medical academy — was probably living on borrowed time. At 4am yesterday missiles rained down on an adjacent hangar that had once housed army lorries. At least two projectiles grazed the 14-storey hospital, blowing a hole in the entrance and smashing windows on several floors. Patients were hit by glass and debris, and staff contemplated evacuating the building.



A patient in the intensive care unit damaged by a Nato attack. Others received cuts from flying glass and debris

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In the lecture theatre, Dr Aca Jovicic, the director of the hospital and a neuropsychiatrist, made a few observations about behavioural patterns of Western leaders. "Those who did this knew there were sick people from all over the country here," he said, beneath a military shield dating army medicine in Serbia to 1844.

"Everybody knows the hypocrisy of America," he said. "What they have done is the dance of Satan, and the human world must stop this action. These rich countries have no culture but are ruled by psychopaths who are releasing their frustrations."

Some of the worst damage was in the cardiology unit, where Miroslav Jovic, 74, suf-

fered head wounds from the debris. There would have been many more injuries had the staff not taped up the windows a night earlier.

"He has an acute myocardial infection and he now has bad head lacerations. It's a complex situation and he's drifting in and out of consciousness," said Dr Jovic. He added: "We have many questions, but the only one we care about now is whether he will live or not."

On the 13th floor, one of the patients who was awakened by her bedside window imploding was Dragana Krstic, 23. A few hours earlier surgeons had removed a tumour from her stomach. Wheeled into a corridor, she faced the press jostling for space around her array of drips.

What would she say to the pilot of the jet, someone asked. "I could only wish for his child to have a day like I did," she said. "What did she think about Kosovo?" Her response was firm. "Kosovo is part of Serbia."

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## Alliance fears a spy in its ranks

FROM BEN MACINTYRE IN WASHINGTON

AMERICAN and Nato officials fear that a spy within the alliance may be tipping off Belgrade about when and where to expect airstrikes.

On at least three occasions Serb authorities have cleared people from target sites shortly before they were struck, raising suspicions that President Milosevic is receiving advance warning of some Nato attack plans, according to US news reports citing officials in Washington and Brussels.

General Wesley Clark, the Nato Supreme Allied Commander, did not rule out the possibility of espionage at a news briefing yesterday but he said that steps were being taken to stop secret military plans falling into Serb hands. "Nato remains very vigilant in terms of protecting the security of its operations, and we are taking all appropriate measures in that regard," he said.

Last week a Serb military barracks was evacuated when an urgent radio message was received ordering everyone out of the building "minutes" before the target was hit by Nato bombs, the officials told ABC television news.

Similarly, although Nato had given a warning that it might strike official buildings in the centre of Belgrade, the Serbian Interior Ministry was reportedly "buzzing with activity" on the night of April 1. The following night it was completely deserted when it was struck. While the building was still burning Serb police at the scene told local reporters the ministry had been "evacuated on time".

US officials are also said to be concerned that Serb police "suddenly" sealed off a bridge to traffic immediately before a Nato airstrike.

Any leakage of bombing plans would leave Nato planes vulnerable to the Serbian air defence system since an "ambush" could be laid for the attacking planes. Nato officials are said to have tightened security surrounding operational plans while a hunt begins for the nameless suspected spy, whose nationality is also unknown.

Only the most senior military planners in Nato would have access to the top secret bombing plans. "If there is such a spy, we are talking about a top-level individual," an official in Washington said.

## BALKANS SUMMARY

### Italian MPs vote to send troops

Rome: The shaky centre-left coalition led by Massimo D'Alema, the Italian Prime Minister, passed the first hurdle in a critical debate on Kosovo yesterday when the Senate voted to approve the sending of 2,000 Italian troops to take part in "Allied Harbour", the Nato humanitarian mission in Albania (Richard Owen writes).

But the resolution emphasised that the troops be used only in "logistical, humanitarian and health support roles" and ruled out "any military ground intervention" in Yugoslavia. The resolution faced a stormier passage in the Lower House, where Signor D'Alema's majority largely depends on Communist MPs vehemently opposed to the Nato air raids.

### Russian convoy row

Belgrade: A Russian aid convoy arrived in the Yugoslav capital after a two-day diplomatic row with Hungary over its contents. The 68 lorries were blocked because they included eight fuel tankers which Hungary feared could be used for military purposes, so violating the United Nations Security Council arms embargo on Yugoslavia. Only four tankers were allowed into the country and Russia agreed to remove five armoured vehicles. (AFP)

### War criminal jailed

Sarajevo: This city's cantonal court jailed Goran Vasic, a Bosnian Serb arrested in a February 1998 "sting", for ten years for war crimes against civilians and prisoners of war during the Bosnia War. But lack of evidence meant Vasic was acquitted of the 1993 killing of the then Deputy Prime Minister, Hakija Turajlic, who was shot at a Serb checkpoint through the open door of a United Nations armoured vehicle. The prosecutor will appeal, seeking a harsher sentence. (Reuters)

### Australian protest

Melbourne: Australia said it was seeking a visa for Malcolm Fraser, the former Prime Minister, to go to Yugoslavia and seek the release of two captured aid workers accused of spying. Alexander Downer, the Foreign Minister, said he was also summoning the Yugoslav Ambassador to deny allegations that Steve Pratt and Peter Wallace had been spying for Australia and to express deep concern about a trial they would face. (Reuters)

### 'King' backs bayonets

Johannesburg: King Leka, right, the exiled pretender to Albania's throne, said that Nato needed to send ground troops to Kosovo and that only self-determination for ethnic Albanians there would bring peace to the region. "You cannot hold ground by air power. The only way to hold ground is by a young 17-year-old with a bayonet," he said at his heavily guarded South African home here. (Reuters)

### Vatican in pill protest

Rome: The Vatican criticised the distribution by United Nations agencies of the "morning-after" pill to raped Kosovo refugees. Archbishop Elio Sgreccia told *Avenire*, an Italian religious journal, that the pill acted to abort any foetus. Ethnic Albanian refugees have told of atrocities by Serb forces, including mass rape. The Vatican withdrew its contribution to Unicef after the pill's use during the 1992-95 Bosnia war when raped girls as young as ten risked pregnancy. (AFP)

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# Strikes on bridges strangle supplies to Kosovo

By MICHAEL EVANS, DEFENCE EDITOR

THREE weeks ago General Wesley Clark, Nato's Supreme Allied Commander, memorably warned Belgrade that the aim of Operation Allied Force was to "systematically and progressively attack, disrupt, degrade, devastate and ultimately destroy those [Yugoslav] forces and their facilities and support".

Nearly 6,000 sorties and 1,700 bombing raids later, the Nato air campaign has succeeded, despite the poor weather, in inflicting a huge amount of damage to about 200 fixed sites, but the minimum of damage to mobile targets — Yugoslav Army, police and paramilitary units in Kosovo.

The attacks on Yugoslav troops in Kosovo began in the first week of Operation Allied Force at a time when the main focus was on destroying or disrupting the integrated air defence system. But each day, as the air campaign progressed at a steady rate, Nato officials had to admit that elements of the Yugoslav Army and Ministry of Interior police were still operating effectively against the Kosovo Liberation Army.

While this was unfortunate for General Clark whose statement of intent on March 25 may have given the impression that the Kosovo troops' days were numbered, the American commander knew that the only realistic way to affect the operations of the forces inside the province — at

least during the initial stages of the campaign — was to attack other targets, many of them hundreds of miles away.

The town of Novi Sad, well to the north of Belgrade, has been hit almost as many times as Pristina, the capital of Kosovo. This is because it is the location of Yugoslav Army barracks, an oil refinery, strategic roads and bridges, all of which have a direct link to the operations in Kosovo.

The oil refinery has been hit several times, reducing, if not eliminating, its capability to turn crude oil into fuel for the tanks and armoured vehicles in Kosovo.

Similarly, the oil refinery at Pancevo near Belgrade has also taken many direct hits. The military would argue that the refineries' value for President Milosevic lay in their ability to support his war machine. Roads and bridges are, in military parlance, "lines of communication", and oil refineries are the lifeblood of an army in action.

General Clark's strategy, following well-practised rules, has been to try to strangle the arteries leading to Kosovo, cutting off supplies and supply routes to isolate the 40,000 Yugoslav Army and paramilitary troops.

In three weeks, according to General Clark's damage assessment yesterday, Nato bombers and Tomahawk cruise missiles have managed



to destroy 70 per cent of Yugoslavia's oil, petrol and lubricant stocks. The oil refineries at Novi Sad and Pancevo are probably beyond repair.

In other moves to create a sense of isolation for the Yugoslav forces in Kosovo, Nato has succeeded in doing sufficient damage to the country's air defence system to force the troops to take cover because they know they can no longer rely on the Yugoslav Air Force or surface-to-air missile batteries to protect them.

General Sir Charles

Guthrie, the Chief of the Defence Staff, said yesterday that more than 50 surface-to-air missile sites had been attacked, the majority of them destroyed. More than half of the Yugoslav Air Force's 16 MiG29s have also been destroyed, either in the air or on the ground.

Although General Guthrie and other commanders have been reporting each day that they have intelligence of rapidly deteriorating morale among the forces in Kosovo, the physical evidence is less reassuring.

Only occasionally has Nato been able to present evidence that the stranglehold strategy has produced results on the ground.

For example, it was claimed that, at one stage, fuel shortages had immobilised the 549th Motorised Brigade, a Kosovo battle group, and that it had had to wait for fuel to arrive before it could move out of harm's way.

Although one of the reasons for the Yugoslav Army's present strategy of hiding from Nato bombers may be to

preserve its dwindling fuel stocks, the unexpected incursion over the Kosovo border into Albania yesterday indicated that Mr Milosevic's forces are not yet so weakened that they are ready to give up military operations.

Strangling the forces in Kosovo is not General Clark's only strategy, although it is the one which ultimately will decide whether Nato's air campaign has been a success or failure. The wider strategy is to cause long-term damage to Mr Milosevic's military infrastructure.

The choice of targets bears this out.

Although Nato is not providing a running total of every category of target hit, it can be estimated that more than 10 airfields, at least 20 army headquarters and facilities, 15 or so Ministry of Interior Police and security sites, and about a half a dozen factories which Nato insists had a military function, have been attacked.

Bridges will remain among the most sensitive of targets, particularly after the missile attack on the railway bridge

near Leskovac on Monday which hit a passenger train, killing ten people.

Assuming that General Clark has many other bridges on his list of targets, the risk of civilian casualties will rise. Already up to 20 bridges have been hit. They include four in or near Novi Sad, a road and rail bridge at Kusiulija, and two others at Leskovac. Some of these were hit because they contained vital fibre optic cables, others because they were key routes for fuel lorries bound for Kosovo.

## Relics of Second World War hinder RAF's effectiveness

Outdated bombs frustrate Harrier pilots, writes John Phillips in Gioia del Colle

AN ANTIQUATED range of weaponry, including some equipment dating from the Second World War, has handicapped the fighting capacity of RAF Harrier GR7 ground attack jets during the three-week-old air conflict, military experts say.

The pilots of No.1 Fighter Squadron based at Gioia del Colle in southern Italy this week adopted new "cloud-busting" techniques, for the first time dropping free-fall 1,000lb bombs through bad weather that previously prevented them from hitting Serb targets without an unacceptable risk of inflicting civilian casualties.

But the latest attacks, deemed to have been successful, are believed to have been heavily dependent on guidance from SAS units on the ground who are identifying targets for the E20 million jump jets. Such support may not be available later in the conflict and new weapons commissioned during the Gulf War to match the American air-fired cruise missiles are not expected to go into service for another two years.

The RAF has not disclosed how many bombs it has dropped suc-

cessfully, but it has acknowledged that as many as 11 missions had to turn back because of cloud preventing them dropping laser-guided Paveway II bombs.

The weather cleared last week to allow them to drop cluster bombs for the first time. But the pilots' frustration is clear from the atmosphere in the Apulian bar where British pilots while away their time discussing tactics and drinking cocktails. Harrier pilots insist that their efforts are having an impact on the Serb military machine, inviting sceptics to consider how people at home would feel if similar raids were made on Britain.

The threat to their lives from Serbian anti-aircraft gunners when they are in the air means they have no time to be bored. "When you are operating in a live theatre you never have to motivate yourself," one Harrier pilot said. "We know that the Serbs are a very capable outfit. When you see Sam missile activity, it tends to keep you on your toes."

But it is clear that the pilots would welcome the new weapons: the Storm Shadow and Brimstone missiles would match the Ameri-



A Harrier at Gioia del Colle

can air-fired cruise missiles, which can be aimed in thick cloud.

Storm Shadow, which is being built by British Aerospace, is a long range stand-off attack missile that will combine pinpoint accuracy with effectiveness.

Also expected to be available for Harriers within two to four years is GEC Marconi's Brimstone missile, which will replace the BL755 cluster bomb to provide a lethal anti-armour capability while minimising the risk to attacking aircraft.

The cluster bomb entered RAF service in 1972. The standard 1,000lb Paveway II general purpose bomb has been in service since 1979. Some of these bombs have Second World War castings that have been repacked and are still in service, an RAF source said. The newer 2,000lb Paveway III is also available to the Harriers and

has been loaded on them but has not been dropped by them yet.

The prototypes of Storm Shadow and Brimstone are being tested and developed at RAF Boscombe Down near Bournemouth. RAF officers say that the test programme could not be speeded up even if more money was made available by the Government. But some analysts believe extra funding could help to widen the range of the Harriers more rapidly.

The RAF argues that it would be blinkered to judge the success or otherwise of its efforts by statistics alone. As one RAF source put it: "The idea is not to make Serbia cease to exist. The idea is simply to stop the humanitarian atrocities."

RAF sources say that a mistaken public perception of warfare has been created by films such as *Star Wars* in which the enemy is vaporised. In real combat where civilian casualties are unacceptable, there are different kinds of strike. "If you want to take out a tank, for example, you can take out its barrel so it can't shoot, take out its optics so it can't aim or take out its crew. You can take out its tracks or its engine to prevent it being used. You don't have to vaporise it."

However, if the introduction of new weapons is not accelerated, the RAF may see itself sidelined by the US Air Force.



The bridge and train at Leskovac, hit by "uncanny" accident

## 'Error' led to train bombing

FROM CHARLES BREMNER IN BRUSSELS

NATO yesterday gave a detailed account of what it called the "uncanny accident" that led one of its pilots to hit a passenger train in Serbia with two guided bombs, killing ten passengers.

General Wesley Clark, the Supreme Allied Commander in Europe, said the pilot had launched his first laser-guided bomb several miles from the railway bridge over the river Morava at Leskovac on Monday. He steered it towards its target visually by remote control.

"As he stared intently at the desired aim-point on the bridge, at the very last instant he caught a flash of movement that was the train coming in. It was the last second. Unfortunately he couldn't dump the bomb at this time. He realised what had happened was that he had not hit the bridge, he had hit the train."

The pilot compounded the disaster by making a second approach to the bridge. "He aimed at the other end of the bridge... unfortunately at the last minute he realised the train had slid forward... by striking the other end of the bridge he actually caught the train."

The pilot and Nato regretted the loss of life, said General Clark. Belgrade has accused the allies of deliberately targeting the train.

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## BALKANS WAR: THE REFUGEES

# Serb soldiers using rape as tactic of war

BRITAIN yesterday accused Serb forces of systematically raping ethnic Albanian women as the first victims recounted horrific ordeals.

Robin Cook, the Foreign Secretary, said that Serb security forces were using a barracks near the Albanian border for the repeated abduction and rape of Kosovan Albanian women and girls. Human rights officials said that the practice — a war crime — was being used to terrorise and destroy the community.

"We are now getting a pattern of repeated reports that young women were separated from the refugee columns and forced to endure systematic rape in an army camp at Djakovica, near the Albanian border," Mr Cook said.

The reports, from refugees fleeing into Albania, have taken time to emerge because of the women's reluctance to tell of their experiences. "It is a source of shame in their society as well as great shame on those who carry out such appalling crimes," he said, adding that the number of inde-

**Elizabeth Judge reports on the desperate shame felt by Muslim women**

pendent accounts gave the tales "a ring of corroboration". Several victims gave harrowing accounts of their ordeals yesterday. Many remained nameless, fearful of the stigma attached to rape in a mainly Muslim society.

One victim, "Drita", described how she and seven other women were separated from their families. Wringing her hands and speaking in faltering tones, she told a BBC reporter that they were gang-raped by Serbian soldiers and that four of the women were later killed. One was seven months pregnant.

She said: "They started to shoot everywhere and then they told us to leave the house.

Four of them were with masks. One was from my village, he started to hit me and the others. The captain told my father, your daughter is good for wife, for Serbian wife. One of them had sex with me, the other hit me, the others kissed me."

In a voice racked with disbelief, she continued: "At that moment I thought God doesn't exist. I thought they wanted to kill me, but no. They didn't want to kill me. I wanted to kill myself. Nobody knows what really happened to me."

She added: "My friends think I am crazy when I scream at night."

An older woman from the same north Kosovo village alleged that soldiers separated women from their families and then raped ten by the roadside. "They said to the girls: 'You are beautiful. You are for me. We are not going to shoot you, but we want your families to see what we are doing.' They threw the girls to the ground, and then with their knives, they tore every part of their clothing," she said.



An ethnic Albanian boy queues for food at a refugee camp near Tirana yesterday. Aid workers have been hindered by banditry and feuding

An elderly man said that soldiers forced him to watch as a family member was raped in front of him. He said: "I have seen it with my own eyes. I couldn't move. I had a Serb soldier either side of me. They wanted me to see it."

Human rights groups said

that rape was being used as another way of destroying the ethnic Albanian community. Helen Bamber, Director of the Medical Foundation for the Care of Victims of Torture, said: "Rape is being used as a weapon of war... It is not only the rape but the blatant

way in which it is taking place that is so disturbing. It is an attempt to destroy as much of the cohesion of the community as possible."

Investigators from the International War Crimes Tribunal in The Hague arrived in Albania to begin gathering evi-

dence. Silvia Miria, director of the Counseling Centre for Women and Girls in the Albanian capital, Tirana, has already amassed the testimonies of more than 100 witnesses to Serb acts of rape and sexual violence.

She said: "We are concerned

that systematic rape is a strategy of the Serbs just as it was a strategy used by the soldiers in Bosnia. It takes a great deal of courage to speak about it, but these women believe they have been victims not only of rape but of war crime. It is the only thing keeping them alive."

## Battle spills into Albania after clashes on border

Thousands of Albanians flee frontier villages as Serb forces in Kosovo invade neighbour, writes Sam Kiley in Kukes



CLASHES on the Yugoslavia-Albania border escalated into a Serb invasion yesterday, sparking fierce fighting around two Albanian villages after five days of shelling.

The incursion by Serb forces followed a now-familiar pattern from Kosovo, including the burning of homes, and attacks on civilians. The Albanian Government denied there had been an invasion but the incidents are likely to stiffen the resolve of the Pentagon.

The Albanians had been ordered to resist Serb border provocations. Army bases have been set up several miles from where the Serbs have fired into Albanian territory.

Yesterday Belgrade clearly intended to raise the stakes in the region by threatening Albania with war, after the Government has enthusiastically endorsed plans for 8,000 Nato troops to be sent here and called for an even greater number.

Serb forces yesterday took Kamenica, a hamlet close to the border, close to a key supply base for the Kosovo Liberation Army (KLA) after shelling it for several days. Petro Koci, the Albanian Interior Minister, said:

Local people fled the area, already plagued by banditry and a tradition of blood feuding among clans which had created severe difficulties for aid groups trying to help refugees as well as for Nato special forces soldiers trying to get into Kosovo to illuminate mobile Serb targets.

Yesterday morning the Albanian border police were attacked by Serbs who then charged into Albania supported by mortar and artillery fire. Between 3,000 and 4,000 people fled the area before the Albanian Army joined the battle. By yesterday afternoon, Albanian television said that the Serb forces had withdrawn across their own border.

Yugoslav generals and ministers have repeatedly warned all countries hosting the rebel KLA and Nato forces that they risk being attacked. There is no question that Albania, which has absorbed 314,000 refugees from Serb "ethnic cleansing" atrocities in Kosovo, has been giving the rebels a free hand to organise attacks on Serb positions from inside Albania.

Albanian artillery positions have been reinforced along its northern border with Kosovo.

But so far, they have resisted the temptation to retaliate against Serb shelling. "We have seen the flames from the houses of Kamenica and Padesh, [a small hamlet the area]," said Pier Gonggrijp, an observer with the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), which monitors the border.

Artan Jakupi, an OSCE translator, said he saw his own house in Kamenica burning, along with several others. "I was expecting this to happen. They have been firing at us," he said.

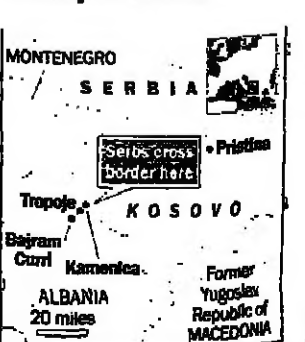
The Interior Minister and observers said they thought that about 100 Serb troops took part in the invasion which came about five days after the KLA had tried to send about 600 men into battle in eastern Kosovo.

Aid agencies, Nato and the KLA are all extremely worried about the condition of up to 700,000 Kosovo Albanians still trapped in the region. Many are believed to be being used as human shields against Nato airstrikes on Serb infantry and armoured columns.

But the KLA has claimed that up to half a million refugees, most of them men who feared being murdered by Serb death squads, are living behind KLA lines and now face food shortages.

"There are many, many, who are starving to death. Our aim is to get in there and protect them. The Serbs are trying to stop us and that's why they are attacking inside Albania," said a KLA commander in Kukes yesterday.

Enervated by the Serb invasion, Pandeli Majko, the Albanian Prime Minister, held an emergency meeting with Luan Hajdaraga, his Defence Minister, and Aleks Andoni, the Albanian Army Chief of Staff, and pledged to co-ordinate a response closely with Nato which is setting up its headquarters in the Albanian Ministry of Defence.



MILISEVIC WILL PAY

PAGE 8

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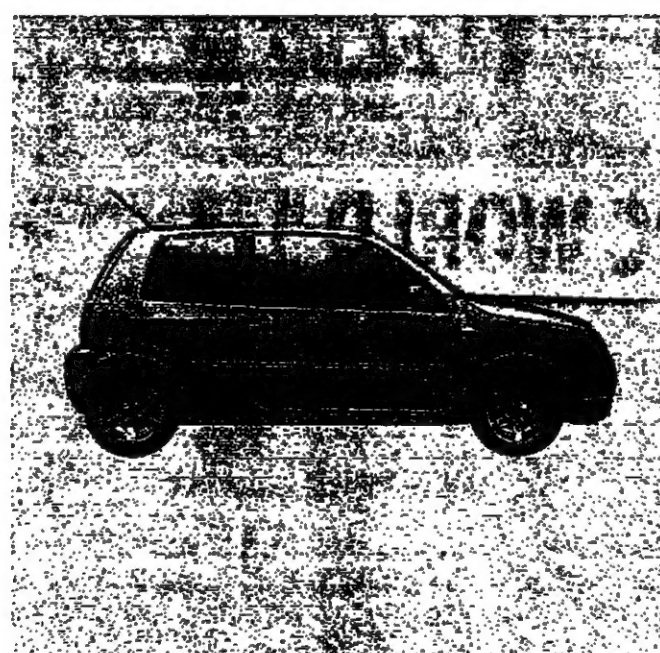
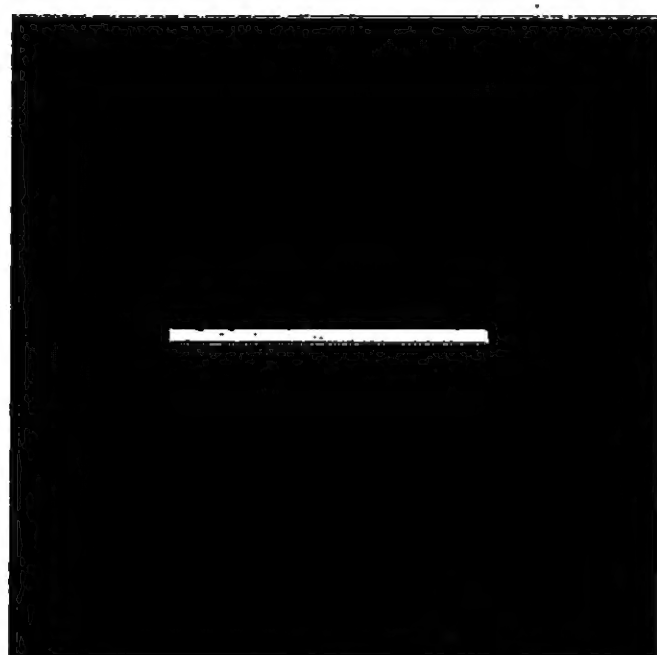
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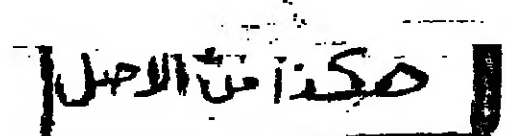
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# The Woodhead 'conspiracy'

A trio of left-wing activists wants the Chief Inspector of Schools out.  
Andrew Pierce reports

THE former wife of Chris Woodhead yesterday emerged from the shadows of a left-wing campaign to destabilise him and challenge the Prime Minister to dismiss him as Chief Inspector of Schools.

Behind Mrs Woodhead's carefully timed media offensive is a trio of experienced political activists. One of them, Kate Illingworth, who is a retired teacher and cousin of the veteran left-wing journalist Paul Foot, admitted yesterday that she was motivated by a political desire to topple Mr Woodhead.

"I have got an agenda against Chris Woodhead. He has humiliated the teaching profession. This is a good enough stick to use. It is a convenient stick," Ms Illingworth told *The Times*.

Few supporters of the Chief Inspector of Schools believe it was a coincidence that Mrs Woodhead made her debut on the airwaves as the House of Lords prepared to debate making it a criminal offence for a teacher to have a sexual relationship with a pupil. Until her intervention on the BBC Radio 4's *The World Tonight* on Monday night and yesterday's *Today*, Mrs Woodhead had restricted herself to one newspaper article and two newspaper interviews. Her left-wing teaching friends, former colleagues of the Ofsted chief at the Bristol school where he was teaching when his alleged affair took place, had made most of the running. They appear to have been motivated by a mixture of personal animosity towards Mr Woodhead, dating back to the staffroom, a desire for "the truth" to come out, and political dogma.

For 25 years Mrs Woodhead maintained a vow of silence about her husband's infidelity. Even when the *News of the World* revealed the first sketchy details of the affair three years ago she stayed silent for the sake of their daughter, according to an in-

terview she gave in last month's *Mail on Sunday*.

She has now gone public at a time when her ex-husband — the scourge of the teaching unions because of his ill-disguised contempt for the mediocre among the profession — is down and nearly out. Mr Woodhead, who was appointed by the Conservatives and kept on by new Labour, is fighting for survival.

Mrs Woodhead's foes portray her as a vengeful former wife desperate to destroy her former husband's career. Her supporters maintain she is a dignified woman whose patience has snapped after a quarter of a century of hurt.

The turning point for Mrs Woodhead was his widely reported remarks that it could be "educative and experiential" for teachers to conduct affairs with pupils. The comment reignited interest in his relationship with a former pupil, Amanda Johnston. The final straw was Mr Wood-

head's denial that the relationship took place when she was still at school — while he was allegedly telephoning his ex-wife and begging for her silence.

Supporters of Mrs Woodhead insist she is neither hellbent on revenge nor seeking his removal from office over allegations he had lied about his relationship with the sixth-former. But the former wife raised the political temperature by making herself a public figure. "Telling the truth is one of the most important things we have," she said on *Today*.

"If I find that Mr Blair knows that he [Mr Woodhead] is lying, and is prepared to accept that, then I am afraid anyone who allows lies to be carried on cannot be trusted themselves. It is an incredibly important issue," she said.

Until Mrs Woodhead's appearance on the political stage her campaign had been conducted with the aid of smoke and mirrors and the assistance of leading members of Bristol West Labour Party. Ms



Chris Woodhead, Chief Inspector of Schools, top, on his wedding day and, above, with Amanda Johnston: he denies having an affair with her while she was a pupil. Tony Robinson and Christine Purkis say he should quit



Illingworth, 62, a friend of hers for 25 years, has been particularly supportive.

Mr Woodhead was Ms Illingworth's head of English at Gordano School in 1974. She is one of five former teachers who have claimed that the affair with Ms Johnston had been an open secret there.

Ms Illingworth is a long-time Labour activist whose uncle is the former Labour leader Michael Foot and whose political heroes include Tony Benn; the former Cabinet minister represented a Bristol constituency before he was elected for Chesterfield. But Ms Illingworth has allowed her party membership

to lapse because she is disillusioned with the Blair administration.

She said that as a head of department Mr Woodhead "was pushy, a whizzkid, with progressive ideas — not what I would call them today. Chris Woodhead has been arrogant, overbearing, critical, and had a terrible effect on the teaching profession."

"He is lying over this affair but because of his high-handed manner he thinks he is above scrutiny. Paul said I discussed this in February. We both think it is astonishing he is still there."

The actor Tony Robinson, a friend of Mrs Woodhead, is

the second member of the triumvirate. He increased the pressure on the schools chief when he issued a detailed statement contradicting his version of events. Best known as Baldric in *Blackadder*, the actor, a well-known Labour supporter, is a popular children's television presenter. He is a member of the Bristol West party.

The triumvirate is completed by Christine Purkis, who has not met Mrs Woodhead, but who gave the press details of Mr Woodhead frolicking in his underpants with sixth-form girls, including Ms Johnston, on a field trip in 1975.

"I have been waiting for a knock on my front-door from

the press for 25 odd years," said the retired teacher.

"We are all friends from the Labour Party. Tony is a big player. We are not a Chardonnay-sipping left-wing cabal who sit round a dinner-table plotting. But when it hit the papers there were many of us who thought: right, here we go. It was a terrible feeling when, having made the *News of the World* two years ago, it all fizzled out. He seemed to have got away with it. It's taken a long time. But now his position is untenable."

Mr Woodhead and Ms Johnston insist that their nine-year relationship did not begin until both had left Gordano.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

### Girl's naked body found in alleyway

The naked body of a girl aged about 17 has been found at Guildford, Surrey. Detectives began a murder investigation after a man on his way to work saw the body lying in an alley leading to lock-up garages opposite the Civic Hall. The only obvious signs of injury were grazes to the victim's face. Police sealed off the area as forensic scientists and officers with dogs searched for clues. As door-to-door inquiries began, police started to examine hours of security camera videotapes. The body was found a few hundred yards from the town centre's nightclubs and restaurants. Detectives appealed for anyone who was out on Monday night and may have seen anything unusual to contact them.

### Dog-fight man jailed

John "Rustler" Parker, a leading figure behind organised dog fights in Britain, became the first person to be found guilty of involvement without being caught at the scene of a fight. Parker, 34, was jailed for four months and banned from keeping dogs for 10 years after being convicted of causing unnecessary suffering on the RSPCA's evidence of equipment and wounded dogs found at his home in Kexby, Lincolnshire.

### Touchdown accident

A passenger was seriously injured and three were slightly hurt after the nose landing gear of an aeroplane collapsed after touchdown at Manchester airport, according to a report by the Air Accidents Investigation Branch. The 54 other passengers were uninjured in the incident in March last year. Passengers on the British Aerospace ATP, arriving from Southampton, escaped via the over-wing exits or from rear slides.

### Rural cash machines

Cash dispensers linked to banks via satellite are to be installed in suburbs and rural districts. By the end of the year customers of all high street banks will be able to use more than 350 machines at Co-op stores, saving journeys and increasing trade for out-of-town shops. When a card is inserted, information is sent from a dish on the store roof via satellite to the customer's bank in a 100,000-mile round-trip that takes only seconds.

### CS victim wins £7,000

A man has won £7,000 in damages for being assaulted by police with a CS spray. Kevin Missen, 21, was sprayed in the face in Liverpool in December 1996 as he looked into a police van to see his brother, who had been arrested for urinating in public. A charge of being drunk and disorderly against Mr Missen was dismissed by magistrates and he later sued Merseyside Police. Mr Missen said: "My eyes were not right for two weeks."

### Burglar's calling card

A burglar was arrested for a string of thefts after he dropped his prison discharge papers at the first break-in. Richard Brown, 25, had been released from the prison ship *HMP Weare* in Portland, Dorset, but was quickly picked up after police found the papers, which included his photograph, name, age, description and previous convictions. Brown was jailed again for 21 months by Dorchester Crown Court.

## Who could step into his shoes?

ONE of the points in Chris Woodhead's favour in his fight for survival is the absence of a natural successor as Chief Inspector of Schools.

In his four years at the helm of the Office for Standards in Education, Mr Woodhead has not brought in his "own" peo-

ple in the way that would be natural in the private sector. This means that the Government might be forced to look farther afield for a successor. Lord Haskins, for example, who runs Northern Foods,

would bring a strong managerial pedigree. John McIntosh, head of the private sector Centre for British Teachers, would maintain a critical approach. He also has experience of running a large national organisation, Shelnar.

Less prominent candidates from the business world might include Pat Lee, head of retail training at Tesco and a member of the Qualifications and Curriculum Authority.

Mike Tomlinson, Mr Woodhead's deputy and the head of inspections, would be the natural caretaker in the event of a surprise resignation. But the 56-year-old chemist would not be a charismatic leader in the Woodhead mould.

Mr Tomlinson came to public attention as the leader of the emergency inspection of The Ridings School, in Halifax. But he blotted his copybook as a spokesman for the agency when, in an unguarded moment, he said he "did

not give a monkey's toss" about teachers' views.

A more probable candidate would be Anthea Millett, who heads the Teacher Training Agency and was Mr Tomlinson's predecessor at Ofsted. But, like many of the other possible candidates from within the education world, she could be seen as more sympathetic to teachers than Mr Woodhead and therefore likely to weaken the Government's "zero tolerance" approach in schools.

Susan Lewis, Chief Inspector of Schools in Wales, has shed her normally low profile in recent evidence to the Select Committee on Education. She would be at home running the similar English system.

In the past, the Post Office has been the main supplier of appointees to senior educational posts. John Roberts, the present chief executive, would appear to have more than enough on his plate, but who knows?

## Blood and tears regime earns admiration

By JOHN O'LEARY

IF CHRIS WOODHEAD had to relinquish his post, his legacy would be a wealth of information on schools that would be the envy of other countries. But he would remain best known for his battle against the education establishment.

Since his appointment to head the Office for Standards in Education, he has waged a relentless campaign against sloppy teaching and bureaucratic incompetence.

He has sailed close to the political wind but, under two Governments, has always been able to rely on support in Downing Street. Many observers believe, however, that his standing has been so damaged by the continuing allegations of his former wife and past teaching colleagues that he will be unable to remain in the job for long.

After four years as Chief In-

spector, Mr Woodhead has driven through a programme of inspections that has won support from parents and even grudging acceptance from many teachers, but his talent as a communicator has ensured he and his organisation remain controversial.

Malcolm Wicks, who chairs the Commons Select Committee on Education and Employment, said recently that there were two Ofsted: one in which inspectors went quietly about their jobs and another "about blood and thunder and guts and tears".

This is the Ofsted likely to disappear without Mr Woodhead. Although that would be a relief to those in schools, it might not be welcome to a Government as anxious as its predecessor to maintain pressure on teachers for improved results.

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# Shipyard sell-off puts thousands of jobs at risk

A TASK FORCE was set up last night to find new buyers for the Govan shipyard and other operations after the engineering giant Kvaerner announced a shake-up threatening 5,000 jobs.

The Norwegian firm put its Govan yard in Glasgow and engineering and construction operations in the North East and Sheffield up for sale. Lord Macdonald of Tradeston, the Scottish Business and Industry Minister, who used to work at Govan, hopes the task force can find a new buyer for the yard before orders run out in the summer.

Stephen Byers, the Trade and Industry Secretary, met John Fletcher, a Kvaerner director, last night to discuss what the Government could do to help with the sale of the English operations. "These are key manufacturing facilities which we need to secure for the future so that jobs can be protected," he said.

The sell-off is part of a worldwide review by the company after a period of severe losses. It will shed 25,000 staff worldwide. The firm announced it is to pull out of shipbuilding operations, putting yards employing nearly 2,000 people at Govan and Clydebank up for sale.

The task force, to be headed by Sir Gavin Laird, the former union leader, will seek an early meeting with the Ministry of Defence, which is expected to place a huge order for new roll-on, roll-off vessels later this year. Unions urged the MoD to bring forward the order to help Govan to attract a buyer. "Scotland needs engineering and manufacturing jobs. We simply cannot rely on call-centre, supermarket or burger bar jobs," Danny Carrigan, the Scottish regional secretary of the AEEU, said.

The Scottish National Party, which is now more likely to win the Glasgow Govan seat in the Scottish parliament election on May 6, urged the Government to offer incentives to prospective buyers. A party spokesman said any package must be at least as attractive as the £150 million believed to have been made available to save the Rover plant in Longbridge.

If Govan does close later this year, it will be the latest victim in the dramatic decline of the British shipbuilding industry, which used to employ more than 200,000 workers in hundreds of yards in the 1920s but is now down to around 30,000 at less than 20 main centres. Lord Macdonald said he believed the yard had "considerable potential". He added: "It is now a modern, productive shipyard capable of building ships to the highest technical specification."

Labour appealed to the Scottish nationalists not to turn the closure into an election issue. But the SNP insisted that Donald Dewar, the Scottish Secretary, must accept some blame. Nicola Sturgeon, the SNP Govan candidate who plans to meet shop stewards today, said: "Tony Blair's failure to visit Kvaerner during his recent visit to Glasgow gave the unfortunate impression that the Government was not giving top priority to the yard's problem."

Kvaerner is also reviewing its oil and gas operations in Aberdeen, London and Croydon, which employ a total of 1,600 people. Its fabrication yard at Methil, Fife, employing 315, is also under review.

Kjell Almskog, president and chief executive officer of Kvaerner, said the company's decision was not a reflection on workers at Govan: "We are exiting Govan because we are leaving shipbuilding altogether," he said.

On the prospects of selling the UK shipyards, Mr Almskog admitted the outlook was not promising. "We have to say that given the orders situation it is not going to be easy."

**Ministers set up task force to find a buyer before orders run out at Govan, writes Jason Allardyce**



Workers at Kvaerner's Govan shipyard going to meet management after they announced that it was to pull out of shipbuilding on the Clyde

## 1,500 workers in North East fear for future

BY PAUL WILKINSON NORTH EAST CORRESPONDENT

THOUSANDS of workers in the North of England were also contemplating a bleak future after Kvaerner's announcement of plans to sell its British subsidiaries.

There are serious doubts over the long-term future of 900 workers at the Port Clarence offshore yard in Middlesbrough and 600 at Cleveland Bridge in Darlington, which helped to build the Severn and Humber bridges. Both of these Kvaerner sites are struggling to fill their order books.

Its two Davy Roll steel fabrication plants in Gateshead on Tyneside and Sheffield in South Yorkshire, which employ almost 1,000 workers, have also been put on the market but managers there are confident they can be sold as a going concern.

Kvaerner's other interests on Teesside, its Process and Metals division at Stockton and Redpath Engineering Services at Winton, which together have 1,500 staff, are not affected.

At Port Clarence, which last year started building the Triton North Sea oil and gas platform, a spokesman said the plant "needs new orders urgently". He said: "It is likely one of the yards will have to be downgraded. Work on the Triton platform is guaranteeing jobs until the summer, but beyond that the future is uncertain."

Frank Cook, Labour MP for Stockton North, is angry that Kvaerner is voicing no concern for the Port Clarence workers. He said: "His explanation so far is couched in banker's speak, and nothing about how it will hit individuals." One 25-year-old worker at the yard said: "Everyone is worried about the future. We've all got mortgages and families and we just don't know what's going to happen."

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## SNP to concede £2bn hole in budget

BY JASON ALLARDYCE SCOTTISH POLITICAL REPORTER

THE Scottish nationalists are to admit for the first time that an independent Scotland would have to live with a £2 billion hole in its budget.

The admission, to be made in an economic strategy paper to be published before the Scottish election on May 6, will reignite the debate over whether Scotland could afford to stand alone without being subsidised by English taxpayers.

The SNP is expected to claim that the shortfall between what is raised and what is spent in Scotland will be just under £2 billion in 2000-01 before moving into surplus.

Labour has used government figures to claim that an independent Scotland would run up a cumulative deficit of more than £15 billion over the next four years. But the SNP will argue that in relative terms, the Scottish deficit is smaller than the overall deficit for the United Kingdom. The total UK deficit stood at £32 billion according to the latest government figures for 1996-97 and the SNP will point out that Westminster has not needed to increase taxation sharply to tackle this.

The Scottish deficit was officially put at £7 billion in 1996-97, with total government expenditure of £31.8 billion as against £24.7 billion raised in revenue in Scotland. When North Sea oil and privatisation proceeds were taken into account, the figure was closer to £3 billion. Public spending was 23 per cent higher per head in Scotland than in England in 1996-97.

The SNP treasury team of John Swinney and Andrew Wilson will claim that the methodology used for official deficit figures was biased. They will say that as the UK moves towards surplus, so the Scottish deficit will shrink to around £1 billion in 2001-02 before Scotland moves into a modest surplus the year after.

The SNP also will argue that, under its calculation of Scotland's deficit, the country would still meet the qualification criteria for European Monetary Union.

The paper, entitled *An Economic Strategy for Independence*, will also point out that Professor Andrew Hughes Hallett, an adviser to the World Bank and a leading authority on the single currency, has agreed that an independent Scotland could join economic and monetary union. SNP sources say they have deliberately used worst-case scenarios to calculate the figures.

## NHS lists 'longer' under Labour

AVERAGE NHS waiting lists in Scotland under Labour are 5 per cent higher than during the Tories' final five years, a study claimed yesterday. Independent research by the City accountants' Chantrey, Vellacott, DFK shows the average waiting list in the Conservatives' final five years was 81,568 whilst the average in Labour's first two years is 85,496.

The research also claims a 25 per cent increase, between March 31, 1997 and September 30, 1998, in the number of people who did not receive an initial hospital appointment within the Scottish Office target of nine weeks from the date of GP referral. Only after the initial consultation prescribes further treatment - in around 50 per cent of cases - do patients join the "headline" waiting list.

## Salmond under fire

A teenager questioned Alex Salmond, the SNP leader, on his controversial condemnation of Nato's air attacks on Serbia during an election walkabout. Kenneth Millan, 17, said he thought Mr Salmond had been "insensitive". The party leader spent several minutes explaining his views in Livingston, West Lothian. Afterwards Mr Millan said: "I think he had a valid point but it might have been a sore time to put it. The whole country thought he was a bit insensitive." Mr Millan said he backed attacks on military targets but was worried about civilian casualties.

## Drugs head to head

A drugs counsellor and former Scottish Woman of the Year is to stand against Sam Galbraith, the Health Minister, to highlight a drugs crisis. Maggie Richards, 62, named woman of the year in 1994 by a Glasgow newspaper for her work with addicts, said Mr Galbraith had ignored advice on the problem, including warnings of a heroin epidemic. The former teacher, from Bearsden, Glasgow, will compete with Mr Galbraith for Strathkelvin and Bearsden seat. She said: "Children are dying on Scotland's streets and the Government seems to be allowing it to happen."

## Councillor bites back

An enthusiastic Scottish nationalist is back on the campaign trail after suffering a bad case of a dog biting the hand that feeds. Margaret Murray, a Cumbernauld councillor, had the top of her finger bitten off by a dog two days ago as she popped a campaign leaflet seeking support for local SNP candidate Andrew Wilson through a door. After receiving treatment in the accident and emergency ward at Monklands Hospital, the stoical politician - who has been dubbed "The Terminator" - was working as hard as ever yesterday.

**QUOTE of the day**  
Donald Dewar, the Scottish Secretary, damning an SNP government - would, like Quebec, hold referendum on independence if elected in May.  
"It would mean a Scottish neverendum".

**AGENDA**  
Today: Labour's Henry McLeish will visit St Stephen's School in Glasgow which runs an anti-drugs initiative. The Liberal Democrats will unveil their party election broadcast in Edinburgh, while the Conservatives will look at the economy. Nicola Sturgeon of the SNP will be talking about education. Alex Salmond will be campaigning in Stornoway.

**Inside Section 2**  
Passing the buck on pollution  
Buy Clark Gable's old home  
Homes, page 32

Film chic on drink

Police pay £30,000 to settle race abuse claim

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Hand-me-downs: children mimic their parents' behaviour, which plays a vital role in the evolution process

# Is the brain just a copying machine?

The theory of memes — copying ideas or skills — suggests that imitation has a key role in evolution. Anjana Ahuja reports

Cast your mind back to this morning when you were lying in bed listening to the radio. Has anything that you heard lingered in your mind? The catchy Flat Eric song featured in the Levi's ad or a particularly limp pun proffered by the DJ? Or have you been mulling over the grim bulletins about Kosovo?

These items are not merely snippets of information that we lock away in our heads, according to Dr Susan Blackmore, senior lecturer in psychology at the University of the West of England in Bristol and author of *The Meme Machine*. They are examples of "memes" — ideas, inventions, skills or stories that get passed from one person to another. We copy or imitate one another in myriad different ways, and the things that we copy are the memes.

Religion is a particularly prevalent collection of memes (known as a memplex), usually spread by parents, who are excellent meme machines. They show their children how to tie shoelaces, how to greet people, how to eat with a knife and fork. Blackmore boldly suggests that it is this capacity for imitation that sets human beings apart from their ancestors, why the human brain evolved to be unusually large, and why culture plays such an important role in our lives.

"People assume that we evolved an enormous brain because it was of benefit to our genes," says Blackmore. "For example, it made us better hunters or foragers. But there are other animals that hunt and forage with much smaller brains. And there is a high price for having a large brain — childbirth is difficult and large brains consume a lot of energy. I propose that as soon as early human beings started imitating, things changed."

Conventional evolutionary theory suggests that the human brain swelled as humans became social

creatures. Blackmore says that the social skills evolved because they were needed for imitation.

Imitation allowed early human beings to make tools by copying someone else rather than learning from scratch. Copying the eating habits of someone who has worked out what is safe to eat is less perilous than finding out by trial and error. In this way the best human imitators had an advantage. Genes that conferred the ability to imitate won out: over a few million years, the human brain developed rapidly into a copying machine.

The most successful memes — the skills and ideas that are copied most frequently — are those related to survival. "The Internet is an excellent way of spreading memes, and the most popular subject on it is sex," Blackmore notes. Science and religion persist because they appeal to our need to explain our origins.

The idea of memes dates back to 1976 when Richard Dawkins was propagating the idea of the "selfish gene" which, the Oxford University biologist contended, was merely one example of a replicator. Just as genes get passed around, ideas and beliefs and habits — which he christened memes — get passed on too.

Such memes fit into an evolutionary system which mirrors that of genes. Genes are subject to heredi-

ty, variation (they change as they pass through generations) and selection (not all genes get passed on). In the same way, Blackmore argues, a skill or idea can be inherited. It can vary as it is transmitted, and people do not pass on everything they hear, read or learn.

The science of memes can, Blackmore claims, explain why creative professions, which are good at spreading memes, are deemed more sexy than others. Artists, thinkers, writers and musicians can be thought of as talented imitators, with their creativity and innovation a natural by-product of their gift for imitation. That is why Gerard Depardieu and Mick Jagger, who are not every woman's idea of male perfection, appear to be highly desirable to the opposite sex.

This idea apparently resolves an enigma — evolutionary theorists have been hard-pressed to explain why art and music have evolved, and why their exponents are so revered.

Blackmore's serious treatment of this controversial idea has earned a mixed response. Dawkins, who penned the foreword to *The Meme Machine*, admires Blackmore for developing the theory of memetics but has not stated whether he subscribes to her belief that memes shaped the human mind.

"I think he thinks I have gone too far," she says, laughing. The paleontologist Stephen Jay Gould has called memes "a meaningless metaphor".

Blackmore replies: "If I was saying, 'Look at genes, aren't they successful? Memes are the same and aren't they wonderful?' then people would be right to say it's just a metaphor. But that's not what I'm saying. There are a million differences between genes and memes. The only similarity between them is that they are both replicators, and once you get replicators you have evolution."

"Now that I've seen it, it is so obviously true. Things are copied by us, and these things compete for space in our brains."

The philosopher Mary Midgley, based at Newcastle University, says that reducing humans to mere vehicles for the propagation of memes and genes is morally impoverishing: "What upsets people is that once we realise we are a product of these two replicators, genes and memes, we are forced to drop the idea of 'the self', and people don't like this idea that there is no soul and no spirit."

Blackmore points out that the lack of "a self" is also a tenet of Buddhism, which she practises. Does the inclusion of her beliefs devalue her scientific argument?

"I struggle with the same questions in my science as I do in my personal life," she says. "When I practise Zen, I have to ponder ridiculous questions such as 'What is this moment?' But these are the same questions that science is trying to answer. I don't think science has a heart if we don't relate it to the way we live our lives."

● The Meme Machine is published by Oxford University Press (£18.99) and is available to Times readers for £15.99; telephone 0990 134459.

## Slow progress in care for cancer

IN CANCER research, success is always just around the corner. Despite the billions spent on research, and frequent headlines about breakthroughs, cures have not been found, and even the more modest objective of extending life has proved elusive.

Dr John Bailar of the University of Chicago has long courted unpopularity by pointing this out. Two years ago in the *New England Journal of Medicine* he noted that while there have been improvements in treatment, the effects on life expectancy have been small and that age-related deaths from cancer are barely declining. Between 1970 and 1994, which included President Nixon's "War on Cancer" — mortality actually rose by 6 per cent in the United States. "Seriously disappointing" is how he describes the past 40 years of research into the treatment of cancer.

Last week Dr Bailar was joined by

Professor Barnett Rosenberg of Michigan State University, who in the Seventies discovered the curative powers of platinum-based drugs such as cisplatin. For once the word cure can be properly used. Cisplatin can cure almost 100 per cent of testicular cancers, and results to be published this week in the *New England Journal* show that when combined with radiotherapy it can cut deaths from cervical cancer by up to 50 per cent.

These are marvellous results, and Professor Rosenberg, now retired, is "euphoric" about them. But he is also concerned. Cisplatin was discovered more than 25 years ago yet remains the most effective

anti-cancer drug. He says: "For years I have been saying that this is the first platinum-based drug we discovered. It can't possibly be the best. It's disappointing that the scientific community has not been able to find better ones. What great advances have we made in curing cancer since 1970? Cisplatin and its derivative, carboplatin, are the only major changes that have been made in chemotherapy."

That might be rather a sweeping conclusion because tamoxifen, for breast cancer, is another candidate, but it is hard to disagree that returns from so much research have so far been scanty. This week's meeting of the American

Association for Cancer Research in Philadelphia, which ends today, added yet more studies to an archive already groaning with information.

Among the most interesting was evidence presented by AstraZeneca that the latest fashion in cancer therapy, anti-angiogenesis, may be worth pursuing. The idea is to starve a tumour by cutting off its ability to create blood vessels. Dr George Blackledge, head of new cancer projects at the company, presented data showing that a compound known only as ZD4190, tested on five different animal species and on several tumour types, slowed growth of the tumours.

The compound can be taken by mouth — a big advantage — and Dr Blackledge is "very enthusiastic" about it. Clinical trials in human patients should start in Britain and the United States this year.



SCIENCE BRIEFING  
Nigel Hawkes

## Plagued by a puzzle

A GROUP of 160 corpses unearthed during construction work in Athens could answer a longstanding puzzle: what disease caused the plague that killed 100,000 Athenians, including Pericles, in 429BC?

Historians have made many guesses, but the most plausible, says David Durack, a consulting Professor of Medicine at Duke University, is typhus. This disease fits the symptoms described by Thucydides, a survivor. Dr Durack told a conference earlier this year at the University of Maryland. Rashes, blindness and the loss of organs because of gangrene fit the diagnosis. So does the time taken for the victims to die. Typhus is caused by *Rickettsia prowazekii*, a pathogen that has had its entire DNA sequence worked out. So the corpses, which date from the right period, could contain matching DNA.

The chances of extracting the DNA may not be high, admits Professor Robert Littman of the University of Hawaii, a specialist in ancient medicine, but it is probably the only way to test the theory.

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THE glass mirrors of large optical telescopes require grinding and polishing of exquisite precision, which makes them very expensive. Now a group of astronomers from Laval University in Quebec suggests that mirrors up to eight metres in diameter could be made more cheaply of metallic liquids. The liquid would be

### Cheaper peeper

placed in a spinning platter and be deformed to produce a perfect parabolic shape. The problem has been that such a mirror, using mercury as the liquid, would work only when pointing upwards, which made it unattractive.

Drs Ermanno Borra, Anna Ritcey and Etienne Artigau suggest that liquids based on highly viscous glycerine would stay in a parabolic shape as the mirror tilted. By coating the liquid with a thin layer of metal, they hope to create a highly reflective surface. PhysicsWeb says that the design can cope with a 10-degree tilt, and the hope is to boost that to 20: half the viewing angle of a normal telescope.

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## THE TIMES

### SCIENTISTS FOR THE NEW CENTURY

Why do some people find cartoons and soap operas as challenging as mental arithmetic? On Wednesday April 28, in *How the Brain Reads the Mind*, Dr Francesca Happé from the Institute of Psychiatry will discuss how autism has come to be regarded as a form of "mind-blindness." She will also show how our brains allow us to guess what others are thinking.

The lecture will be chaired by Professor Susan Greenfield, Director of The Royal Institution. Members of the audience will also be able to ask questions.

The lecture will be held at 7.30pm at The Royal Institution of Great Britain, 21 Albemarle Street, London W1X 4BS.

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Please note that tickets will be posted until April 21 only. Tickets booked after this date will be held for collection on the night at the venue. If you do not receive your tickets please call 0171-670 2985 to confirm your booking.

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# Culture v Anarchy, in the UK

Englishmen must learn how to  
be gentle, says Roger Scruton

The most important issue in the forthcoming elections to the new Scottish parliament is Scotland. Whether by conscious design, or by the working of that "invisible hand" which the great Scottish philosopher Adam Smith discerned in all spontaneous co-operation, Scotland will sooner or later become an independent state. It will retain formal links with the United Kingdom; but it will have as much, and as little, sovereignty as any other state in the European Union. Its independence will come about more smoothly than that of the emerging Balkan states. For Scotland is a public-spirited and law-abiding country; it has its own legal system; and it has no neighbours apart from England, which would not contemplate war or even sanctions when faced with the alternative of divorce.

But where does this leave the rest of us who have thought of ourselves as British? The idea of Britain grew from a unique political history. But it gained credibility from economic and military success, and in particular from an Empire acquired, as Joseph Chamberlain put it, "in a fit of absentmindedness". The Scots, the Welsh and the Irish shared in this absentmindedness, which is but

Only  
sensual  
pleasure  
is now  
presented  
as good

another name for Smith's "invisible hand". Yet without the British Empire, and without the Union, Britain will be a fiction — worse, a delusion. There will be no such place, and no such people as the British.

The English, being pragmatic, will quickly perceive that this is so. They will look around for the customs and institutions that have defined them, and which have made it so easy to live without a clear idea of who they are. But what will they find? A Parliament hastily and purposelessly reformed, so as to bear little relation to the "Queen in Parliament" of old: a monarchy irreversibly weakened by the destruction of the hereditary House of Lords; a common law qualified out of existence by European courts; an Anglican Church riven by self-doubt and with its liturgy in tatters; and — worst of all — a Government obedient to continental masters. They will find themselves in the very situation that they have fought for five centuries to avoid and for which the idea of Britain was devised as a shield.

It is hard to believe that the English will not react as other people in the modern world have reacted, by defining themselves as a nation. They will not like the Serbs, lay belligerent claim to their "historic" territories; they will not engage in pogroms or ethnic cleansing; they will not attempt the "splendid isolation" attributed to the Empire, at a time (1896) when splendour and isolation were just about compatible. They will, instead, set out in search of their civilisation — the continuous tradition of which gives them a claim to nationhood equal to that of the Scots and Serbs. And they will discover that they have forgotten it.

Vague ideas of the gentle-

man and his duties, of fair play and the stiffer upper lip may still inhabit the sports field; and here and there the English sense of humour and sang froid will be remembered. But most of what the new English will encounter, in school or through popular culture, will be remote from the civilisation of their ancestors. Whenever a chance arises to celebrate the past of their country or the virtues of its people, jeering will replace cheering. Schoolchildren will learn much about slavery, and the Englishmen involved in it, but nothing about its abolition by the English. They will be taught to see Old England as a place of "social exclusion" rather than of constant and collaborative reform.

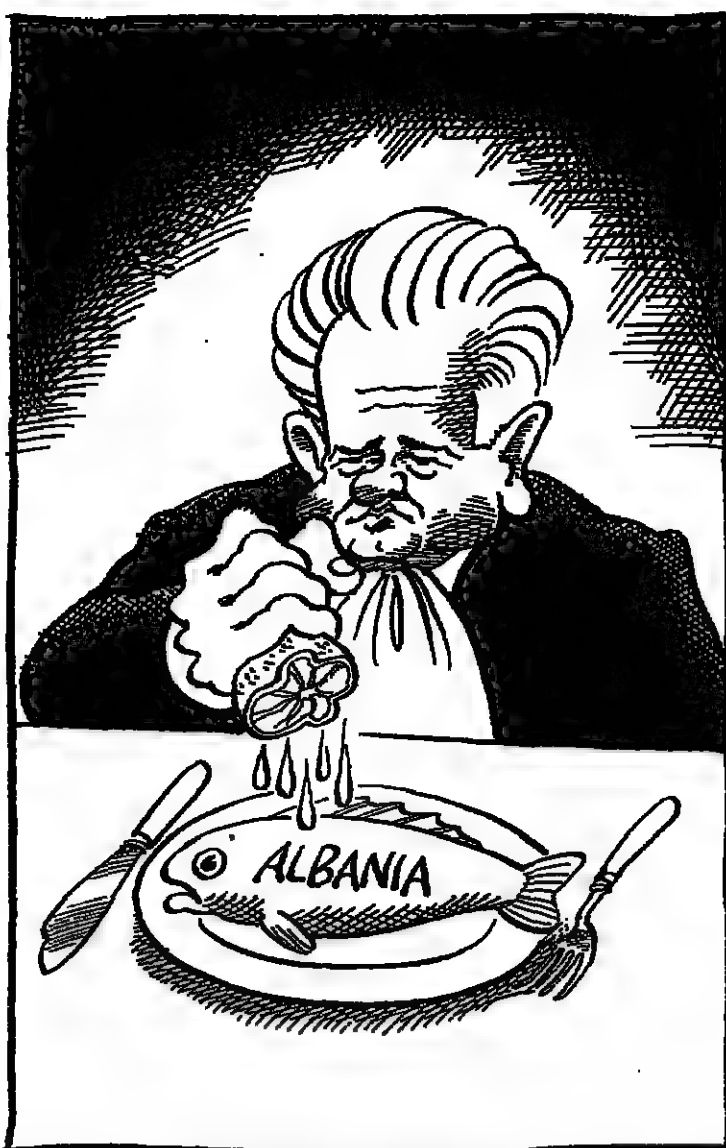
The new English are being brought into a world without memory, in which nothing except sensual pleasure is represented as a good. The essence of English civilisation can be captured in a single word: "gentle". And those who love England still love it for its gentility and gentleness. From Voltaire to Copek, foreign admirers have seen England less as a political reality than as a moral ideal. The question is, how is that ideal to be defended?

Schools and universities have made no stand against the more degenerate forms of popular culture, but instead have begun to "teach" it. Throughout the cultural establishment, from the BBC, from the Royal Academy to the Royal Fine Art Commission, we find growing acquiescence in our cultural decline. The Turner Prize is regularly awarded to the person who has most visibly

desecrated the legacy of Turner: buildings which sneer at their civilised surroundings are put forward by the RIBA as triumphs of urban design and their architects rewarded with knighthoods. There is an eagerness to accept that our national culture is exemplified by Britpop, even at a time when the "Brit" is as meaningless as the pop.

One might be tempted to conclude from this that English civilisation was, after all, a fragile and ephemeral thing, with no ability to survive once the protecting shield of Britishness has been taken away. But I am not so pessimistic. We are living through a state of shock, and only when our political institutions have crumbled — which, thanks to new Labour, will be soon — will we be able to make the great choice which history demands of us. Then we will recognise that, after all, our country is something more than its institutions, and that the good things we have squandered were created by collective effort. Then we can begin again, as all the other people of Europe have had to begin again in our century, discovering what we are, not as a collection of first-person singulars, but as a first-person plural. The English will then emerge as a nation, as important to its members as is Scotland to the Scots.

comment@the-times.co.uk



## Suckers for punches

Bomb-happy Nato should realise  
there is an alternative to world war

Am I completely wrong about Kosovo? Have I missed some vital point? Those who fight wars must banish doubt from their minds, since doubt is the enemy of courage. Those who criticise them enjoy no such security. If those who oppose Nato's bombing campaign in Yugoslavia are wrong, they are a menace to the war effort. Tony Blair yesterday said this was a war of "moral purpose". It is the apparent double-standard that enrages Serb opinion and gathers it, however reluctantly, behind Mr Milosevic.

Yet we are where we are. The gauntlet is down. Robin Cook talks of continuing with bombing "until the job is done". Anything less, he implies, would be nothing short of humiliation for Nato. Even Henry Kissinger, long an opponent of this intervention, is a convert to the argument. Now that American forces are engaged in combat, he tells the *Los Angeles Times*, "victory is the only exit strategy" (an ominous phrase from Kissinger-of-Vietnam). But by victory he means ground assault, as the critics of the "bombing alone" strategy have always claimed it would. And on this they are at odds with at least the public statements of Nato and the British Government.

What is now planned on Kosovo's border with Macedonia and Albania is a mystery wrapped in a horror. But a land assault on Kosovo has one virtue. It would close the gaping wound at the heart of Nato's present apoplexy. Mr Blair yesterday near frantic to tell the world that the ethnic "cleansing" of Kosovo had nothing to do with the Nato bombing. He said that Mr Milosevic planned it long ago and began it a week before the first bomb fell. Mr Milosevic, in other words, never intended only to crack down on the Kosovo Liberation Army but always meant to cleanse Kosovo of Albanians altogether. It is therefore a calumny against Nato to imply that the refugees are in any sense the result of the bombing.

The trouble with this explanation is that it implies an even greater calumny against Nato: that it was aware of the risk of humanitarian catastrophe and did nothing effective to stop it. It rejected as "too costly" the one military option capable of stopping it: the swift insertion of a rapid reaction force before the main Serb Army arrived, and resorted instead to the one option most likely to win Serb support for Mr Milosevic, bombing Belgrade. Mr Blair asks us to believe that his colleagues read intelligence warnings of what was about to happen, and then voted for "bombing alone". This was not "doing something" about Milosevic but the opposite. If true, it was pure Munich.

For what it is worth, I cannot believe that Mr Blair and his colleagues were so cynical. I prefer to see them as victims of their own naïve intervention in Yugoslavia's internal affairs and the consequent escalation of threats. Ministers who had never seen a gun fired in anger were mesmerised by military bombast about the political impact of "pinpoint accurate, laser-guided weapons systems", despite their failure to move President Saddam Hussein in Iraq. Nato gambled that Mr Milosevic would not respond to bombing threats by a pre-emptive strike into Kosovo, but would agree some fudge as he did last October. The gamble failed. The refusal to deploy ground troops when Kosovo was largely undefended now seems cowardly and negligent. Mr Milosevic was invited to call the bluff of the mightiest armies in the world and he did.

I repeat, the war party has not "done something about Milosevic". It has done nothing about him. The only honourable thing to do now is properly to go to war with him, yet British politicians still cannot stomach this logical outcome of their posture. Nato has been witness to, if

not party to, the displacement of almost a million Kosovans. Its response is not to restore them to their land but to destroy the oil and power, the roads, factories, bridges, trains and radio stations of a sizeable European state. Mr Milosevic may be "degraded" but he is politically impregnable, while the supposed beneficiary of this effort, Kosovo, is rendered a wasteland.

Having pulled Mr Milosevic on to the punch, the coherent policy would at least be to punch him properly — a policy to which guns-to-America appears to be dragging the British Government. But such a policy must be mad. The most it could attain is some heavily fortified "safe havens" in Kosovo. It would drag into the fight every Slav nationalist, not least from Russia. It would also send a signal to any separatist movement that if it can provoke enough mayhem to "threaten a humanitarian disaster", bellicose Nato politicians will come rushing to its aid. A dozen such groups must be enviously watching the KLA's booming armoured at present. This is not "world policing" but anarchy.

Nato had no business in half-heartedly sponsoring negotiations over Kosovo's autonomy. It was not invited to do so, and made a hash of it. It has no more business in Romania or Kurdistan or Azerbaijan or, for that matter, Basque Spain or Northern Ireland. Kosovo's autonomy remains where it was when Britain "recognised" the new, truncated Yugoslavia: at the mercy of Mr Milosevic. To invade its deserted valleys and try to hold them against Serb forces would be costly and pointless. To subject Serbia to an indefinite, purely punitive blitz would be obscene.

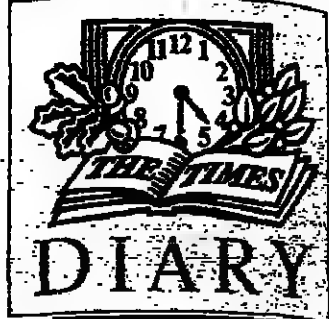
My answer to the question "what to do?" is therefore the same as it was last October. It is not to draw lines you have not the will to defend at proportionate cost. Non-intervention in foreign civil wars, coupled with generous aid to sufferers, has been normal British policy in the past. Most recently it has been policy in Ethiopia, Rwanda, Sudan, Palestine, Sri Lanka and Afghanistan. This is not a policy of cowardice or appeasement. Mr Milosevic is a nasty job of work but he is not Hitler or Stalin. He does not merit a third world war.

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Simon  
Jenkins

comment@the-times.co.uk



## Secrets of war

CLASSIFIED information about Sir Winston Churchill's plotting for D-Day is to be made public after a persistent campaign for its release by Rupert Allason, aka Nigel West. To mark the 55th anniversary of the invasion, the former Tory MP has persuaded the powers-that-be to allow him to publish the details of Operation Fortitude.

The deception plan succeeded in hoodwinking the Germans into believing that the Allies would land at the Pas de Calais rather than Normandy. Details were originally secreted by Roger Hesketh, the late Tory MP who, as a spook, had helped to devise the operation.

But the information has since found its way into the hands of Allason, who writes spy thrillers under his pseudonym and, until now, has had to keep his find private. "At last," an historian tells me, "we will find out just how big a role Churchill played."

AFTER announcing her split from Andre Agassi, Brooke Shields (below) is to arrange a spot of laser surgery. She needs to remove the name of her husband (tattooed on her upper thigh during their courtship). With extraordinary presence, the American tennis player never reciprocated.



THE Blairite television presenter, David Aaronovitch, has been denounced by his mother for criticising Tony Blair's opposition to the war in the Balkans. Lavender Aaronovitch wrote to the veteran MP to tell him that she considers her son, the part-time *Newsnight* anchor, to be wrong and a fool.

"My mother said that she was going to write but I didn't believe her," Aaronovitch Jr says. "She always says she wishes I hadn't said something or another but still comes over to look after the kids."

A NASTY diary clash for Lord Williams of Mostyn was yesterday resolved by quick-thinking whips. The Home Office Minister was due at Windsor to be inducted by the Queen into the Privy Council, shortly before defending the age of consent Bill in the Lords. A friendly filibuster delayed the debate until my Lord arrived.

POLICE in Salisbury are to visit their colleagues in Nottingham to pick up tips on how to handle the city's first Caribbean carnival next month (below). One question the Wiltshire bobbies should ask is how to escape looking ludicrous as they place their helmets on the heads of gyrating limbo dancers.



WRITING in the brochure to mark Nato's 50th anniversary, Tony Blair praises the alliance: "Even more important than tanks and guns was the steadfast political will of the people." Has Blair suffered a memory lapse? In the early Eighties, the PM belonged to the CND's parliamentary group which backed withdrawal from Nato.

WHY has William Hague asked Michael Portillo to join him on the hustings? The former Defence Secretary and a possible leadership contender has embarked on a national tour to drum up support for the Tories in next month's local government elections.

Hague has even gone so far as to provide Portillo with one of the bright young things from his own office to offer every assistance. "It is a possible precursor to making Portillo the party chairman," I am told, "but is also a good way of sharing the blame if the elections go horribly wrong."

EDWARD WELSH

## 'For the Royal Wedding, Mary has, after long deliberation, decided on a size 12 made for her by C&A, in a sort of turquoise'

You will, I know, have been as thrilled as I to learn that 2,000 "ordinary people" are to be invited to the wedding of Prince Edward and Miss Sophie Rhys-Jones, and you will thus be on tenterhooks, as public fascination with the preparations for the summer nuptials swells to its crescendo, to discover as much as possible about that lucky handful who will, any day now, find their trembling fingers plucking from their doormats the coveted passepasse requesting their presence at what is already being described by the more exorbitant tabloids as The Wedding of June 19.

Well, you have come to the right person: correctly recognising that, as an Ordinary Correspondent, I stand head and shoulders above nobody, the Palace has granted me exclusive access to its fat dossier on the

first couple to pass the rigorous selection process; and having spent the whole of last night nodding over this scrupulously mundane document, I can this morning reveal to a rapt public just a few of the details it is slaving to know.

John and Mary Robinson, 53 and 49 respectively, met 27 years ago at a Woking garden centre. Neither of them was a keen gardener — he was looking for a small rubber plant to put on his television set, and she wanted three pansies of different colours to replace the three dead ones in her window-box — but standing next to one another at the till, they discovered a mutual interest in the new decimal currency, agreeing that both missed the old half-crown. From there, it was but a short step to the local Wimpey, where each had a quarter-pounder, without cheese, and a milky coffee. They married

two years later, and continued having sex on a weekly basis in their new joint flat, moving, in 1976, to an architect-designed semi-detached house on a Reigate executive estate, as soon as John qualified, in his opinion, as an executive. It was here that their two children, Peter John and Wendy Mary were born, soon to be joined by the half-collie, Spot, and Mrs Lockett, 51, who came in to do for them three days a week after Mrs Robinson returned to her career as a roofing secretary.

For the Royal Wedding, Mary has, after long deliberation, decided on a size 12 dress made for her by C&A, in a sort of turquoise, with black patent leather shoes, chosen for a reliable record in standing

around, and a sensible matching bag. John will wear his brown two-piece wool and polyester suit from Reigate Fuller Man, and is having his oxblood brogues specially resoled by famed nationwide cobblers, Mister Minute. He has also confided to close friends that a new tie has not been entirely ruled out.

He will, however, stick to his old hairpiece, because it has always stuck to him. That is John's favourite joke. For the ceremony itself, he has already set his Ferguson video-recorder with the long-term programmer Mary bought him for their recent silver wedding; they plan to watch the recording on June 20 with a Domino's pizza (extra large, no anchovy), although both have agreed not to wave at

cameras as the Royal Couple emerge on to the steps of St George's Chapel. Instead, John will raise his trilly as high as decorum permits. If this proves to be successful, a 10 by 8 print will be made from the tape by Snap-U-Like. Banstead, put in an antique-appearance frame, and stood on the mantelpiece between the couple's eight-day carriage clock and the bronzette plaque Wendy Mary received, in 1986, for good posture.

The Robinsons will be travelling from Reigate to Windsor in their beige M-registration Vauxhall Cavalier, entering the M25 at Junction 8 and leaving it at Junction 13, advice John received from the Automobile Association, of which he has been a member for almost a quarter of a century. Experts there have assured him that the journey should not take

more than 50 minutes, but he has decided, following complex discussions with informed neighbours, to err on the side of caution and allow an hour-and-a-half for traffic, parking, and dropping off Trish from Maison Geoff, who is coming to the Robinsons home early that morning to rainproof Mary's highlights.

Assurances have naturally been sought by Buckingham Palace that the Robinsons will between now and June 19 do nothing out of the ordinary to draw attention to themselves, since this might well result in a withdrawal of the invitation, and the couple have, I understand, been quick to comply. However, informed sources tell me that, after an appropriate time has elapsed, John and Mary plan to commemorate the momentous day by double-glazing their entire ground floor.

Alan  
Coren







## CLEAR TARGETS

Why there can be no let-up in the bombing

Three weeks into an air war that many Western politicians hoped might be over in days, Nato has yet to make more than a small impact on the murderous Serb campaign in Kosovo. The Yugoslav Army is still bombarding villages, which Slobodan Milosevic's secret police and paramilitary forces can then empty and burn. Periodically, the Serbs reopen the borders to let through clumps of fugitives. Perhaps 600,000 more are trapped in Kosovo's mountains, probably without shelter, medicines or food. Air power cannot see or help them. But in the great Pannonian plain of the Yugoslav heartland, Nato airstrikes are having an increasingly devastating effect.

For nearly a decade, Mr Milosevic has flattened cities and entire communities in Croatia, Bosnia and now Kosovo; but this is the first time that the citizens of Belgrade, Novi Sad or Nis have had to endure the physical terrors of bombardment. Their suffering does not begin to be commensurate, where Serb forces and police deliberately hunted down non-combatants. Nato has put the avoidance of civilian casualties ahead of military effectiveness. In a battle of will as well as skill, the military value of every target has been set against the risks of civil damage. Knowing this, the military leaders are dispersing equipment to farms, woods and towns and siting anti-aircraft batteries in residential areas. Mr Milosevic's special police are taking over schools. That, and the intensification of airstrikes, will raise the death toll. But tens of thousands more will lose their jobs as more factories are destroyed. The economic damage to Yugoslavia is already huge and will become crippling. Nato started bombing with only 200 aircraft and a narrowly defined range of targets; but General Wesley Clark could soon have 1,000 planes. If Mr Milosevic does not yield, he will literally, as well as politically, have ensured the destruction of his country.

Despite this grim prospect, there has so far been little argument in Nato about

what targets are legitimate. That is because before the campaign started, the military laid out its plans in detail, placing every target before the North Atlantic Council which then scrutinised and grouped them in terms of a graduated strategy. The agreed military concept was based on the recognition that the mobile columns and small paramilitary formations in Kosovo are hard to destroy from the air. The aim is therefore to cripple these forces by attacking the entire support system on which modern military operations rely.

The longer the campaign lasts, therefore, the grimmer will be its economic impact. Tanks cannot move without fuel; but nor can tractors, and Nato claims to have destroyed 70 per cent of Yugoslav petrol, oil and lubricant stocks. Factories turning out military trucks may also make cars; a bridge at Novi Sad carried fibre optic cables, but also commercial traffic; this week's attack on a railway bridge near Leskovac hit a passenger train. As our Defence Editor reports on page 5, Nato has damaged some 200 "target areas", some of them far from Kosovo. This remains an operation under close political control; hence the efforts to spare Montenegro, whose leaders have stood out against the subjugation of Kosovo. But inescapably, this tightening of the military screws will also pulverise the Yugoslav economy.

That is why Mr Milosevic expects Nato to waver. So long as he faces no personal danger, he may hold out whatever the cost to his countrymen; before the airstrikes began, he and his profiteering henchmen and relatives had already reduced the Yugoslav rump to lawless penury. Nato's campaign continues; but at some point it will have to weigh its options. At terrible cost, airstrikes will severely disrupt the Milosevic forces; but the sombre prospect remains that it may take ground troops, backed by massive air power, to drive them out of Kosovo. Preparations for that contingency are as urgent as ever.

## ON PROBATION

Straw's tough choice looks more like a soft option

When a court sentences a criminal to probation, it should not be an easy option. Probation is not a rap on the knuckles but a manacled, albeit gentle, it has to be seen as one of a range of punishments which might follow conviction for a criminal offence. Prison may work, but not in every case. Instead, of incarceration, many offenders are sentenced to up to several hundred hours' work in the community and the intrusive supervision of their daily lives by a probation officer. But the feeling persists among many that the convict who walks out of the courtroom with just a probation order is practically a free man.

Last August Jack Straw, the Home Secretary, promised to toughen probation. A Home Office paper on co-operation between prisons and the Probation Service emphasised that punishment was a central part of the probation process. It set out plans for a National Corrections Policy Framework and a nationally run Probation Service. The paper even went so far as to suggest a new, more punitive name. It argued that justice should, however it is applied, be seen to be done. These radical proposals gave cause for hope.

A nationally run Probation Service has much to recommend it. This should enable clear standards to be set for probation services all over the country. Also, the reorganisation of local probation services into areas which correspond to police and Crown Prosecution Service boundaries should enable closer co-operation between all the law enforcement agencies.

Effective probation, however, is not easily secured by a central government department. Probation officers rely on their extensive local knowledge, gained from close contact with the criminals whom they supervise. Consequently, local probation

services need to be able to make decisions for themselves and to take action quickly. It is not yet clear whether a national Probation Service will mean a national bureaucracy and long delays as local initiatives are referred back to the Home Office for approval. Mr Straw should take care to ensure that this is not the case and that probation services retain the local autonomy which makes them work.

Mr Straw's stance on his other proposals appears to have softened. His retreat raises questions as to just how determined his reform of probation will be. In his speech to probation officers yesterday, there was no mention of renaming the service. Punishment was replaced by "Reduction of reoffending" and a National Corrections Policy was nowhere to be seen. The only indication that life might become harder for criminals on probation was in Mr Straw's suggestion that probation orders should be enforced in all cases.

Consistency would at least be a step in the right direction. Only a third of breaches of probation orders are acted upon at present. Enforcement is the key to any effective change. A new national Probation Service can set whatever standards it likes, but, unless these are actually acted upon, they will be worthless. It is not yet clear how Mr Straw's standards will be enforced. Meanwhile, the greatest hurdle to change has not yet been cleared: when will Mr Straw find the parliamentary time to push his planned legislation through? In the next parliamentary session he will be concentrating on overhauling the Race Relations Act after the Lawrence Inquiry. Probation is unlikely to make good election fodder for the year after. The Home Secretary, instead of taking a tough choice, may end up with a soft option.

## A BREATH OF FRESH ARIA

Glyndebourne makes a sound move

For all its traditions of social propriety, of opulent picnic hampers and pre-Puccini Pimm's, Glyndebourne treasures a less established, more educative, intent. Although Mozart may have remained since the 1930s a mainstay of each season, the work of less familiar composers is often scheduled too. Directors are keen to dispel rumours that their productions are as easy on the palate as a glass of chilled Sancerre. And Glyndebourne's 1994 auditorium — the first British purpose-built opera house since John Christie incorporated the original theatre into his Elizabethan mansion fifty years before — improved the acoustics as well as the seating capacity. It should not simply serve, its directors insist, as a museum to classical pieces.

Of course, as divas warm up at wistaria twined casements, any cumbersome corporate types picnicking below may enjoy humming along to familiar arias as teaspoons of caviar slip deliciously down. But Glyndebourne's programme should amount to far more than the provision of a seasonal cultural perk for the fat cat whose company made a block booking.

Nicholas Snowman, the new general director of the opera house, puts a more challenging ethos to the test. He aims to bring a breath of fresh aria to the stage.

Celebrated old favourites will still be performed but, as we report on our arts pages today, Mr Snowman is on an ambitious mission to promote more esoteric works. He plans to revive Harrison Birtwistle's massive electronic opera *The Mask of Orpheus*, to commission the young British composer Thomas Adès, and to premiere *What Next?*, a complex new miniature opera by the American Elliott Carter. Even with the most commonly hummed composers, he will delve into the archives, reviving neglected works of Monteverdi with period instruments and embarking on a German Romantic project involving several 19th-century works previously considered unredemptable.

Mr Snowman takes exciting risks — not least at the box office. Often tastes are fine-tuned by familiarity. Palates are limited by lack of directorial daring. An introduction to a broader, more dissonant, cultural repertoire may chime with many imaginations. The intimacy of Glyndebourne lends itself to such individualistic enjoyment. As for any disappointed hummers out for a free supper in the sunset, they can pack an extra bottle of Pouilly Fumé in their picnic baskets and snooze comfortably through the performance — as indeed they have traditionally done.

## Critics question Nato's campaign and its objectives

From Professor Sir Michael Howard

Sir, Professor Lawrence Freedman's article (April 9) about possible settlements for the Kosovo question raises some profoundly important issues for the conduct of the campaign.

Our ultimate objective, surely, is neither the resettlement of the refugees nor the punishment of Milosevic, but the creation of a stable settlement in the Balkans. This may best be done by the creation of a Nato protectorate over the whole of Kosovo, irrespective of the wishes of Serbia, or by some kind of agreed partition.

I am not an expert on the Balkans, but I can see the disadvantages of a condominium exercised by 19 or more Allies over a region that would still contain a resentful minority of Serbs, with an angry and revengeful homeland just beyond a long and indefensible border — a homeland made angrier and more revengeful with every bomb now being dropped. It seems a perfect recipe for a prolonged guerrilla war that would certainly keep Nato in business for the next century or so; but that is hardly the object of the exercise.

The alternative is a negotiated settlement that Serbia can live with, even if it does not satisfy the maximal demands of either side. The danger is that public opinion in the West is now becoming so heated that any compromise settlement will be condemned as surrender or, worse, "appeasement" and no Allied leader will dare to recommend it. But the longer the war goes on, the less likely it is that this option will remain open.

Sometimes making peace requires as much courage as waging war.

Yours etc,  
MICHAEL HOWARD,  
The Old Farm,  
Eastbury, Hungerford RG17 7JN.  
April 13.

From Mr Crispin Blunt, MP for Reigate (Conservative)

Sir, Many with military experience are bewildered as to how today's military leaders have allowed Nato's political leaders to get themselves into such a mess over Kosovo. They, and I, do not understand how Nato's military leaders can have allowed the organisation to embark on a military strategy that has been nothing short of an outrageous gamble given the political objectives set for it.

Against the humanitarian objectives given by the Prime Minister at the outset, the strategy has already failed. The political objectives of containment have failed. The objective of

reinforcing regional stability is being met by crises in Macedonia, Albania, Montenegro and Greece.

On the day the bombing started George Robertson told the House of Commons Defence Committee:

Our military objective — our clear, simple, military objective — will be to reduce the Serbs' capability to oppress the Albanian population and thus to avert a humanitarian disaster.

Who advised him that this could be achieved?

The Chief of Defence Staff, General Sir Charles Guthrie, has enthusiastically made the case for the current strategy in newspaper articles and at the daily press conferences. When I asked the Defence Secretary on March 31 in the House to name a single independent commentator who believed that Nato's military strategy would deliver its political objectives, he took refuge behind the advice of the Chief of Defence Staff.

There remains a disconnect between the military strategy and the new political objectives of restoring the situation in Kosovo in the wake of the humanitarian catastrophe precipitated once Milosevic decided to take Nato on. The use of air power alone continues to be an irresponsible gamble as far as these new objectives are concerned. There is no clarity about how the military means will so far achieve the aim. Instead there is a classic case of mission creep, for example with the introduction of Apache helicopters and Multiple Launch Rocket Systems (report, April 12).

If Nato articulated a military strategy that, however long it took, would deliver its political objectives, the view from Belgrade would be very different. There is no sign of this happening.

It is my judgment that it is unreasonable to expect the Armed Forces to continue to have confidence in the military advice being given to ministers by their chief military adviser. I have very reluctantly come to the conclusion that this should be said publicly. We need a new strategy and a new chief to articulate it.

Yours faithfully,  
CRISPIN BLUNT,  
House of Commons.  
April 13.

From Sir Nicholas Pearson

Sir, In the matter of Serbia our Prime Minister is said to be motivated by the wholly Christian sense that, faced by such suffering, we must do something. It appears that after some days of harrowing images on the television,

public opinion is moving behind him. I suspect not for long.

May the unpalatable truth be that there is little we can effectively do without making the whole area even more unstable? Did the Americans learn nothing from their bombing of Cambodia and destabilisation and ruin that followed the destruction of infrastructure?

There is a chilling zeal and certainty about the Prime Minister's fervour that stands at odds with the complex realities of an ancient tribal situation that, in itself, is simply not our business. Our leader's emotional calls to stop the violence are of course understandable but not by the paradoxical and wholly ineffective method of bombing.

We should immediately cease the bombing. We should seal off the area with strong Nato forces on the key borders in order to help the regional governments to maintain order and stability. We should provide massive humanitarian help where we are able. By this action Nato will have achieved order and been seen to achieve order.

We should then, for the moment, leave the region to sort out its own mess. When the parties choose to decide that economics are more important than killing each other, then we should help them all we are able.

Let us act with firmness and imagination and we may yet contain the contents of Pandora's box before it is too late.

Sincerely,  
NICHOLAS PEARSON,  
9 Upper Addison Gardens, W14 8AL.  
April 13.

From Mr M. H. Stevenson

Sir, The Nato official who banged on about the unfortunate loss of life in the attack on the Serbian rail bridge (report, April 13) should have responded to the question "Were there any civilian casualties?" by saying "Yes. Next question".

There are many who seem to think it is possible to wage a war without incurring any loss of human life. History shows this to be a futile objective. It would be a far greater tragedy if Nato allowed its resolve to be weakened by this event and demonstrated that Mr Milosevic is, indeed, as invulnerable as his followers would have us believe.

Yours etc,  
M. H. STEVENSON,  
92 Imber Road, Winchester,  
Hampshire SO23 0NH.  
stevens@uk.ibm.com  
April 13.

## Power of non-elected judiciary to change the law

From Mr Francis Bennion and Mr Gerald Howarth, MP for Aldershot (Conservative)

Sir, We write in support of Mr J. B. McGuinness (letter, April 8), who stated that the law lords had stepped over the mark in their decision regarding so-called institutionalised discrimination against women. Unfortunately such judicial expansionism is only too common today.

The former Home Office Minister, Lord Patten, recently pointed out (article, March 16) that over the years "judges have taken more and more powers to themselves", and that this, when linked to the new constitutional role that legislation is giving them, radically alters the balance of power in the State. It upsets that separation of powers between legislature and judiciary which is one of the proud boasts of our constitution.

In another recent article (*New Law Journal*, March 19) one of the undersigned, Francis Bennion, criticised the decision of the law lords in the Kleinwort Benson case. Here, by three to two, they purported to overturn, as if by parliamentary legislation, the longstanding rule of the common law that payments made under a mistake of law are irrecoverable. One of the majority, Lord Goff of Chieveley, blantly described what they were doing as the "abrogation" of this rule. Abrogation equals repeal, and our judges do not possess the repealing power. It seems that some of them are seeking to assume it.

The latter article also criticised another recent decision where the law lords (again by three to two) purported to change the longstanding common law rule that highways are only to be used for passing and repassing, and matters incidental to that. The Lord Chancellor, Lord Irvine of Lairg, decided this was too constricted for modern conditions. You reported him (Law Report, March 5) as saying: "To limit lawful use of the highway to that which is literally 'incidental or ancillary' to the right of passage would be to place an unrealistic and unwarranted restriction on commonplace day-to-day activities. The public highway was a public place that the public might enjoy for any reasonable purpose."

The OED (second edition, 1994) defines "warranted" as "allowed by law or authority; approved; justified; sanctioned". The Lord Chancellor is saying that the well-established existing rule about highways is "unwarranted" when in fact it is just the opposite.

These matters go to the heart of how we are governed as a nation, and affect everyone. In particular they affect the business community, who look to certainty in the law. The growing propensity of judges to change the law whenever they see fit is dangerous to our commercial prosperity, as well as to our freedom.

Changes in the law should be made by Parliament after full public consultation and debate. They should not be made by judges, who are appointed not elected and lack the means to con-

sult those affected and to acquire the necessary background information.

Yours faithfully,  
FRANCIS BENNION,  
GERALD HOWARTH,  
c/o 5 Old Nursery View,  
Kennington, Oxford OX1 5NT.  
April 10.

From Sir Christopher Staughton

Sir, Naturally enough I share the concern of Mr McGuinness at a recent decision of the law lords, since it overruled a decision of my own.

The right of refugees to asylum granted by the Geneva Convention is, it would seem, to be greatly extended. But the remedy which he proposes must be scrutinised with great care, lest it turn out to be worse than the disease.

That the selection process for the judiciary should become "more open and accountable" is fine. Are we then to have judges elected by popular vote, and dismissed in the same way? In at least one country where that happens there are cases — no doubt rare — of quite improper pressure being deliberately imposed on judges, by politicians for populist reasons.

We must tread warily in changing the method of appointing judges — for fear of something worse.

Yours truly,  
CHRISTOPHER STAUGHTON,  
20 Essex Street, WC2R 3AL.  
April 9.

## Cost of music lessons

From Mr David Andrews

Sir, I moved from being a comprehensive school head of music to an independent boarding school 22 years ago, partly because I saw where the local education authority music provision was leading (letter, April 5).

At the time I was criticised for furthering musical elitism. Who is encouraging elitism now?

State school parents pay up to 50 per cent more for the same lessons as provided by the all-graduate staff at my own school.

The children in our new prep school will be able to start musical instruments on a one-to-one basis at below the state cost, and this is just the age to encourage learning — strings especially.

Many local authorities pay little more than lip service to their peripatetic music service. The more honest ones actually admit it.

Yours faithfully,  
DAVID ANDREWS,  
Harrogate Ladies' College,  
Clarence Drive,  
Harrogate HG1 2QG.  
music@hlc.org.uk  
April 5.

## John Diamond's battle with cancer

From Mrs Verena Pentlow

Sir, John Diamond (book extracts, March 29 and 30; columns April 3 and 10) may fight shy of adjectives such as brave and courageous in his battle with cancer, but there can be few readers left unmoved by his humble and humorous approach.

As children, my two siblings and I lived, with our mother, through my father's long and brave battle with cancer. However, there was no communication about his illness, either between him and his doctors or with us as a family, and the effects are still with us today to the extent that I find this letter difficult to write.

Carry on John, enjoying your family and puppy, with openness, honesty and laughter. May you enjoy many more precious moments.

Yours faithfully,  
VERENA PENTLOW,  
11 Wells Road,  
Riseley, Bedford MK44 1DY.  
April 10.

From Dr Justin Stebbing

Sir, From across the Atlantic my colleagues and I read John Diamond with deep affection and are reminded of a quote from the American author Theodore H. White (*The Book of Beasts*, Dover Publications, 1984):

"The best thing for being sad... is to learn something. That is the only thing that never fails. You may grow old and trembling in your anatomies, you may lie awake at night listening to the disorder of your veins, you may miss your only love, you may see the world about you devastated by evil lunatics, or know your honour trampled in the sewers of baser minds. There is only one thing for it then — to learn. Learn why the world wags and what wags it."

This is the only thing that the mind can never exhaust, never alienate, never be tortured by, never fear or distrust, and never dream of regretting.

From you, John Diamond, we are as ever humbled and learn so much. Thank you always.  
Sincerely,  
JUSTIN STEBBING,  
Department of Medicine,  
The Johns Hopkins Hospital,  
Baltimore, Maryland 21205.  
jsteb@welchlink.welch.jhu.edu  
April 10.

## Joy of birdwatching

From the Reverend Ian Stratton

Sir, When Burma became independent on January 4, 1948, British Forces personnel sailed from Rangoon in the *SS Empire Trooper*. The servicemen on board received a surprise when the voice of the Officer Commanding Troops came over the Tannoy system, not with the expected disciplinary notices but describing the gulls following the ship and enthusing about one among them, a vagrant of a species normally found in northern waters.

One of those servicemen later became a birdwatcher himself, but until reading your obituary notice of Lieutenant-Colonel C. L. Boyle (April 2) he never knew the name of the enthusiast who had first shown him the joy the hobby can give, and the influence that sharing the joy can have.

Yours faithfully,  
IAN STRATTON,  
20 Bradley Road,  
Warminster, Wiltshire BA12 8BP.  
April 8.

## Scottish victory

From Mr Alasdair Hunter

Sir, After the shenanigans before the start of the Five Nations Championship over England's participation, how correct has the decision to reinstate them been seen to be.

My fellow Scots (and probably not a few Welsh or Irish) would, I'm sure, agree that winning a tournament that did not include England would be a hollow victory indeed.

Yours faithfully,  
ALASDAIR HUNTER,  
Chequers Lodge, Chequers Close,  
Grimston, King's Lynn PE32 1AT.  
April 11.

## EU patron saint

From Mr James Macdonald

Sir, The European Union may have its flag, but it lacks a patron saint. With the European Central Bank's inflexible control in mind, I propose the tyrant Procrustes. His chop or stretch methods of harmonisation make him the ideal candidate.

Yours faithfully,  
JAMES MACDONALD,  
58 Clifford Avenue,  
Taunton, Somerset TA2 6DL.  
April 12.

## Otherwise engaged

From Mr P. D. Doherty

Sir, What freak of circumstance renders the inaptly named customer care service lines of service providers permanently engaged, or otherwise unobtainable, while their sales/marketing lines are always open and readily accessible?

Yours faithfully,  
P. D. DOHERTY,  
5 Tancred Road,  
Luton, Bedfordshire LU2 7XA.  
April 13.

## Civil legal aid

From the Director of Victim Support

Sir, The Access to Justice Bill returns to the House of Commons on Wednesday, April 14. Yet some of its provisions seem to conflict with the Protection from Harassment Act — a previous piece of Labour government legislation.

The Act provides special protection for victims of racial harassment, stalking and domestic violence, often by way of an injunction gained through the civil courts. However, the new legislation prioritises civil legal aid only to victims of direct violence. Victims of harassment — a problem which has only recently been recognised — are left unprotected.

We hope the Government will look at this again during the time that the Bill remains in the Commons in order to ensure that civil legal aid is equally available for all victims requiring protection from harassment.

Yours faithfully,  
HELEN REEVES,  
Director,  
Victim Support,  
Cranmer House,  
39 Brickton Road, SW9 6DZ.  
April 12.

## Last in the field

From the Deputy Bailiff of Jersey

Sir, In your report on the Scottish elections (April 9) you described Culloden as "the last real [my italics] battle fought on British soil".

Last year I approached (with some trepidation) an enormous Scots guard at Culloden and spoke with some indignation, as a native Jerseyman, of the Battle of Jersey, January 1781. He fixed me with a withering look: "This was the last pitched battle on British soil."

"Real?" "Pitched?" What then was the Battle of Jersey, immortalised by Copley's great painting in the Tate Gallery?

Yours faithfully,  
FRANCIS HAMON,  
The Bailiff's Chambers,  
Royal Court House, Jersey JE1 1DD.  
April 9.

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Letters should carry a daytime telephone number. They may be faxed to 0171-782 5046, e-mail to: letters@the-times.co.uk







APRIL 14 1999  
marriages

OBITUARIES

Lord Stott, Lord Advocate, 1964-67, and Senator of the College of Justice in Scotland, 1967-84, died on April 12 aged 89. He was born on December 22, 1909.

Lord Stott was a man of independent mind who was not afraid to take on the legal establishment. His diaries, published intermittently after his retirement, were an odd mixture of the profound and the banal, of political reflection and mere gossip. They were far from flattering about many of his judicial colleagues, but cast as much light on his own character. George Gordon Stott was the youngest son of the Rev Dr G. Gordon Stott, minister of Cramond, near Edinburgh. He was educated at Cramond School, Edinburgh Academy, and Edinburgh University, where he was admitted to the Faculty of Advocates in 1936. He became active in Labour politics, and as a conscientious objector when war broke out he was sent to work in agriculture. After his first posting, to a

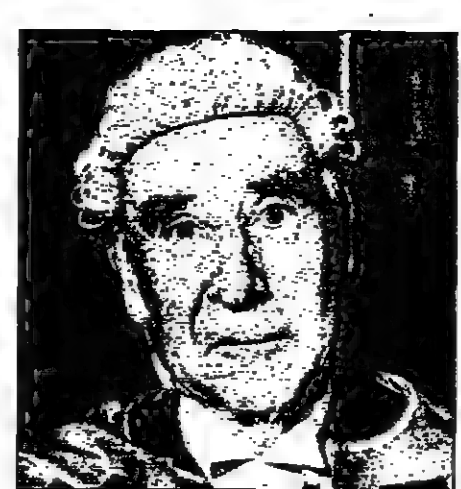
farm in Fife, he was appointed a milk recorder and toured the country, rising with the lark to log the yields.

He appeared free of charge before the tribunals on behalf of many other conscientious objectors and from 1939 to 1944 edited the *Edinburgh Clarion*, the journal of Edinburgh West Labour Party, which appeared with the subtitle "For socialism and peace". The sincerity of his pacifism was generally acknowledged and proved no hindrance to his career. He was a member of the Monopolies Commission, 1949-56, and took silk in 1950.

He soon acquired a certain celebrity in legal circles for his courage in confronting Lord Clyde, who had become Lord President in 1954 and was habitually rude and imperious. Stott's diary described him as "the worst judge I have ever known" and deplored his habit of committing his "extempore" judgments to writing in advance and "concealing" his fellow judges into agreeing with him. Stott was scornful of those who passively did so. He had the temerity to appeal

against many of Lord Clyde's judgments to the House of Lords, and was consistently successful.

When he himself became a judge in 1967, he continued to oppose Clyde's dictats, particularly over civil damages. In the Scottish courts these had been held far below the level in England. Some senior judges took a perverse pride in what they regarded as a tradition of honest poverty. Lord Stott perceived that not only was this inequitable, but it would ultimately bring the law of Scotland into disrepute by driving people to seek redress in the other jurisdiction.



In 1968 Stott made his point in the case of McCullum v Paterson. A woman seriously injured in a car accident had been awarded damages of £23,000 by a jury. A bench of three judges had ordered a new trial on the ground that the award was excessive. Stott's charge to the jury at the second trial ran contrary to the orthodoxy and he persuaded them to maintain the award at £22,000. This was again set aside by the First Division, and the pursuer eventually settled out of court for £10,000, a result Stott described as "most unfortunate". He did not abandon his campaign, and

when a similar case came before him the following year he was able to award a large sum of damages. Scottish damages now more or less conform to English standards.

In 1964 Stott had been appointed Lord Advocate in the Wilson Government. He did not find the duties of Scotland's chief law officer particularly onerous, but derived satirical pleasure from the foibles of the senior Labour politicians he encountered. Patrick Gordon Walker "waffled away as usual, assuring us with obvious truth that he had a completely open mind". He became disillusioned by Wilson's drift away from socialism and support for the Americans in Vietnam, and when a vacancy arose on the Bench he pursued his brief career in politics to a close. But then in 1972 he found himself on front pages.

In a divorce case, Stott ruled against William Cordiner, a well-known criminal with a string of convictions. Cordiner had conducted his own case, and when the judgment went against him began to

shout abusive threats at the judge and the entire court. Stott had him taken below in handcuffs and then sentenced him to three years' imprisonment for contempt, a decision denounced by Bernard Levin in this newspaper as "savage". Cordiner spent almost five months in prison before eventually being released on appeal.

After Stott's retirement in 1984, his diaries began to appear. *Lord Advocate's Diary* (1992) and *Judge's Diary* (1995) both reveal a relish for the culture of the vernacular (he had the occasional habit, in court, of breaking into broad Scots). A certain parsimoniousness — on one occasion he records climbing a fence rather than paying for entry to a local gymkhana — contrasts with his acts of spontaneous generosity. He once sent a cheque for £500 out of his own pocket, to a woman who had lost her arm in a spin-dryer. He had represented her, but she had not, he felt, been given justice.

He is survived by his wife Nancy, whom he married in 1947, and by their son and one daughter.

## SQUADRON LEADER H. B. 'MICKY' BELL-SYER

Squadron Leader H. B. 'Micky' Bell-Syer, AFC, fighter and test pilot, died on March 12 aged 80. He was born on December 9, 1918.

Blinded and badly burnt when his Hurricane was shot down over France in May 1940, Micky Bell-Syer made a remarkable recovery and was later able to undertake some of the most dangerous test-flying of the war. He was awarded his Air Force Cross in 1942 for top secret work he did at the Armament and Experimental Establishment at Boscombe Down.

This involved him and the handful of pilots selected for the work in taking off and landing with lethal cargoes of materials for a chemical weapons programme which, fortunately, never had to be activated in the struggle against Germany. The citation for Bell-Syer's AFC acknowledged "the taking of risks not required of any other pilots in the Service".

Herbert Benjamin Bell-Syer (who loathed his Christian names) joined the RAF from school in 1937. In May 1940 he was posted to No 73 Squadron, whose Hurricanes had been in France since September the previous year as part of the Advanced Air Striking Force. When the German Blitzkrieg began on May 10, No 73 was immediately in the thick of the action against the overwhelming tactical air power which supported the German advance into France and the Low Countries.

On May 24 Bell-Syer was

flying one of four Hurricanes on patrol in the Cambrai area when they spotted a force of 30 Heinkel bombers supported by an equal number of Messerschmitt 110 fighters, heading to attack British and French troops on the ground. Undeterred by the odds, the Hurricanes wheeled into the attack and two of their number, including Bell-Syer, were shot down. Bailing out of his blazing aircraft, he was last



seen descending rapidly with a large rent in his parachute. He was posted as missing and was assumed to have been killed.

In fact, he had landed, if not safely, at least alive. And when on June 6, with the Dunkirk evacuation complete, one of his colleagues was sent to search for other downed 73 Squadron pilots in French hospitals that had not yet been overrun, he found Bell-Syer lying badly wounded and burnt in a hospital near Le Mans. With the signing of an Armistice in June, Bell-Syer was evacuated in a two-day grace period.

He was blinded, badly disfigured with burns to the face and hands, and had a severe shrapnel wound. A recovery complete enough to enable him to return to flying certainly could not have been predicted. But at Sir Archibald MacIndoe's famous burns unit at East Grinstead he eventually recovered his sight and, thanks to the surgeon's legendary skill, his handsome face was returned to normal.

Bell-Syer was enabled to return to flying early in 1941 and his exceptional skill as a pilot commended him to Boscombe Down, where he spent a good deal of the remainder of the war testing all sorts of aircraft. These ranged from biplanes to high-performance interceptor fighters and four-engined bombers.

He retired from the RAF as a squadron leader in 1947 and then went to Hawker Siddeley as a test pilot. By the time he retired from Hawker Siddeley 17 years later he had flown more than 80 different types of aircraft in his career.

In 1966 he joined the David McCall bloodstock agency, which was also the racing manager for Charles, Earl of Harewood, a breeding and racing empire spanning Europe, South Africa and America. A great bon vivant, Bell-Syer was responsible for entertaining clients, something he did with great style.

Micky Bell-Syer married, in 1943, Elizabeth (Lady Burgh), divorced wife of the 6th Baron Burgh. This marriage was dissolved. He is survived by his companion of the last 18 years, Patricia Lady Foley.

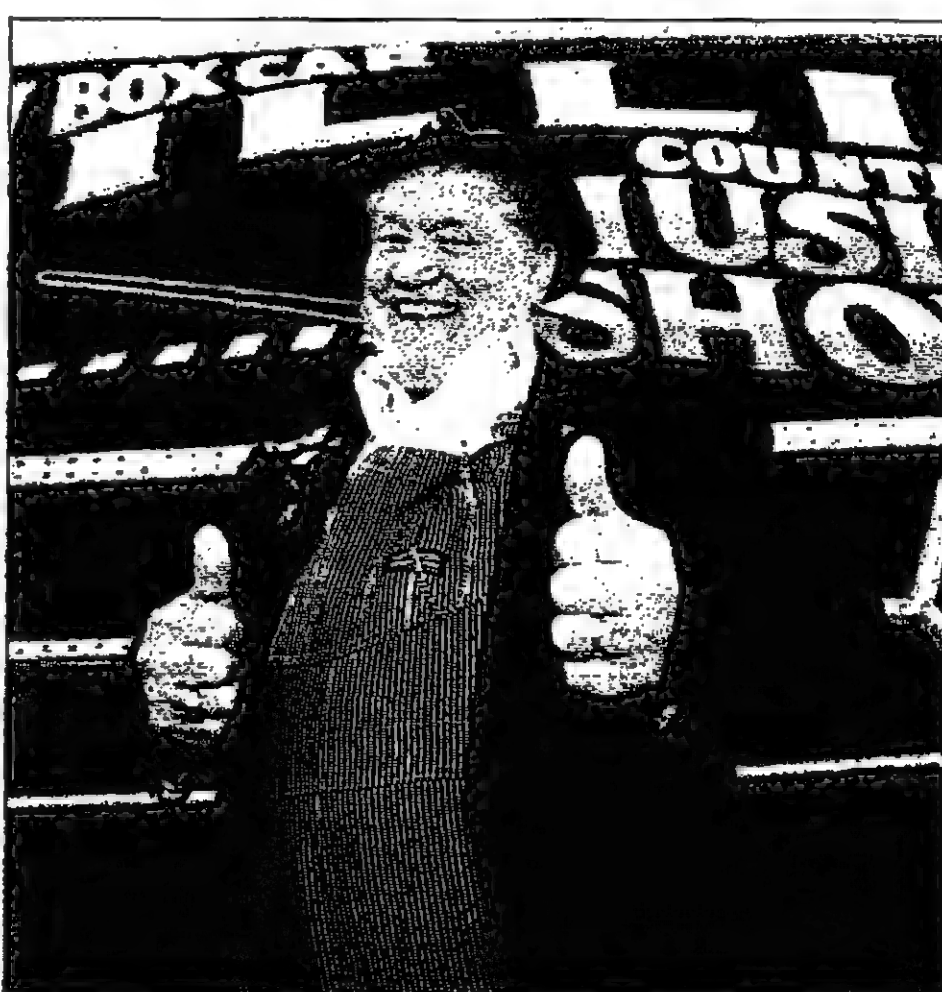
Boxcar Willie, country music singer, died of leukaemia on April 12 aged 67. He was born on September 1, 1931.

In little more than a decade "the world's favourite hobo" made 15 gold and four platinum albums, with titles like *Boxcar Willie's Truck Driving Songs* and *King of the Freight Train*. He was perhaps best known for his version of *King of the Road*, but was happy to indulge every kind of sentiment, from *Achy Breaky Heart* to *How Great Thou Art* and *Jesus Makes House Calls*. He probably meant it all.

Lecl Travis Martin, born in Sterrett, near Dallas, Texas, was naturally keen to change his name and to run away from home. Known at first as Marty Martin, he often skipped school to "ride the rails", seeing America from the freight trains, and adopting their whistle as part of his repertoire. His father was a farmer who played the fiddle on his porch, and lent a hand on the railways — so he could sing *Daddy Was a Railroad Man* with pride.

He grew up admiring the genuine country singing of Jimmie Rodgers, Hank Williams and Lefty Frizzell, and in his teens he played guitar and sang in jamborees all over Texas. He recorded an album in the late 1950s: *Marty Martin Sings Country Music and Stuff Like That*. It was not enough to make him famous, though, and he was to spend 22 years in the US Air Force, clocking up a huge mileage as a flier. Later, he was loyal to the Services, and maintained his links through numerous organisations.

## BOXCAR WILLIE



Boxcar Willie outside his theatre in Branson, Missouri, in 1997

When he retired from the Air Force he turned back to music, and set about perfecting the hobo persona, with overalls, battered hat, worn-out shoes and two days' growth of beard. He wrote a song called *Boxcar Willie* and adopted the name for both an album and himself. At the age of 50 he

won a Music City award for Most Promising Male Vocalist, and in 1982 his recording of Johnny Cash's *Bad News* (with train-whistle embellishment) was a success in the American country charts. He never had a proper hit single, but the albums sold in large numbers, and he did

especially well in Britain, notably at the Wembley country music festivals. He was styled a "world ambassador" for the Hobo Foundation.

In 1987 he bought a 900-seat theatre "with authentic charm" in Branson, Missouri, a little town with 3,700 residents, hundreds of country shows,

fifty hotels and millions of visitors. This move to America's music show capital, set in the Ozark Mountains, put him in gentle competition with the Osmonds, Elvis imitators, Whispering Bill, the Lennon Brothers playing "caterpillar" and the Baldknobbers Jamboree (founded 1959), a musical comedy variety revue with sad-sack hillbilly clowns and good ole pickin' and a singin'.

The town may be a collective nostalgic fantasy about rural America, but it turns over money as surely and steadily as a Las Vegas fruit machine. Fans flock. Boxcar Willie performed six times a week for nine months of the year, as well as encouraging newcomers to take to the stage and instructing them on what would work best in that world of rhinestone-splashed sincerity. It was quite a shock when fellow country singer David Allan Coe broke ranks to mock Boxcar Willie's name and train whistles.

Willie and his wife composed an enormous number of songs around a small number of themes, but he was most noted for renditions of old favourites such as *Wabash Cannonball*, and for his duets with performers such as Carol Lee Cooper and Willie Nelson (who also has a theatre in Branson).

In 1990 he opened the Boxcar Willie Railroad and Airplane Museum, next door to his theatre and convenient for Ripley's Believe It or Not Museum, Ride the Ducks and the Hollywood Wax Museum.

He appeared in the film *Sweet Dreams* (1985), about Patsy Kline. His ambition was to raise the *Titanic*.

He is survived by his wife and their two daughters.

## PERSONAL COLUMN

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### LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE  
NO. 1543 OF 1998  
CHANCERY DIVISION COMPANIES  
SECTION 122 (1) (b) ORDER  
MARRIAGES LIMITED  
AND IN THE MATTER OF THE  
COMPANIES ACT 1985

### TRUSTEE ACTS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN  
THAT THE TRUSTEE ACTS  
1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000  
AND 2001 HAVE BEEN  
ENACTED BY PARLIAMENT

### PUBLIC NOTICES

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN  
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN  
THAT THE TRUSTEE ACTS  
1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000  
AND 2001 HAVE BEEN  
ENACTED BY PARLIAMENT

### LEGAL, PUBLIC, COMPANY & PARLIAMENTARY NOTICES

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### LANDSLIDE IN WALES

A mountain landslide at New Tredegar in the early hours of yesterday morning has overwhelmed the Powell Duffryn Colliery situated at the base of the mountain and completely blocked the Great Western Railway branch line and the main road to Abergyswg. Most of the surface buildings at the colliery have been wrecked, the ironwork of the pit shaft has been twisted and bent as if by the hand of some monstrous giant, and a considerable length of retaining wall built to protect the colliery premises and the railway lies buried under the debris.

### ON THIS DAY

April 14, 1930  
The Welsh coalfields are no stranger to disaster. This one, unlike Aberfan, caused no fatalities but overwhelmed the Powell Duffryn Colliery at New Tredegar under thousands of tons of earth and rock.

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## NEWS

## More troops bound for Macedonia

■ Britain is sending another 2,000 troops, with tanks and artillery, to the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, to be part of an international force for eventual deployment in Kosovo. Announcing the armoured battle group reinforcement in the Commons, Tony Blair said the extra troops were not being sent to invade Kosovo but to be ready to implement a peace settlement. Reports, pages 1, 4-8

## Prisoner releases could be stopped

■ The Government may be forced to consider halting prisoner releases if the Northern Ireland peace process has to be suspended. That would jeopardise the release of such figures as the Brighton bomber Patrick Magee and increase the likelihood of the Good Friday accord unravelling during a summer of contentious parades and European elections. Page 1

## Bank boss lasts a day

Mike O'Neill, a 52-year-old American banker and former US Marine taken on to revive the ailing fortunes of Barclays Bank, lasted just one day on the job before succumbing to ill health. Pages 1, 3

## Snow mars cricket

Snow stopped play on the opening day of the county cricket season. Last year the opening fixtures of the cricket season saw scarcely any action, but it didn't snow until day two. Page 1

## Railtrack condemned

Britain's railways are in a worse condition than they were under British Rail, according to a critical Government report on Railtrack's first four years. Page 2

## Tory confusion

William Hague shunned the national spotlight to launch his party's local election campaign at a school in true blue Tunbridge Wells in Kent — sparking confusion at Westminster over the Tories' declared aim of using the campaign to boost the party leader's public profile. Page 2

## Airbag warning urged

An airbag may have caused a woman's death in a head-on crash, an inquest was told. Jennifer Reichardt was said to have suffered a rare skull fracture when the inflating bag knocked her backwards into her seat's headrest. Page 3

## Dressmaker stitches up royal deal

■ In the front room of a tiny ground floor flat, the wedding dress of royal bride Sophie Rhys-Jones is being designed by a young designer who caters for an elite circle of Chelsea socialites. Samantha Shaw, however, is about to be catapulted on to the world stage after her position as maker of The Royal Dress was confirmed yesterday. Page 9

## Blair's vision for NHS

Tony Blair has unveiled his vision of a revamped NHS, which would see doctors' surgeries open like high street shops and allow patients to drop in without an appointment, and medical advice for doctors and patients to be posted on the Internet. Page 9

## Woodhead battle

The former wife of Chris Woodhead emerged from the shadows of a left-wing campaign to destabilise him — to challenge the Prime Minister to dismiss him as Chief Inspector of Schools. Page 11

## Kvaerner jobs threat

The Government was holding crisis talks to find new buyers for a Scottish shipyard and other operations after Kvaerner announced a shake-up threatening 5,000 British jobs. Page 12

## Movie beers banned

Move-makers are threatening to ban all blockbuster screenings at the Metro cinema in Penistone, near Barnsley, unless the operators stop the introduction of intervals for beers at the bar. Page 13

## Tunnel flames fanned

A decision by Italian officials to open a ventilation shaft when a fire broke out last month in the Mont Blanc tunnel linking France and Italy may have fanned the inferno, in which at least 41 people died, a preliminary report said. Page 14



Kvaerner is to sell its British engineering interests, including the Govan shipyard in Glasgow, putting thousands of jobs at risk. Page 12

## Supermarket sweep

Tesco revealed trading data for last year which reveals that it is streaking away from Sainsbury's. But Tesco's opening hours have been criticised by the Irish Prime Minister Bertie Ahern. Page 23

## Net head

A 35-year-old accountant has been made head of Freeserve, the Internet arm of Dixons, the electrical retailer. John Pluthero will become chief executive of a business which Dixons is looking at making a separate company. Page 23

## Markets

The FTSE 100 index broke new ground, finishing at a record 6513, up 71 points on the day. The pound finished marginally up against the dollar on \$1.6167, while the euro slid about a third of penny to 66.75p. Pages 23, 26

TOMORROW  
IN THE TIMES

■ FILMS  
Rupert Everett, left, plays Lord Goring in Oscar Wilde's *An Ideal Husband*

■ BOOKS  
Is Michael Eisner of Disney the most important Hollywood mogul since Jack Warner sold his studio?

## Saving tips

How to remortgage and save money; why it could pay to copy your children's financial habits; the best way to provide for a wrinkle-free retirement. Page 15

## Passing on skills

The theory of memes — ideas or skills that we copy — suggests that imitation has a role in evolution. Page 16

## Lauren's story

Cherie Booth's sister Lauren denies that her activities have strained her links with the Blairs. Page 17

## Joanna Coles

"In London nothing would have persuaded me to attend a breakfast lecture. But here the hours from 6am to 9am are time-aching to be filled." Page 17

## Dirty work

Householders living on contaminated land are angry that they may have to pay for clean-up costs. Page 32

## On the face of things

It is easy to dismiss Chinese Premier Zhu Rongji's current visit to Washington as a failure because the big prize, China's accession to the World Trade Organisation, has eluded him. This, of course, is regrettable. But has Mr Zhu really walked away empty-handed? Not really — if one looks at the other achievements of his trip, the Chinese leader has scored. The Straits Times, Singapore

## RADIO &amp; TV

Preview: Brenda Blethyn and Julie Walters star in the heart-warming drama *Girls' Night* (ITV, 9pm) Review: Peter Barnard marvels at the achievement of the *Breitling Orbiter 3* balloonists. Pages 42, 43

## ECONOMY

## Clear targets

The longer the campaign lasts, the grimmer will be its impact on the Yugoslav economy. Page 19

## On probation

Last August Jack Straw promised to toughen up probation. His retreat on other proposals raises questions as to how tough his shake-up of probation will be. Page 19

## A breath of fresh air

Glynedebourne's new general director takes exciting risks — not least at the box office. Page 19

## PETER RIDDELL

The ends are broadly agreed, but the means remain cloudy. Backing at Westminster for the Nato military action in Kosovo has increased since before Easter. Page 8

## SIMON JENKINS

Having pulled Mr Milosevic on to the punch, the coherent policy would at least be to punch him properly — a policy to which gun-ho American opinion appears to be dragging Britain. But such a policy must be made. Page 18

## ROGER SCRUTON

The English will, instead, set out in search of their civilisation — the continuous tradition of which gives them a claim to nationhood equal to that of the Scots and Serbs. And they will discover that they have forgotten it. Page 18

## ALAN COREN

The Palace has granted me exclusive access to their fat dossier on the first couple to pass the rigorous selection process. Page 18

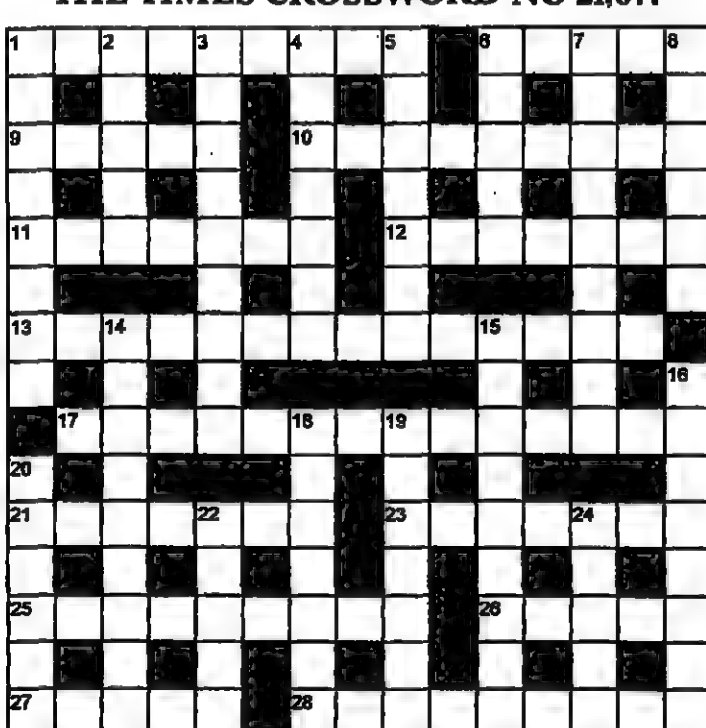
## LORD STOTT

Senator of the College of Justice in Scotland 1967-84; Squadron Leader H. B. "Mick" Bell-Syer, fighter pilot; Boxer Willie, country music singer; Professor Frank Lees, engineer. Page 21

## Criticism of the Nato campaign

John Diamond's battle with cancer; power of the judiciary; civil legal aid; last British battle; cost of music lessons; birdwatching. Page 19

## THE TIMES CROSSWORD NO 21,077



## ACROSS

- 1 Joined prisoner at end of sentence outside prison (9).
- 2 The Black Watch? (5).
- 3 Jazz show shown by broadcaster half-heartedly (5).
- 4 Noticing bishop in old boots, say (9).
- 5 Former partner's generous, for instance (7).
- 6 Tragic prisoner in song bound to be rejected (7).
- 7 Devastation of land enabled everyone to see ultimate issue (2-3-3-3).
- 8 Busy doctor helped with his cases (8,6).
- 9 Shake sauce to go on unopened bun (7).
- 10 Fellow sent back by boss in plant (7).
- 11 Some junk — the amount found in sewer? (9).

## Solution to Puzzle No 21,076

REIMMENT AGACIA  
BLANKET COVERAGE  
U V E T N A I N  
FAIRWAY SANGRIA  
F T A I U B  
CARVATIO PETAL  
S I O E E E  
THEWS PURCHASE  
O T H E T D  
CAPRICE LEANDER  
K U L A O R R A  
POSITIVEVENTING  
O H O V E E V G  
TRYING ORANGERY

## DOWN

- 1 Like fine construction, easily damaged by falling under horse and trap (8).
- 2 Point to one area that was formerly part of Africa (5).
- 3 Distilled university, new one, in London area (9).
- 4 I must be held up in a vessel as far away as possible (7).
- 5 Catch, dashed upset, seen wriggling about (7).
- 6 Composer's sentence: court quashed (5).
- 7 Foreign money invested in glamorous and ambitious contract (5,4).
- 8 Husband subsequently admitted making fuss (6).
- 9 A push name involved with the top club (9).
- 10 Feeling upset, left old colony, predicting ruin (4-5).
- 11 European schoolboys finally moved (8).
- 12 Accomplished FBI agent scoffed too much (7).
- 13 People initially going to suffer under minor potentate (7).
- 14 Ask bridge player about one opponent in game of cards (6).
- 15 Drawing instrument found among dividers? (5).
- 16 Language from officer disheartened one (5).

Times Two Crossword, page 44

## AA INFORMATION

Labour Road and Weather conditions  
UK Weather: All regions 0330 444 910  
UK Roads: All regions 0330 441 410  
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## Losing the old spark

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# THE TIMES

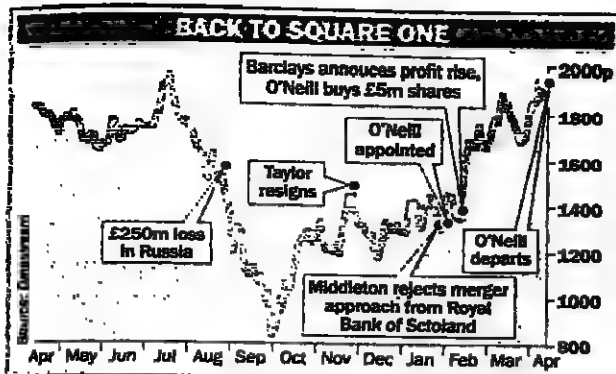
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Sport, page 44

BUSINESS EDITOR Patience Wheatcroft

WEDNESDAY APRIL 14 1999

## Barclays starts search again as O'Neill goes



By CAROLINE MERRELL  
BANKING CORRESPONDENT

THE shock departure of Mike O'Neill, Barclays chief executive, after just 18 days in the post, leaves Sir Peter Middleton, the bank's group chief executive, once again desperately seeking a replacement for Martin Taylor, who quit in November last year, with a £15 million payoff.

Shares in Barclays initially fell 49p on the news of Mr O'Neill's resignation, but ended trading up 46p on the day at 1919p. The market is taking the view that Barclays without O'Neill could become a takeover target.

After the emergence of the heart complaint over which he resigned, coming after a bout of influenza, Mr O'Neill actually only spent one day in the office in London — and that was the day he resigned.

Sir Peter said yesterday that he intended to go back to the shortlist he had drawn up before appointing Mr O'Neill.

He did not rule out an internal appointment or the appointment of another American banker. He said that all the executive directors had been interviewed for the position. Those considered include Christopher Lendrum, chief executive of corporate banking, and John Varley, chief executive of retail services.

Sir Peter promised that the appointment would be made swiftly. He said: "We have got to take a quick decision. This is different to when Martin went. All the businesses have been doing very well. There have not been any board disputes." Ruling himself out, he added: "It has never been my ambition to do this job."

Sir Peter also confirmed that Andrew Budon, who is to stand down as chairman, following the annual meeting on April 23, is to stay on contract to the Barclays Middle Eastern division on an annual salary of £120,000 for 60 days of consultancy a year.

He also said that he was continuing with plans to appoint a finance director, although Oliver Stocken, who was due to step down at the AGM would continue for the time being.

Earlier this year, it was revealed that Sir Peter had rejected a merger with Royal Bank of Scotland, headed by Sir George Mathewson. Sir Peter admitted that the bank had been in talks with a number of different financial institutions about deals.

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Unit trusts: 30



Janet Bush says that euro woes should come as no surprise  
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STOCK MARKET	
FTSE 100	6513.1 (+71.9)
Yield	5.12%
FTSE All-Share	2882.1 (+23.0)
Nikkei	16715.16 (+207.70)
New York	
Dow Jones	10373.08 (+33.57)
S&P Composite	1351.67 (+5.97)
US RATE	
Federal Funds	4.75% (4.75%)
Long bond	5.5% (5.7%)
Yield	5.49% (5.45%)
LONDON MONEY	
3-mth base rate	5% (5.75%)
Libor 3m	117.56 (118.27)
STERLING	
New York	1.8143* (1.8125)
London	1.8167 (1.8148)
Frankfurt	1.4883 (1.4885)
Paris	2.4023 (2.3865)
Yen	194.30 (193.59)
£ index	108.3 (107.7)
DOLLAR	
London	1.0781* (1.0814)
Frankfurt	1.4900* (1.4850)
Paris	120.90 (120.22)
Yen	108.3 (108.2)
Tokyo close Yen	120.39
NORTH SEA OIL	
Brent 15-day (Jun)	\$15.00 (\$14.75)
GOLD	
London close	\$328.85 (\$328.55)
* denotes midday trading prices	
Exchange rates	

## Shares rise to a record despite Kosovo worries

By ALASDAIR MURRAY  
ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

THE stock market yesterday shook off concern about the intensifying conflict in Kosovo to hit a record closing high and take its rise this year past 10 per cent.

European markets also gained, playing down reports that Serb troops had crossed into Albania and shrugging off rising criticism of the European Central Bank's performance.

Dresdner Bank claimed that last week's ECB rate cut had undermined the fledgling central bank's credibility and had increased the chance of a rise in European rates by the end of the year.

The markets, however, were again encouraged by a bullish mood on Wall Street, where benign economic data helped to ease lingering concern that the US economy may overheat.

US consumer prices rose by 0.3 per cent in March, only slightly above the 0.1 per cent recorded in February. Consumer sales growth also eased back to a modest 0.2 per cent. The data helped push the Dow Jones industrial average, which scored a record close on Monday, gently higher in early trade.

In London the FTSE 100 index closed up 71.9 points at 6513.1, just short of an all-time peak of 6519.5 set earlier in the day. The London market has now risen by 10.7 per cent in 1999.

Shares in Paris climbed to a new high for 1999, and German shares rose 1.1 per cent as investors retained a positive view of last week's half-point ECB rate cut.

However, Klaus Friedrich, Dresdner Bank's chief economist, yesterday made a stinging attack on the ECB rate cut, claiming that it had only increased economic uncertainty in the euro area.

Herr Friedrich said that the unexpectedly big cut belied the ECB's commitment to market transparency. It had also raised doubt about whether the ECB is committed to a Bundesbank-style policy of monetary stability or whether it has opted for the more activist stance of the US Federal Reserve or the Bank of England.

"The possible result of this month's interest rate cut could be that the ECB has to raise rates again sooner than it would otherwise," Herr Friedrich said. "This is the danger of following an activist policy."

Euro woes, page 27

## Tesco's performance leaves rivals trailing

By SARAH CUNNINGHAM  
RETAIL CORRESPONDENT

TESCO, the largest supermarket group in Britain, revealed yesterday that it is streaking further ahead of J Sainsbury, its nearest rival, with an increase in market share to 15.8 per cent from 15.2 per cent.

Tesco, which reported a £1 billion rise in sales to £18.5 billion for last year, also revealed plans to step up its expansion at home and abroad with investments of £1.3 billion. The move will create 20,000 jobs, half of them overseas.

Terry Leahy, chief executive,

THE Irish Prime Minister has attacked plans by Tesco to open an all-year, 24-hour supermarket in Dublin (Audrey Magee writes). Bertie Aherne described the plan as "not something that the public are demanding," adding: "There is a Christmas requirement as obviously people are busy, but to do that on a year-round basis is just pressing the staff and

the workers to an unnecessary degree." Mr Aherne's intervention will be a blow to Tesco which is struggling to gain acceptance in the Irish Republic despite becoming the second-largest chain after a £630 million acquisition two years ago. In January, the Irish director of consumer affairs launched an inquiry into claims of overcharging.

said that the recent price-cutting campaign had boosted Tesco's sales, which were up 4 per cent like-for-like in the year as a whole. He said that in the past few weeks this had increased to nearer 5 per cent. The industry average is about 1.5 per cent. "They are

doing a lot better than their rivals, and the figures should show a big contrast with Sainsbury's," one analyst said. Tesco's underlying pre-tax profit rose from £817 million to £881 million. A number of analysts increased their forecasts for current-year profit from

about £942 million to £960 million. The company will pay a final dividend of 2.87p, giving a total of 4.12p (3.57p).

J Sainsbury is due to report third-quarter trading figures on Friday and is also set to cut up to 350 head office jobs. Already this week it has announced the closure of its Sav-

centre headquarters, with the loss of more than 200 jobs. Analysts' expectations are that Sainsbury's recent like-for-like sales will be up not much more than 1 per cent.

Tesco also revealed that it plans to increase the number of stores that will deliver to customers ordering via the Internet from 11 to 100. Tesco's free Internet access business has attracted 200,000 subscribers with 10,000 new additions per week.

Some £450 million of Tesco's capital expenditure budget this year will be spent overseas. It currently operates eight hypermarkets in Eastern Europe and is set to open ten more this year.

In the Far East, three more hypermarkets are set to open in Thailand and two in South Korea, where it has recently agreed a joint venture with Samsung. Tesco said yesterday that it was planning to move into the Taiwanese and Malaysian markets. In the UK it plans to open about 25 more stores, taking its total to 600.

Tesco Personal Finance, its joint venture with Royal Bank of Scotland, should break even by the end of the current year, the company said.

Mr Leahy said that he thought the recent decision to refer the supermarkets sector to the Competition Commission was "unfortunate". He added: "I'm sure they'll see in the end that this is a very competitive business." The commission has already written to Tesco, and meetings are expected to start soon.

Tempos, page 26



Bearing fruit: Terry Leahy, chief executive of Tesco, which has seen its share of the market increase to 15.8 per cent

## One 2 One forced to rethink pre-pay tariffs

By CHRIS AYRES

ONE 2 ONE, Britain's smallest mobile phone company, is to radically reorganise its tariff structures to improve the profitability of its so-called "pre-pay" customers.

The announcement was made as the company revealed that pre-pay customers — who buy call vouchers instead of signing long-term contracts — spend just £200 a year, compared with the £480 a year spent by contract customers.

However, One 2 One said that pre-pay customers were cheaper to acquire. The tariff shake-up comes amid turmoil for One 2 One, whose owners, Cable & Wireless and MediaOne, are considering a trade sale or a float of the company.

One 2 One's new tariffs — to

be launched on April 29, with an £8 million advertising campaign — will see pre-pay call prices cut from 40p a minute to 10p or 20p a minute, depending on whether calls are made during peak time or off-peak time. Prices will be the same for national and local calls.

However, the new pre-pay tariffs will include a "daily charge", starting at 50p, which means that pre-pay customers will effectively pay the same in monthly line rental as contract customers. For the time being, One 2 One will continue to offer its 40p-a-minute pre-pay service without daily charges.

Tim Samples, managing director, said: "This is a new pre-pay approach. We are simplifying tariffs and reducing the

cost of calling. Three-and-a-half million people have gone to pre-pay so far. What we want to do is grow that market and increase our share of it."

He added that he wanted to persuade One 2 One customers to use their mobile phones instead of their fixed-line BT phones, and said there was "no evidence" to suggest mobile handsets were a health threat.

One 2 One will also offer its contract customers 10p and 2p-a-minute call charges. Monthly line rentals will range from £15, with no free calls, to £25, with 1,200 minutes of free off-peak calls. The company also said it would soon introduce a mobile phone e-mail service.

Commentary, page 25

## Freeze chief named

By CHRIS AYRES

DIXONS GROUP yesterday appointed John Pluthero, a 35-year-old accountant, as chief executive of Freeserve, its free Internet access business.

The appointment was announced just 24 hours after Dixons revealed that it had hired Credit Suisse First Boston and Cazenove & Co to advise on a potential stock market flotation of Freeserve.

Dixons said that Mr Pluthero had "formulated the group's Internet strategy and devised, developed and launched Freeserve". He has a first class degree in economics from the London School of Economics and is a qualified consultant.

Analysts estimate that Freeserve could be worth between £1.8 billion and £4 billion.

## Restructure to cut Kvaerner by a third

By CARL MORTISHED  
INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS EDITOR

KVAERNER launched a massive restructuring programme yesterday which will shrink the Anglo-Norwegian engineering group by a third, cost its shareholders Kr4 billion (£330 million) and lead to the loss of 25,000 jobs worldwide.

In an attempt to reverse years of mismanagement and the financial effects of its £604 million bid for Trafalgar House, Kvaerner plans to quit shipbuilding, cutting its annual revenues by Kr25 billion to create a slimmer com-

pany focused on engineering and contracting.

Kvaerner is dramatically reversing the near-suicidal expansion plan of three years ago, when it bought Trafalgar House, taking on huge debts and extraneous assets, such as the Cunard cruise line, which it has since sold. In October the board ousted former chief executive Erik Tonseth.

His successor, Kjell Almskog, yesterday said that shipbuilding would be a drain on profits for the foreseeable future. Kvaerner has set itself the task of reversing last year's Kr1.35 billion loss to a profit of between Kr500 million to

Kr1 billion at the end of next year. "By the end of the year 2000 we aim to achieve a return on capital of at least 15 per cent," he said.

The cost of shedding the shipyards, which will either be spun-off in a flotation or sold individually, is expected to leave Kvaerner with a loss of Kr2 billion, a charge that is to be borne in the first-quarter accounts. A further charge of Kr2 billion is to be taken for the sale of non-core assets and restructuring.

The company's North Sea oil and gas contracting business is to be summed down. Kvaerner investors are being asked to fund the new strategy with a

Kr2 billion rights issue. The company is promising cost savings of Kr1 billion per year from a radical pruning of its payroll. This will involve the closure or transfer of 33 offices worldwide with the loss of 290 staff. In addition, three London headquarters locations are to be reduced to the single Hammersmith office complex, saving Kr50-60 million.

Some Kr650 million will be gained from reducing overheads at a divisional level. In engineering and oil and gas, offices in London and Perth will be integrated, with staff reductions of 1,300.

Commentary, page 25

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# Wall St shows London the way to a record

THE London market opened on a supercharged note yesterday after Wall Street scaled new heights on Monday. The New York sentiment combined with the release of strong US retail sales data later in the day to drive the FTSE 100 index to another record high of 6,513.1 points, up 71.0.

Bardays Bank provided the two biggest surprises of the day. First it revealed that Michael O'Neill, its new chief executive, had quit for health reasons. Then its stock rallied to finish 46p higher on the day at £19.19.

Analysts said the sector was benefiting from the improving outlook for the UK economy, backed by Monday's robust high street spending figures from the British Retail Consortium, and from speculation of further consolidation.

Lloyds TSB, 39p higher at £10.60, extended Monday's strong run amid rumours that the UK's biggest bank was searching for acquisitions on the Continent or in the US.

Royal Bank of Scotland put on 4.55p to £14.25, and Abbey National was up 39p to £13.50p.

The performance of Railtrack attracted strong criticism in a report published by the Rail Regulator. Its stock fell 24p to £13.55. The report said the rail infrastructure company was failing to resolve problems with train delays, signalling schemes and station improvements.

Shares in Dewhurst Group, the supplier of clothing and toiletries to Marks & Spencer, were marked higher in afternoon trading amid speculation that the group could receive a bid at 120p per share within the next five days. Its shares were up 5p to 92p.

Last week the company reported pre-tax profits for the year to January 15, 1999, of £23 million, down from £31.4 million the year before.

The brewers enjoyed a good day, with the presentation given to analysts by Scottish & Newcastle, 27p higher at 674p, on Friday boosting the entire sector.

Shares in Bass rose 33p to 877p, amid suggestions that Granada Group, 50p higher at £14.43, was considering a bid for the brewing and hotels group. However, analysts dismissed the story, arguing that Granada's priority was to buy an international contract cater-



Chris Gent, chief executive of Vodafone, up 9p to £12.12 after good news on its merger with Airtouch Communications

ing group such as Aramark of the US or Sodexho, the French group that owns Gardner Merchant. Whitebread, 30p higher at 197p, was also lifted by the general positive sentiment.

Portsmouth & Sunderland, the newspaper group that is the subject of multiple takeover attempts from Johnston Press, Newsprint and Newsquest, gained 50p to £17.50p, after

Johnston disclosed that it had bought a further 2.4 per cent to take its holding to 17.4 per cent. All three suitors have to wait for a Competition Commission ruling expected in the first week of June. There is speculation that Johnston wants to build its stake to 24.99 per cent, the regulatory limit for a media company.

The telecoms sector recovered some poise after getting caught in the gloom on Monday. Vodafone Group gained 9p to £12.12, after receiving the clearance from the US Internal Revenue Service, allowing its \$58 billion merger with Air-

Touch Communications to proceed on a tax-free basis. Air-Telecom Communications edged up 34p to 293p, Orange rose 2p to 927p and JWE Telecom gained 5p to 165p.

Other telecoms gainers included BT, 3p ahead at £10.75. Energis, 25p up at £18.60 and Cable & Wireless, 24p higher, after it revealed that it is investing \$607 million in the US to develop the next generation high capacity Internet network.

Telecoms groups which failed to follow suit included COLT Telecom, 19p down at 1201p, and Securicor, owner of 40 per cent of BT Cellnet, was 6p lower at 562p.

Financial company London Pacific Group soared 79p to 105p on hopes that a raft of forthcoming IPOs of private Internet stocks in which it has invested will significantly enhance its net asset value.

Strong figures from Tesco saw Britain's biggest supermarket jump 9p to 169p. The company saw the biggest percentage share gain of the day amid brisk trading that saw 56.5 million stocks change hands.

Buyers continued their migration back into Marks & Spencer's shares on the back of increasingly positive sentiment about the company. It gained 14p to 429p.

Dixons shed 22p to £15.42 on profit-taking, following the huge gains on Monday after it announced that it was considering floating Freeserve, its Internet service provider.

Mulberry, the luxury goods retailer, saw its shares fall a costly 2p to 32p after warning that losses for the year would be worse than anticipated.

GILT-EDGED: Gilt-edged shares caught up in general global bond market weakness yesterday, and ended lower in trading, with most market players now looking ahead to a slew of UK economic data next week. The June series of the long gilt closed down 27p at £118.00, while among conventional issues, Treasury 7 per cent 2002 shed 12p to £106.47.



Chris Gent, chief executive of Vodafone, up 9p to £12.12 after good news on its merger with Airtouch Communications

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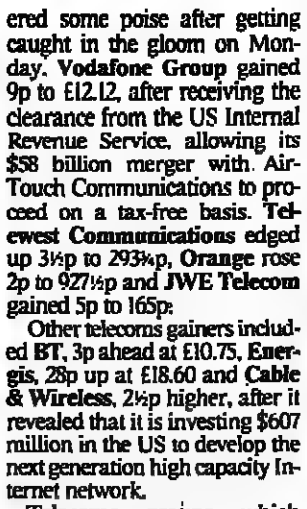
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## MAJOR INDICES

<b>New York (midday):</b>	
Dow Jones	10373.08 (+33.57)
S&P Composite	1351.67 (+6.97)
<b>Tokyo:</b>	
Nikkei Average	16715.16 (+207.76)
<b>Hong Kong:</b>	
Hang Seng	11899.69 (+154.95)
<b>Amsterdam:</b>	
AEX Index	540.90 (+4.82)
<b>Sydney:</b>	
ASX	3076.3 (+38.1)
<b>Frankfurt:</b>	
DAX	5198.18 (+40.02)
<b>Singapore:</b>	
SEAC	1679.98 (+18.70)
<b>Brussels:</b>	
BEL20	3327.75 (+4.16)
<b>Paris:</b>	
CAC-40	3367.41 (+12.41)
<b>Zurich:</b>	
SMI Index	7366.2 (+13.3)
<b>London:</b>	
FT 30	3991.2 (+5.5)
FTSE 100	6513.1 (+71.9)
FTSE 250	5924.4 (+33.5)
FTSE 100	3035.5 (+3.3)
FTSE Europe 100	3034.3 (+3.3)
FTSE All-Share	2986.2 (+29.8)
FTSE Non Financials	2994.31 (+24.9)
FTSE Food Index	155.5 (-0.0)
FTSE Sent S&P	114.19 (-0.0)
<b>Bangalore:</b>	
SEAX Volume	1125
SEAX	1167 (+0.04)
SEAX	0.8675 (-0.08)
<b>Exchange Index:</b>	
Exchange Index	102.2 (+1.1)
Bank on England official close (4pm)	
163 Feb 12 (15.9) Jan 1987	
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# Euro woes should come as no surprise

On the face of it, the first 100 days of the euro have thrown up many dramatic surprises. In all important respects, however, the past three months have been entirely predictable.

Many anticipated that the euro would be a strong currency in its early days, bolstered by massive flows of investment funds out of the dollar and backed by a European Central Bank that would keep a tight grip on monetary policy to build up its credibility. However, the euro has been more or less permanently weak.

This is not a surprise. It was evident, even as the single currency was born, that Europe was suffering just like others from the implosion of demand in emerging markets. Weak economies tend to result in weak currencies; that is the beauty of floating exchange rates, designed as they are to act as a natural restorative when things go badly.

Far from helping to bolster the euro, the refusal to cut rates by the ECB until it was far too late, again predictably, was counterproductive.

When economies become as evidently weak as parts of euro-land — particularly Germany — have become, a policy of tight money undermines, rather than bolsters, the currency.

What we have discovered about the euro over the past 100 days is that it goes up and down according to economic circumstances. It is not unusually gifted just because of the weight of parental expectation at its birth. It is, in short, a currency like any other. The current period of weakness is no more proof of the euro's failure than a bout of strength would have signified its success.

Some are shocked and dismayed by the evident weakness in the German economy. They should not be. The vulnerability of an uncompetitive Germany in the face of falling world demand was perfectly obvious before the euro was launched. It is now common

currency (excuse the pun) to talk about the explosive possibility of Germany having to leave EMU some way down the road in order to rebuild its competitiveness. Like Britain with the exchange-rate mechanism, it looks as if Germany has fixed its currency at far too ambitious a level, but cannot devalue.

Germany is doing its best to squeeze through another emergency exit by pushing the case for wage harmonisation (as well as tax harmonisation). It knows that it cannot persuade its partners to inflate their wages to German levels out of kindness. So it is, with breathtaking *chutzpah*, trying to push through wage equalisation by arguing, quite speciously, that this is necessary to make monetary union and the single market work.

The truth is that if Germany is to get out of the hole it has dug itself (or that has lovingly been prepared for it by Paris), it has to undertake



serious structural reform of its economy, and fast. Some optimists saw the dramatic departure of Oscar Lafontaine as the necessary removal of an important hurdle to reform. However, there is little sign that Hans Eichel is any more likely to dismantle the European social welfare state or reform labour markets than his predecessor.

In a pamphlet published by New Europe, the lobby group, next week, Professor Sir James

Ball says: "The need for sweeping deregulation in Europe as a critical factor in obtaining maximum benefit from the single currency remains unrecognised officially at the highest levels."

So the economics of euro-land look as alarming as ever, but what about the politics? The past three months have confirmed that the European Commission, unelected and unaccountable, was riddled with bad management and sleaze. The fact that the whole Commission was forced to resign and the fact that Romano Prodi this week took a scheduled flight to London and rode a London taxi rather than a limousine does not necessarily signify an effective clean-up of Europe's civil service. New Europe would warmly welcome recent events if that were the case.

Since the euro was launched, at least one thing has become clearer. The single currency was al-

ways designed to be a Trojan Horse for a United States of Europe, but at least that is now an openly stated aim.

Newcomers Herr Eichel and Signor Prodi are unashamed federalists. A majority of British people do not like the idea of a federal Europe and, judging from conversations I have had since New Europe was launched, this opinion has only hardened since January 1. However, the new candour at least shows the British people more clearly what they will be voting for if they vote to join the single currency.

Would that Tony Blair and his Government were courageous enough to admit this reality and let the British people have an honest debate about whether this is what it wants or not. If Mr Blair wants to be at the heart of a federal Europe, why doesn't he have the courage of his convictions and

say so? He is entitled to his view like the rest of us.

This is the most important question determining the future identity of our nation. Yet the Government slyly obfuscates the choice to be made and pro-euro voices trivialise the single currency question, telling us, *inter alia*, that because we eat pasta and enjoy going to Tuscany on holiday, we can safely glide over all the complex and painful realities of life in euro-land.

By doing so, they feed suspicion of the grand European project felt by many British sceptics, and amplify calls in some quarters to give up on Europe altogether — and that is not what most of us want. The euro was pushed through in much of Europe without proper discussion, and many ordinary people are already regretting that. Whatever the ultimate outcome, let us do better than this in Britain.

Janet Bush is director of New Europe, the anti-single currency lobby group. European Single Currency A Bad Idea is available for £5 from New Europe, 52 Walnut Tree Walk, London SE11 6DN.

## Marketing man's Olympian feat of crisis management

BUSINESS

By Jason Nisse

Many people have difficult jobs. One would not like to be a recruitment consultant for Barclays or a spin-doctor for Saddam Hussein. However, few can have had a more difficult time over the past few months than Michael Payne, the marketing director of the International Olympic Committee.

The 41-year-old Englishman has had a crash course in crisis management. It started when the Asian economic crisis spilled over into the Australian economy, so bringing the jitters to sponsors, broadcasters and suppliers for the Sydney Games, which take place next year.

Then the IOC had a public falling out with IBM — the computer giant that has been an Olympic sponsor for more than 40 years — over the costs of technology for the Salt Lake City winter Games in 2002. IBM claimed that the IOC wanted too much technology for too little money, while Payne said that IBM's terms would have bankrupted the Salt Lake Games. The result was that IBM's relationship with the IOC "was terminated".

That had hardly calmed down when stories began to emerge about gifts being given to IOC by the organising committees of cities wanting to host the Olympics. This led to a chorus of calls for the resignation of a large proportion of the Games' governing body, including the President, Juan Antonio Samaranch.

Last month the IOC acted to defuse the crisis. Ten committee members were either fired or resigned; an ethics committee was set up with independent members including Javier Perez de Cuellar, the former UN Secretary-General, and



Worthy of a medal: Michael Payne, the IOC's marketing director, has been dogged by problems at almost every turn

Howard Baker, the former White House chief of staff; the IOC decided it would issue audited annual results, as befitted a multibillion-dollar organisation; and a reform commission called IOC 2000 and boasting such luminaries as Henry Kissinger and Peter Ueberroth, who ran the Los Angeles games in 1984, was formed.

And just as the dust settles and Payne sets out from his office in Lucerne to sell the IOC's plan to the most difficult audience of all — the business community — which has invested around £10 billion in the Olympics over the past two decades — he faces the rug being pulled from underneath him. A US Senator, John McCain, has proposed a motion in that the IOC's tax-exempt status should be withdrawn. McCain has argued that the endemic corruption of the IOC, if not reformed, makes it unworthy of the tax advantages it enjoys. Taking away the IOC's tax-exempt status could increase the costs of sponsoring the Olympics by 40 per cent — no doubt making many organisations think again.

The motion is being debated

today and though Payne claims he is confident that the US Senate will reject McCain's proposal, he is worried about the matter. "Of our 11 partners (the core sponsors of the Olympics, who pay a minimum of £30 million each game for the honour), nine are US based," says Payne. "If the Senate created this tax situation, it would put US corporations at a disadvantage to European or Japanese companies. I don't think this would be popular in the business community."

Payne has decided against travelling to Washington for the debate. As the deep bags beneath his eyes testify, he has enough on his plate.

His biggest headache at the moment is in the form of an urbane, outspoken insurance salesman called David D'Alessandro. D'Alessandro is the president and chief executive officer of the John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company of Boston, one of the US's largest financial groups and an IOC partner. He is also a vocal critic of what has been going on at the IOC, calling for

President Samaranch's resignation and that of Phil Coles, a member of both the IOC and the committee organising the Sydney games who admitted that his ex-wife had received jewellery from people associated with Athens' unsuccessful bid for the 1996 Games. (Both are still in office.)

While other sponsors have either been silent or — in the case of Kodak, at least — supportive of the IOC's reforms, Mr D'Alessandro has taken the Olympic rings of John Hancock's advertising and literature and has threatened to hold back payments, arguing that corporate sponsors would be tainted by association with an organisation that did not have clean hands. "They lied to us," Mr D'Alessandro said in an interview late last month. "They told us the scandal would be put behind us. But their version of the reform doesn't appear to be anybody else's."

Payne does not want to be caught in a slanging match with one of his sponsors, but he indicates that D'Alessandro may be grandstanding, while taking a less abrasive line behind the scenes. "No sponsor

has withdrawn and no sponsor has asked to renegotiate its terms," Payne asserts. "We have over 40 multinationals involved in sponsoring the Olympics in one form or another. Only one company out of those 40 has chosen to speak out."

Indeed, in the midst of all this uproar, Payne has been able to sign a series of new sponsorship deals. The first was with Sema, the Anglo-French group which took over at least part of IBM's role as technology partner. Another technology partner — rumored to be Sun Microsystems — is due to be announced in the next few weeks, which would leave one vacancy, as the IBM role has been split into three to make the task more manageable.

Coca-Cola and Time Warner have both signed on as partners for another four years, and Payne claims he is close to announce deal with four more partners. Kodak and UPS are almost certain to resign and, with most sponsorship experts certain John Hancock will walk away, the key will be whether Visa International and McDonalds continue

their association with the Olympics.

Payne admits that the Sydney Games is about £100 million short of its sponsorship target, and given that the games are only 15 months away this shortfall is now unlikely to be made up. However, Payne says the target was always unrealistic, having been increased by the Australian government twice after Sydney met previous targets.

"The total amount raised from sponsorship and broadcasting, but before ticket sales, is running at around A\$2 billion (about £800 million) for Sydney," says Payne. "This is close to what was raised with ticket sales for Atlanta."

As for the Salt Lake City winter Games in 2002, again there is a shortfall — running into hundreds of millions of dollars — and again Payne says it is not the IOC's fault. He points out that US\$500 million (about £315 million) has been raised in sponsorship and US\$750 million in broadcast income — double the amount for the last winter Games at Nagano. "Where are they spending the money?" he asks.

The tempting answer is that much of it has gone back to IOC members in "gifts". Both the Sydney and Salt Lake City Games have been tarnished because of the background to how the cities secured the Olympics. However Payne argues that previous Olympics suffered worse problems — such as doping scandals, terrorist attacks and boycotts — yet were successful. "If the games are good, most of this will be forgotten," he claims, perhaps more in hope than expectation.

### BUSINESS LETTERS

#### Firms with rates problems need to take prompt action

From Mr Bruce Jones  
Sir, I feel it necessary to write to correct a wrong impression that might have been drawn by your readers from the article which appeared on April 6 under the headline "Companies urged to appeal against rates".

The article seems to suggest that there is something inherently wrong with the majority of rating assessments and that firms should therefore appeal against them. I have no means of checking the figures quoted by Fletcher King in respect of appeals that they have been involved in. I can, however, tell you that reductions in total rateable value as a result of settled appeals amount to considerably less than half of the 17 per cent quoted.

If firms are concerned to do something to get their rates bill right, the current review being undertaken of rateable values to take effect from 2000

provides an opportunity for ratepayers to avoid the appeal process altogether. What they need to do is to make sure that we at the Valuation Office have any relevant information about their rents now rather than waiting until the new rating lists come into force on April 1, 2000.

Ratepayers should respond to requests for information promptly and carefully, and if they are in any doubt as to what is required the local valuation officer, whose telephone number appears on all correspondence, will be pleased to help. It is in everyone's interests to make sure that the new rating assessments are right first time.

Yours faithfully,  
BRUCE JONES,  
Director Business Development,  
Valuation Office Agency,  
New Court, Carey Street,  
London, WC2A 2JF.

#### Pep deadlines should be reviewed

From Mr Barry Tuckwood  
Sir, Despite allowing ample time for delivery, I in common with thousands of others, have had contributions to personal equity plans returned because of delivery delays combined with the ruling of the Inland Revenue that Pep providers cannot use the franking on letters as evidence of the date of sending. Overall the delay and this ruling must have prevented

the investment of millions of pounds.

This was not, surely, the intention of the (then) Chancellor when the rules on Peps were developed.

The current Chancellor should review this situation as a matter of extreme urgency. Yours faithfully,  
BARRY TUCKWOOD,  
75 Lower Camden,  
Chislehurst, BR7 5JD.

#### Tax bracket

From Mr John Deas  
Sir, The Government seems to think that a tax by any other name will smell sweeter. The detailed terms of Lloyds Bank's share individual savings account state that interest on any cash balance will be

credited "net of a 20 per cent, non-reclaimable Inland Revenue charge, which is levied by the Government as part of the tax regulations". So that's all right — it's still tax free, then? Yours faithfully,  
JOHN DEAS,  
5 Woolston Drive, Aisager,  
Stoke-on-Trent, ST7 2PL.

## Fare play

PETER HAMBRO, a well-known name in gold circles and scion of the merchant banking family, is starting a pressure group for businessmen aggrieved by falling standards on British Airways. Hambro, who has mines in Siberia and southern France and is a regular flyer, says the service on BA has "gone to hell" since the ever-popular Robert Ayling took over the running.

He is trying to recruit members for the BA Full Fare-Paying Passengers Association. Hambro is far from the first person to complain — BA has

run into regular flak for poor service. A recent experience was typical, he says.

"I paid £440 for a round trip to Paris," he says. "When I got to the checkout on my way home, the lady there was hopelessly rude. I said: 'Mr Ayling wouldn't like that', and she said: 'I don't care. I hate Mr Ayling'."

A fax to Ayling elicited no response. "They don't seem to care at all about the businessman who is a regular traveller," he says.

WELCOMING yesterday's deal with RJB, Graham Brown of National Power said it provided "flexible and secure coal supplies in an increasingly competitive market".

John Battle, Energy Minister and in Venezuela at the time, thought the deal provided "flexible and secure coal...". And so on. It is beyond belief that both men said the same thing simultaneously, an ocean apart, so it must have been scripted by the government spin-doctors. One expects this sort of thing from politicians, but they really should be told by the likes of National Power to keep their soundbites to themselves.



### Hat trick

I AM normally pretty immune to the London Marathon, but one banker has found a novel way of raising money this weekend. Tom Attwood at mezzanine finance house Intermediare Capital Group is auctioning the logo on his running hat, the cash to go to Children with Leukaemia. Bids, now running into four figures, close on Friday afternoon.

Francis Mackay of Compass and Granada's Gerry Robinson have already been outbid by Civen's Robin Hall.

Attwood, 46, has never run before and started training in January. I ask how long he expects to take. "About four and a half hours." Blimey. Tom, I could walk it in that.

### Bank error

A FORMER Lazard's banker is favourite to succeed the disgraced Edith Cresson at the European Commission in Brussels. Anne Lauvergeon took over in 1991 from Jacques Attali as Francois Mitterrand's right hand and was headhunted by the Paris office of Lazard's four years later.

She does not seem to have enjoyed the experience and lasted about two years. Oddly enough, no one at Lazard's today can think of much to say about the tenure there of someone who is about to become one of the most powerful women in France.

SHAREHOLDERS at Corporate Services Group have finally persuaded their board to stand down. One director is Tim Holland-Bosworth. Back in 1992 Holly-Bolly, as he is known, was at Kleinwort Benson working for Alan Sugar in the latter's bid to take Amstrad private on the cheap.

Holly-Bolly upset the institutions when he admitted that Kleinwort stood to gain substantial fees if this was successful. Some unkind souls even suggested that this called the independence of Kleinwort's advice into question.

The coincidence has not been missed by some of those

same institutional investors who find themselves ranged up against him again today.

### Hurt feeling

HARVEY WEINSTEIN, one of the two star moguls behind Miramax, maker of *Shakespeare in Love*, came barreling out of the Savoy yesterday surrounded by an asteroid belt of acolytes and flunkies. "Get me out of here!" Weinstein shouted to one. He then, quite unaware, swept past John Hurt, who was having a quiet coffee. Surely you remember Allen? *The Elephant Man?* They have short memories in Hollywood.

MARTIN WALLER  
citydiary@the-times.co.uk



Harvey Weinstein: Brief non-encounter at the Savoy

How many telecoms managers does it take to



[change] your mind?

When telecoms managers recently voted Energis No.1 for quality of service, it was a real commendation from the people who really matter. Not a claim, not a promise, but proof that we are committed to delivering quality of service to our customers — day in, day out.

And our commitment to service doesn't stop there. Our Internet company, Planet Online, has been named as the top business ISP, while our national network has consistently been rated as the most reliable.

Energis is the only national telecoms provider to dedicate its all-round expertise solely to business. So, whether voice, data or e-commerce, isn't it time you thought about changing to us?

To find out more, visit the Energis website or call us now on 0800 316 0613.

— The 1999 TMA Chairman's Award for Quality 1999  
— "Top Business ISP" — EFN 1999  
— CFI results



ENERGIS  
voice+dataforbusiness

www.energis.co.uk

1,750 TMA members can't be wrong



## Equities achieve record close

TRADING PERIOD: Settlement takes place five business days after the day of trade. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is ex-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

1999	Low	High	Change	%	1998	Low	High	Change	%
<b>ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES</b>									
446	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
447	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
448	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
449	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
450	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>BANKS</b>									
1107	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
1108	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
1109	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
1110	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
1111	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>BREWERY, PUBS &amp; REST.</b>									
287	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
288	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
289	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
290	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
291	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>BUILDING MATERIALS</b>									
81	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
82	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
83	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
84	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
85	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>CHEMICALS</b>									
162	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
163	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
164	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
165	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
166	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>CONSTRUCTION</b>									
380	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
381	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
382	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
383	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
384	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>DISTRIBUTORS</b>									
104	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
105	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
106	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
107	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
108	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4

TRADING PERIOD: Settlement takes place five business days after the day of trade. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is ex-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

1999	Low	High	Change	%	1998	Low	High	Change	%
<b>FOOD MANUFACTURERS</b>									
500	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
501	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
502	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
503	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
504	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>HEALTHCARE</b>									
569	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
570	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
571	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
572	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
573	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>HOUSEHOLD GOODS &amp; TEXT.</b>									
101	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
102	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
103	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
104	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
105	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>INSURANCE</b>									
1001	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
1002	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
1003	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
1004	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
1005	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>INVESTMENT TRUSTS</b>									
676	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
677	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
678	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
679	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
680	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>SHORTS (under 5 years)</b>									
101	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
102	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
103	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
104	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
105	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>SHORTS (over 15 years)</b>									
106	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
107	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
108	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
109	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
110	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>UNDATED</b>									
111	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
112	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
113	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
114	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
115	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>INDEX-LINKED (on projected inflation of 5%)</b>									
116	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
117	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
118	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
119	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
120	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>PHARMACEUTICALS</b>									
121	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
122	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
123	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
124	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
125	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>BRITISH FUNDS</b>									
126	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
127	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
128	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
129	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
130	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>RETAILERS, FOOD</b>									
131	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
132	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
133	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
134	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
135	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
<b>RETAILERS, GENERAL</b>									
136	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
137	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
138	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
139	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4
140	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4	11.40	11.45	11.50	+0.05	0.4



# Scapa sells division for £329m in revamp

By PAUL ARMSTRONG

SCAPA GROUP, the manufacturer of industrial products, yesterday unveiled a comprehensive restructuring involving the £329 million sale of its core paper businesses and plans to off-load a second division.

The moves will enable Scapa to focus solely on its technical tape operations, for which it says that growth prospects are far brighter than those for its operations in the hard-hit paper industry.

Announcing the sale, Scapa said that the performance of its paper division, which generates more than half the company's profit, would have continued to deteriorate under its ownership.

The company expects the sale to fund a special dividend of 50p a share after eliminating the company's remaining debt of £130 million.

David Dunn, chief executive, said that Scapa also planned to sell its speciality materials division within a few months, possibly leading to a second return to its shareholders.

Mr Dunn said that the tapes businesses were generating a return on capital of about 30

per cent, compared with 15 per cent for the paper division.

Scapa's paper division, which makes paper clothing for specialist industries and services the rolls in paper machines, was responsible for the company's initial development.

However, Mr Dunn said that the industry was suffering from excess capacity and needed to follow the pattern of consolidation adopted by its customers in the paper and packaging industry.

He said that Voith, the family-owned German paper company that is buying the businesses, was better placed to cope with the challenges facing the industry.

"This is a mature business, it is not a growth business," Mr Dunn said. "The paper companies want to do a better job for themselves and put price pressure on their suppliers."

Investors responded immediately to news of the payout, marking up Scapa shares by 27p to 144p.

The stock slid from 220p in June to a 12-month low of 90p in January on the back of the tough trading conditions being suffered by the paper division.

Mr Dunn said yesterday that the environment remained difficult and was not expected to improve in the short term.

Shareholders will be asked to approve the sale on May 5, and the dividend is expected to be paid in early July.

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RUGBY ESTATES, the property manager and investor which has more than a third of its portfolio in London's Covent Garden, said the property market, especially in the capital, is at last showing signs of stability. The company chaired by David Tye, above left with Andrew Wilson, his chief executive, reported a more than doubling in pre-

tax profits to £8.2 million, thanks largely to joint venture disposals during the year. For the 12 months to January 31 earnings per share came in at 30.7p (13.8p) and the company is paying total dividends for the year of 2.91p, a rise of 10 per cent. The net asset value rose 11 per cent to 21p per share. The share price, however, fell 84p to 176½p.

## Peter Black able to walk tall after 15% profits rise

By MATTHEW BARBOUR

PETER BLACK, the maker of toiletries, cosmetics and shoes, yesterday proved itself to be one of the few suppliers currently benefiting from close ties with Marks & Spencer after unveiling a 15 per cent rise in full-year profits.

The group, which specialises in supplying shoes and accessories to M&S, also said that it expects trade with the retailing giant to increase over the coming year. A number of clothing suppliers to M&S, which issued a profits warning after a disastrous autumn, have announced job cuts. Peter Black, however, provides products in which M&S has only a 10 per cent market share, as opposed to clothing, where M&S has a share of up to 35 per cent.

Stephen Lister, chief executive, said: "We sell 45 per cent of our products to M&S, a figure we hope will grow. They can't and won't give more space to clothing and so we're in a totally different position to the textile people."

For the year to January 31, the group reported pre-tax profits of £21.8 million (£16.2 million) on sales up 13 per cent at £196 million.

Mr Lister said that as well as diversifying away from producing slippers and plastic bags, about 60 per cent of production is now sourced from outside the UK, with factories in India, Italy and Thailand.

Black's figures were also lifted by the inclusion of Ferrosan UK, a maker of herbal remedies, which contributed £18.5 million of sales. With interest cover of ten times and low gearing, Mr Lister said the group is on the lookout for further acquisition growth opportunities.

On adjusted earnings per share of 23.6p (21.4p) there is a final dividend of 3.25p, raising the full-year dividend to 10 per cent on a pro-rata basis.

## Severn Trent calls for price increases

SEVERN TRENT has proposed a 5 per cent cut in water bills next year, but said that prices would have to rise over the following four to pay for the Government's clean-up programme. Severn Trent yesterday said that after an initial £11 off for the average customer, bills would have to rise by 1.5 per cent per annum above inflation from 2001 to 2005 to finance an investment programme of £2.3 billion.

The company, which supplies eight million people in the Midlands and Wales, said improvement work was needed at 65 water treatment plants and for the rehabilitation of 1,200 miles of water main. All the water companies are presenting business plans to Ofwat, which is due to respond by July, with a final decision on prices and funding by November.

## Torday revives payout

LONG-SUFFERING shareholders in Torday & Carlisle are to receive their first dividend in seven years as the reconstituted company said it would be making a payout of 0.5p for the year. Torday, formerly an engineer, now sees itself as strategic industrial investment company — last year it raised £6 million in the market to finance small acquisitions and the taking of small stakes in undervalued businesses. The company made pre-tax profits of £1.34 million (£1.37 million) in 1998.

## Mulberry warning

SHARES of Mulberry, the AIM-quoted luxury goods group, crashed further yesterday as it said that losses were likely to be worse than expected and that there will be no dividend. The company said: "Export sales in the last quarter have been materially below expectations with difficult trading conditions in Europe and the Far East." Analysts believe that losses for the year are likely to come in at £2.2 million. The shares fell 8p to 26½p, off from a high two years ago of 214p.

## Cirqual still upbeat

CIRQUAL, the aerospace, telecoms and building engineer, struck an upbeat note yesterday despite reporting a 20 per cent downturn in pre-tax profits to £4 million at the interim stage. Tony Gardland, chairman, said: "While there have been selective price pressures, continuing improvements in efficiencies have reduced the overall impact." The company is paying an unchanged interim dividend for the six months to March 7 of 4.1p on earnings per share of 9.88p (12.01p).

## P&O property sell-off

P&O, the company that recently said it is to concentrate on its shipping interests, yesterday reported that it had sold some US property assets for £53.9 million. The company said it had sold Lenox Park, an urban business park consisting of three office blocks plus land in Atlanta, Georgia, to BellSouth. P&O said the price was above the book value of the assets in the company's accounts. P&O sold other Atlanta property investments last year when it unwound its joint venture with Chelsfield.

## Pressac aims for takeovers

By ROBERT COLE, CITY CORRESPONDENT

PRESSAC, the telecoms equipment and automotive parts supplier, aims to make acquisitions to extend strong growth.

The company last year paid £62 million for G Cartier, a French auto-components maker, and held a rights issue to fund the deal. Huw Lewis, finance director, indicated, however, that Pressac was unlikely to seek to raise further equity finance to fund any deal. He said that interest rates are low enough to make debt a better source of finance.

At January 31, Pressac had debts equivalent to 82 per cent of net assets. However, the group said that gearing was at a peak. Mr Lewis added: "We have quite a bit of capacity in our balance sheet for debt."

Coeff White, chief executive, said that a purchase costing

about £30 million would interest the group, but emphasised that there was no immediate prospect of sealing a deal.

The re-affirmation of Pressac's expansionist aims came as the company reported a rise in profits in its six months to January 31. Pre-tax profits were £5 million, up from £4.5 million, but Pressac incurred £1.7 million of exceptional charges in the period. Underlying operating profits were 50 per cent up, at £6.7 million. Most of the growth was attributed to the new contribution from G Cartier.

Earnings per share, including the exceptional cost, fell from 4.36p to 3.64p. The interim dividend is 1.14p (1.06p adjusted for the rights issue).

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## Cannons shares shoot up

CANNONS GROUP, the fast-growing health and fitness club operator formerly known as Vardon, saw its shares gain 84p to 197p on the back of an upbeat trading statement (Dominic Walsh writes).

At its annual meeting yesterday, Nick Irens, chairman, said that membership had risen 15 per cent to 82,000 in the three months to March 31, with growth coming both from existing and new clubs. He added: "The market for health and fitness continues to grow and the future for the group is exciting."

The sale of its attractions business, including the London Dungeon, has left the group cash positive and it is planning to invest £115 million over the next three years. Six clubs are scheduled to open in 1999 with another five in the pipeline for 2000.

## US recovery helps Smurfit

By PAUL ARMSTRONG

SHARES of Jefferson Smurfit Group jumped nearly 13 per cent yesterday after the international packaging company unveiled a better than expected profit result and said that the US market would continue to drive a price recovery.

Smurfit reported pre-tax profits up 14 per cent last year to £117.1 million (£145 million) on the back of a 12 per cent lift in sales to £1.29 billion.

The strong result, and the prospect of further improvement, is some of the brightest news to emanate from the embattled paper and packaging industry over the past year.

Excess capacity in most markets has combined with the Asian economic crisis to squeeze margins as manufacturers compete for business.

However, Smurfit said yes-

terday that the US market should record a drop in net capacity this year and growth in global capacity would remain at, or below, 1.4 per cent.

The company said that the increasing strength of the market was highlighted by the price rises that were implemented in the US in February, which is considered a soft month for the industry.

A total dividend of 14.8p was declared, a rise of 3.6 per cent.

Analysts said that the outlook for Smurfit's share price was encouraging. "We have had a fairly positive trading statement for the first time in a long time and I think the stock will probably move ahead in the coming weeks," one analyst said. The shares closed 16p higher at 142p.

## Barclay brothers set to sell Howard

By DOMINIC WALSH



London's Howard hotel, which is expected to fetch £38 million

THE Barclay brothers, whose interests include the Ritz hotel and The Scotsman newspaper, are poised to sell the Howard hotel in London to a US real estate investment trust (REIT) for £38 million.

The prospective purchaser is believed to be MeriStar, a so-called "paper-clipped" REIT that is listed on the New York Stock Exchange. It was created last year through the merger of American General Hospitality and CapStar Hotel Company, focusing exclusively on the hotel industry.

Speculation over the future of the 153-room Howard has swirled since the reclusive Barclay twins acquired the Ritz in

1995 for £75 million. The brothers are understood to have been canvassing interest for almost two years, although it is only recently that a deal has appeared likely.

Millennium & Copthorne Hotels is one of several groups to have expressed an interest in recent months. At its recent results, M&C admitted that it had been keen to acquire the four-star property but said that it had been put off by the price.

A spokeswoman for MeriStar said last night: "We are looking at a number of deals in London and elsewhere but we have nothing to announce." She admitted that

the Howard was the type of hotel MeriStar might be interested in. However, she said that it was more interested in securing management contracts, possibly with a small equity investment, rather than outright acquisitions.

MeriStar is effectively two entities "paper-clipped" together and with shared directors. MeriStar Hospitality Corporation is the tax-efficient REIT, owning about 120 hotels in the US and Canada, many of them Hiltons and Sheratons. The operating company is MeriStar Hotels & Resorts, which manages more than 215 hotels, half of them owned by the REIT.

## Coutts & Co

Notice to clients of change of Interest Rates effective from 14 April 1999

	Gross Rate		AER	
	Old	New	Old	New
<b>Current and Deposit Accounts for Private Clients</b>				
<b>Current Account with Cash Management Option*</b>				
<b>Mortgage Reserve Account* and Reserve Account</b>				
£100,000+	3.63%	3.38%	3.68%	3.42%
£50,000-£99,999	3.30%	3.05%	3.34%	3.09%
£20,000-£49,999	2.50%	2.25%	2.52%	2.27%
£5,000-£19,999	2.00%	1.75%	2.02%	1.76%
<b>3 Month Notice Reserve Account for Private and Business Clients</b>				
£50,000+	4.88%	4.63%	4.97%	4.71%
£25,000-£49,999	3.75%	3.50%	3.80%	3.55%
£10,000-£24,999	3.25%	3.00%	3.29%	3.03%
<b>Reserve Account for Businesses/Charities/Societies</b>				
£250,000-£1 million	2.90%	2.65%	2.93%	2.68%
£100,000-£249,999	2.65%	2.40%	2.68%	2.42%
£25,000-£99,999	2.45%	2.20%	2.47%	2.22%
£10,000-£24,999	1.85%	1.60%	1.86%	1.61%
TESSA ISA	5.00%	4.75%	5.09%	4.84%
<b>Accounts no longer available to new depositors</b>				
<b>7 Day Notice Deposit Account for Private and Business Clients</b>				
TESSA	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
TESSA	5.25%	5.00%	5.35%	5.09%
Charity TESSA	4.73%	4.50%	4.81%	4.58%

Interest is paid quarterly, except for 7 Day Notice Deposit Accounts, on which interest is paid half yearly. \*Interest is paid only on the portion of the cleared balance which exceeds £5,000.

- The Annual Equivalent Rate (AER) is the notional rate which shows the gross interest rate as if paid and compounded on an annual basis.
- "Gross" is the rate of interest before the deduction of Income Tax at the rate required by law.
- Interest is payable on Reserve Account balances (excluding the Mortgage Reserve Account) below the minimum level, at a gross rate of 1% p.a. and AER of 1%.
- Interest will be paid after deducting tax (where applicable) at the rate required by law.
- Interest on TESSAs, Charity TESSAs and TESSA ISAs is exempt from Income Tax.
- All rates are subject to variation.



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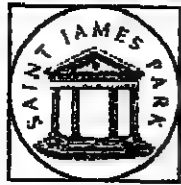


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As a creditor unhappy with the way the supervisor was approaching Mr Goodman's proposed variation to the individual voluntary arrangement, the court said that Mr Goodman himself agreed a variant on that condition could not satisfy any technical necessity. If Mr Raja had wished to make his waiver subject to further conditions he could have done so, but he had not.

The judge had been wrongly awarded costs on an indemnity basis against Mr Raja who had not acted improperly in availing himself of the opportunity presented by the Act to apply to the court. Costs should be on the standard basis.

Lord Justice Clarke delivered a concurring judgment.

Solicitors: Bowling & Co, Popham; Edwin Coe; Ralph Davis.

## Instances for control

It was by sections 14 and 17 of the 1970 Act, the precise standard of evidence required to establish a particular contention had to be left to the good sense of the tribunal. As a result of the prima facie evidence

that the removal of resale price maintenance from proprietary medicines would result in n

chemists going out of business more quickly, reducing the number of outlets for both subscribed and proprietary medicines, that there would be a substantial loss of outlets for less frequently demanded proprietary medicines, all to the detriment of the public see *In re Medicaments Reference* (No. 2) (at pp310e et seq. 323d-g).

The court was obliged to consider them both individually and collectively, as two or more changes might become material if taken together, they could affect the sense of detriment, albeit that alone might not.

There was enough prima facie evidence of material changes to be in the public interest for the court to revisit the matter.


**Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor, Cusack McKeown**

it was by sections 14 and 17 of the 1976 Act, the precise standard of evidence required to establish a

In 1970, the court had concluded that the removal of resale price maintenance from proprietary medicines would result in a net loss to chemists going out of business more quickly, reducing the number of outlets for both

Evidence in support of the Director-General's application largely to be found in *Market Changes in the Medicaments Market since 1970* published by the Office of Fair Trading in January

There was enough prima facie evidence of material changes to be in the public interest for the court to revisit the matter.


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**VISUAL ART**  
**Kandinsky**  
comes to the  
Royal Academy  
PAGE 36

# THE TIMES ARTS

**POP**  
**Cranberries**  
hit the  
comeback trail  
PAGE 37



**OPERA:** Glyndebourne's new general director, Nicholas Snowman, has radical plans, as he tells Richard Morrison

## Fasten your cummerbunds . . .

If you believe Sir George Christie — and after all, it is his home — the image of Glyndebourne as a picture-postcard pile where corporate fatcats guzzle champagne and then snooze through operas is a wild invention of the tabloid press that is mysteriously repeated by nearly everyone else.

"Someone said to me the other day: 'If you removed the gardens and the picnic thing, you wouldn't be doing more than 50 per cent business'," he sniffs. "I did think the remark was churlish. Artistically, the festival is very serious. Our repertoire is highly adventurous, considering that we are unsubsidised. And our corporate supporters, who are always slagged off first, are the ones who buy most of the tickets for the most challenging repertoire."

Well, their thirst for musical exotica will surely be satisfied now. Nicholas Snowman has arrived, and if any English music administrator

**'Glyndebourne can do something about the museum culture afflicting the classical music world'**

qualifies for the epithet "radical chic" it is Glyndebourne's new general director. Founder of Britain's top new-music ensemble, the London Sinfonietta; devout Pierre Boulez acolyte; champion of "themed festivals" and other mind-expanding jamborees as boss of the South Bank Centre in London . . . Snowman is unlikely to let Glyndebourne's pearls-and-pinaus atmosphere deter him from his zealous mission to promote the new and the eclectic. "The classical music world generally is afflicted by museum culture," he says. "In opera that shows itself in the fixation on certain singers. That irritates and worries me, and I think Glyndebourne can do something about it."

So fasten your cummerbund, Corporate Man, you're in for a bumpy ride. Of course Glyndebourne has premiered several tough new works in recent years. And as Snowman points out, he inherits a newly commissioned Harrison Birtwistle opera from his predecessor, Anthony Whitworth-Jones. Called *The Last Supper*, it will take a "sophisticated, millennial look at Christianity". Snowman says. Indeed, it has already excited theological curiosity by increasing the number of those present at the Last Supper to 14. "As well as Christ and the Disciples there's a ghost, representing our generation," Snowman explains. The work goes on the



Nicholas Snowman in the gardens at Glyndebourne: his adventurous repertoire plans for the next ten years have been greeted with "total support" by Sir George Christie and the Glyndebourne board, he says

Glyndebourne tour next year and comes into the festival in 2001.

That's not all on the Birtwistle front. Snowman also intends to revive the master's vast electronic opera, *The Mask of Orpheus*. "I have a thing about it," he says. Won't it eat up massive amounts of rehearsal time and budget? "That's what we are here for," he replies.

This is just the start of Snowman's shock-of-the-new assault on the Sussex Downs. He has commissioned the clever young English composer Thomas Adès to write a new opera for Glyndebourne in 2003. He considered it "obvious" to grab the British premiere of *What Next?*, a new mini-opera by Elliott Carter, veteran American composer of some of the 20th century's knottiest scores. And another uncompromising modernist, Peter Eötvös, has been co-commissioned by Glyndebourne and the Châtelet

in Paris to write an opera on Tony Kushner's *Angels in America*.

Snowman says that he has received total support from Christie and Glyndebourne's board. "I have had complete liberty to go berserk. Last month the board approved my programme for the years 2001 to 2005, budgets included. I have also mapped out 2006 to 2010. They have said yes to the contemporary repertoire and everything else."

"Everything else" is scarcely less jolly. Glyndebourne will assemble a cycle of Monteverdi's three extant operas using period instruments, and embark on a "German Romantic" project, involving several 19th-century operas hitherto thought unredeemable. "My arrogant hope is that we will at last prove that Weber's *Euryanthe* and *Oberon* and Schumann's *Genoveva* are stage-worthy," Snowman says. "To be pretentious, we want to reveal their

deep structure — the real drama behind the silly plots."

Even the stoutest Glyndebourne supporter, one suspects, may need to pack an extra bottle of fine Chablis into the hamper to cope with that lot. Snowman's German Romantic project is planned to lead to one thunderous summer of nothing except deeply meaningful Teutonic blockbusters, including *Tristan and Wozzeck*. "That's pencilled in for post-2005 and may prove impractical," he concedes.

Besides *Tristan*, he also plans an *Otello*. Both would be conducted by the mesmerizing Valery Gergiev. Even so, isn't this taking Glyndebourne into epic Wagner and Verdi regions that are best left to bigger theatres? "But our *Otello* will be intimate, and our *Tristan* will be done as Wagner wanted,

with lighter voices actually singing the lines," Snowman argues.

Snowman has hooked Simon Rattle to return in 2003 for *Idomeneo* (with Peter Sellars directing), and is negotiating with the glamorous maestro of Los Angeles, Esa-Pekka Salonen, to make his Glyndebourne debut. Mark Elder and David Atherton also feature in his plans. So what about the choice of music director to replace Andrew Davis, who leaves next year? "At the moment we are talking to many people, some of whom I have already named," Snowman says. "And I'm hoping that Yakov Kreizberg will also return here to conduct." But Snowman decided "pretty quickly" to dispense with the position of director of productions (currently Graham Vick).

Another change will involve the resident orchestras: the London Philharmonic will lose another op-

era each season to the period-instrument Orchestra of the Age of Enlightenment. "The LPO has been very understanding," Snowman purrs. A new "international concert series" will begin in the opera house this Sunday with a piano recital by Mitsuko Uchida. And there are big changes in store for Glyndebourne Touring, the one part of the operation that receives Arts Council subsidy — though far less than it should, according to Snowman.

"I was outraged to find that we were getting a subsidy of £16 per audience member to tour, while Opera North and Welsh National Opera get more than £40. So we are negotiating to remedy that. We are also cutting costs for the 1999 tour, and reconstituting the touring repertoire to include more old favourites. The tour is haemorrhaging money that we need to make the festival programme exciting."

And exciting the Snowman years promise to be. Of course, as Christie points out, Glyndebourne has always pioneered new and neglected repertoire. "I think of Mozart before the war, then the Rossini comedies, Raymond Leppard's revival of Baroque opera, the Janáček cycle . . . our record speaks for itself."

Indeed it does. But with Christie (who turns 65 on December 31) passing the chairmanship of the family business to his son Gus on the first dawn of the new millennium, there is a distinct end-of-era aura around the old place now. "It will be a staggered handover," Christie promises. "I want the audience to feel comfortable with our future plans." Will they? It will be quite a test of Corporate Man's taste for adventure.

● Mitsuko Uchida plays Beethoven and Schumann at Glyndebourne (01273 815025) on Sunday at 3pm

### A joyful noise unto the Lord

Apple? Serpent? No sign of these in Haydn's Garden of Eden. All is famously blithe and bonny in *The Creation*, Haydn's version of the biblical story; and it did not take long in Roger Norrington's punchy performance with the London Philharmonic for the proper spell of wonder to be cast. *Chaos* reigned eerily with drifting chromatic lines and lurching crescendos: the Creator switched on the light with that mega-watt C major blast; then, before we knew it, the 100-strong London Philharmonic Choir was touching the soul, in rapt praise of God's "new-created world".

There are hits and misses in the English words to Haydn's oratorio. "Despairing" seems weak recompense for the German *verzweiflung*. Yet the sheer directness of the English phrasing can lead us straight to the work's heart. "This world so great, so wonderful," Adam duets tenderly with Eve in the Garden of Eden. If only it were possible 200 years later to write music of such innocence, such certainty.

Norrington himself did everything possible to bring the humanist message home, driving the LPO's modern instruments according to period practice, highlighting their instrumental colours, floating the "secco" recitatives on the hard sound of a forte piano. He encouraged us to applaud at

Having lost the services of Gennadi Rozhdestvensky, the Royal Liverpool Philharmonic Orchestra found itself deprived also of the presence of his wife, Viktoria Postnikova, who was to have been the soloist in the same concert at the Philharmonic Hall. Oddly enough, bearing in mind that the major work in the programme was Shostakovich's Eighth Symphony, the conductor problem was the one more satisfactorily solved.

The original intention was to precede the Shostakovich with Mozart's Piano Concerto in E flat. Just about any Mozart concerto could have replaced it — any, that is, apart

### Outstand-in



from the Violin Concerto No 1 in B flat, K207, which is a comparatively weak work and which needs the most persuasive advocacy if it is to make any positive impression. Daniel Hope, a young violinist more developed in technique than personality, would have

been well advised to avoid it. His performance of the concerto was not lacking in style but, accomplished though it was, it would have been far more interesting if something in the material of the score had provoked a spontaneous reaction.

Alexander Anissimov, the replacement conductor, surely will come back to Liverpool in the near future. A pupil of (among others) Rozhdestvensky himself, he has a similarly fluent, if less eccentric, technique and he has authority. He also knows his Shostako-

vich. His interpretation of the Eighth Symphony was so naturally paced and so clear in its expressive intentions that there was scarcely one instance of doubt in an orchestral performance of sustained brilliance and emotional commitment. If he failed to fit every episode of the work into a coherent structural strategy, he certainly did not underestimate its dramatic content and he was no less effective in securing the intimate atmosphere proper to such contemplative moments as the cor anglais solo in the first movement or the magical entry of the horn in the fourth.

### A bit too much excitement

There are times when young Freddy Kempf seems the very embodiment of the Florestan/Eusebius dual personality which Schumann set up for himself: on the one hand, the passionate extrovert; on the other, the shy dreamer. In the six years since his being awarded BBC Young Musician of the Year, Kempf has made his mark with both the fearless strength and stamina of his playing, and the cultivated tone and intense listening of its reflective qualities.



No wonder, then, that he has focused on Schumann's *Carnaval* to lead his forthcoming debut recording; and that he chose it as the centrepiece of his sold-out recital on Sunday. And he can perhaps be forgiven for emphasising the polarity of the Florestan and Eusebius personalities: at times it seemed as if there wasn't much in between. *Pierrot* and *Arlequin*, *Pantalon* and *Colombine* were mawkish characters in the violence of their dynamic contrasts.

Kempf clearly took the name of the work at face value. This was a real carnival: at times vulgar, often intoxicated, and frequented as much by the Lord of Misrule as by its *commedia dell'arte* characters. Kempf is just 21 and he will, I hope, eventually look longer and deeper into the piece: at the moment his sheer excitement in it is palpable and dominant, and

### GREAT BRITISH HOPES

#### Rising stars in the arts firmament: Rebecca, Katharine and Helena Wood

**Professions:** Oboist, cellist, violinist.  
**Ages:** 24, 22, 19.

**Are they really a trio?** They have played chamber music together since they were eight: their mother is a clarinettist, their father a violin-playing solicitor. Now they play together in concerts, and also follow solo careers.

**And recitals?** "We're not brilliantly matched from the point of view of repertoire. But we do make arrangements for oboe, cello and violin of Baroque pieces by composers like Quantz and Corelli, and intersperse them with duets. And we've commissioned a work specially for us from the young composer Christopher Wiggins."

**Are they rivals in competitions?** "We have entered competitions against each other, yes; but that helps rather than hinders! We're all really supporting each other." In 1992 Rebecca reached the woodwind finals of the Young Musician of the Year, and in 1996 Helena and Katharine also made it to the national finals.

**Where are they now?** Rebecca is freelancing after studying at the Royal Academy, the Hong Kong Academy for Performing Arts and the Guildhall School. She also plays in her own wind quintet, Quintessence, whose first CD is due in June. Katharine is completing her fourth year at the Royal Northern College and is then off to the US. Helena is in her second year at the Royal Academy.

**Fortcoming dates?** Next Tuesday they all play at the Queen Elizabeth Hall: violin, cello and oboe concertos by



Mozart and Haydn with the London Soloists Chamber Orchestra. And on June 13 Katharine and Helena play the Beethoven Triple Concerto with pianist Freddy Kempf at Hertfordshire University. In the same concert, Rebecca will play the Strauss Oboe Concerto.

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## GALLERIES

Abstract pioneer at the RA

## ARTS

## GALLERIES

Who was John Tunnard?

## The audacious dash to abstraction

**VISUAL ART: Richard Cork finds Kandinsky's reckless energy barely contained at the Royal Academy**

Of all the painters who revolutionised art in the early 20th century, Vasily Kandinsky was the most headlong. With an audacity that still seems courageous, he decided to jettison all references to the world of appearances. Around 1912, Kandinsky embarked on a voyage into an abstract universe. That heroic journey, and the pictorial discoveries he made there, had a profound effect on the future course of Modernism. He was a liberator, and the finest exhibits from that period charge his Royal Academy exhibition of works on paper with an impassioned, surging energy.

Kandinsky took a surprisingly long time to arrive at such boldness. In his native Russia, he had studied law and was expected to enjoy an outstanding career as an academic teacher. But with a recklessness as vehement as his later pursuit of Abstraction, he rejected legal studies in 1896 and decided to train as an artist in Munich. Already 29, Kandinsky was older than his fellow-students. And for a while he followed a nostalgic course.

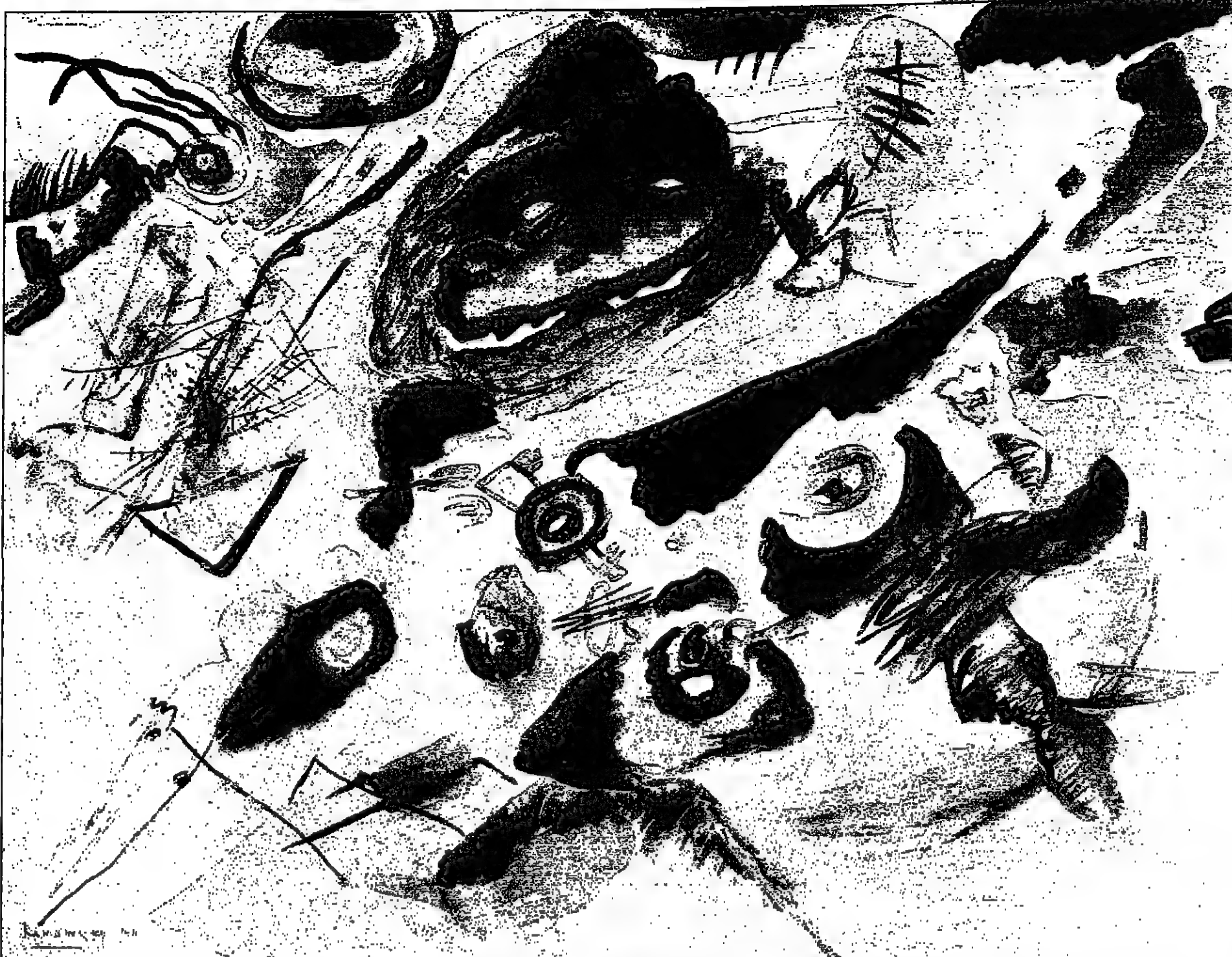
The earliest exhibits in the RA show are fuelled by the urge to escape into fairytale fantasy. They resemble illustrations for children's stories. Sometimes he is guilty of an artfulness bordering on whimsy: in a preposterous sketch for a poster advertising a French brewery, a lavishly plumed lady pours beer into a froth-filled glass with risible theatricality. But other images from this difficult, formative period show a greater toughness. One picture in particular, a gouache and crayon work called *Night*, seems prophetic. At first, the blanched and melancholy maiden comb-

ing her undulating tresses in this mysterious scene appears to have strayed from a latter-day Pre-Raphaelite painting. In reality, though, she derives from an ancient Russian tale about Baba Yaga, a malevolent witch who extends a crooked blue finger from the right side of the gouache. Kandinsky shows her coaxing a small boy to leave his flaxen-haired sister and wander into the countryside. The moonlit flowers, trees and meadows are reduced to a sequence of simplified, fluently brushed forms. Barely identifiable, they announce the strangeness of the dream-like visions Kandinsky would soon place at the centre of his work.

In 1908, the year after *Night* was executed, he became more single-minded in his urge to overhaul the language of Western art. With Gabriele Münter, a young painter he had met during their student days in Munich, Kandinsky began spending his summers at Murnau in the Bavarian Alps. The sublime landscape helped to stimulate him, and before long he became a powerful force in the avant-garde groups then galvanising new German art.

By now in his forties, the Russian expatriate seemed an unlikely figurehead for innovation and revolt. Impeccably dressed, Kandinsky never lost the air of pedagogy he had acquired during his university days. But the work he now produced was the opposite of academic. Like the crusaders who impel their galloping horses forward in his 1903 gouache, he became a man with a messianic mission.

The equestrian image haunted his imagination, turning into the rider who hurtles across an impetuous colour



Classic Kandinsky: his 1913 *Watercolour with Red Spot*, painted while the artist was preoccupied with the notion that the imminent war would open the door to spiritual renewal

woodcut called *Lyrical*. The contours of both man and mount, stripped of all superfluity, have become almost skeletal. Their dynamism reflects

the spirit of *The Blue Rider*, a group dedicated to broadcasting radical initiatives in art through exhibitions and publications. Kandinsky, who had

played the cello in his Muscovite youth, found enormous stimulus in music. He included Schoenberg's paintings in a Blue Rider show as early as 1911, and both men were heartened by the discovery of their shared concerns. Musical influences helped to convince Kandinsky that art should claim the freedom to detach itself from representing visible appearances. He wanted to go far beyond the surface of things, and acknowledged his debt to music by giving his 1913 book of coloured woodcuts the exclamatory title *Klänge* (Sounds). The images within this exuberant album can be counted among Kandinsky's most joyful and unfettered achievements.

Kandinsky devoted much of his formidable energy to a series of ebullient images each called *Improvisation*. But some of the watercolours displayed here prove that even the most rapturous of his abstractions were underpinned by intensive preparation. *Study for Composition VII*, a seemingly impetuous canvas of 1913, shows how carefully he planned these eruptive images. The amount of elaborate calculation lying behind Kandinsky's major paintings of the period in no sense dilutes their exhilaration. The greatest oils he produced then are among the high points of 20th-century art, and no London gallery has ever mounted a substantial exhibition of Kandinsky's convul-

sive achievement during those years. But the 1913 *Watercolour with Red Spot*, a classic example of his work on paper, shouts out its forcefulness with overwhelming conviction from the Royal Academy's walls.

For all Kandinsky's wild modernity, these images derive much of their fervent power from his religious beliefs. His sense of abstraction, published in English in 1914, is titled *Concerning the Spiritual in Art*. And many of his works are obsessed with the Resurrection, the Flood or the Last Judgment. The prospect of an imminent apocalypse unleashed the most organic side of Kandinsky's complex temperament. In common with other European artists, he became preoccupied with the notion that wholesale renewal would be attained only after equally thoroughgoing destruction.

Hence his uncanny ability, in some of these turbulent watercolours, to anticipate the annihilation that engulfed Europe in the latter half of 1914. Kandinsky welcomed the declaration of war at first, regarding it as a necessary purgative. But he was forced to leave Germany, first for Switzerland and then Russia. His art lost

its overriding impetus during these years of exile. And the death at the Front of young painter-friends soon persuaded him to deplore the conflict.

Some of the images he produced in 1915 and the following year, most notably the fractured *Watercolour with Black Lines*, reflect a more tragic mood. His marriage to Nina Andreevskaya in 1917 was darkened three years later by the death of their young son Voldemar. The ebbing of Kandinsky's experimental appetite is demonstrated by his alarmingly tepid and conventional *View of Moscow*, which lapses into the kind of feeble naturalism he had formerly abhorred. As for the militant artists who came to prominence during the Russian Revolution, they regarded Kandinsky as a bourgeois individualist.

Their antipathy persuaded Kandinsky to leave Russia for good in 1921 and accept Walter Gropius's invitation to teach at the newly formed Bauhaus. The prospect of progressive art and architecture allying to forge a new society appealed to a painter who had always been fired by the idea of the *Gesamtkunstwerk*, a grand coming-together of the arts. To my eyes, though, his

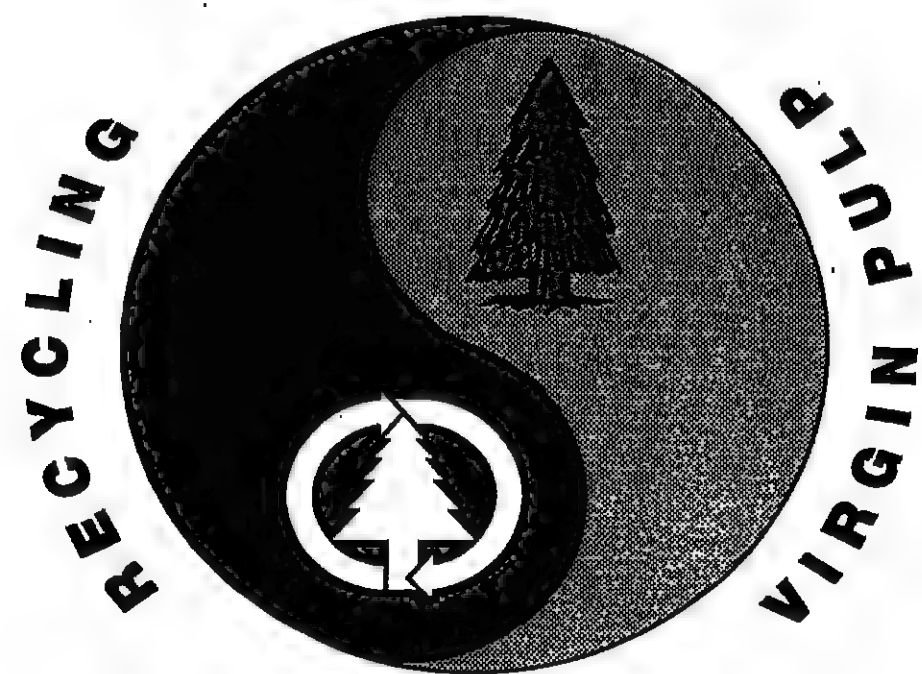
work as a teacher had an increasingly detrimental effect on the art he produced. Kandinsky recovered his belief in the viability of Abstraction, becoming a prolific, thoughtful and inventive exponent of a language freed from the need to represent. But a new emphasis on neatness and geometrical order drains his work of its former dynamism. Heavily reliant on compasses and a ruler, he retreated from the impassioned, sensuous impulse dominating his finest prewar work. Kandinsky never succumbed to formula: a 1928 watercolour called *Weighing* is a new departure, setting circles and rectangles free to float in a cosmic equilibrium. It seems, however, tasteful and bland after his earlier risk-taking.

There is no sign, in the closing phases of the show, of an artist enjoying a supremely fruitful late phase. He continued to try new ideas, even after settling near Paris for the last decade of his life. But the apparent sprightliness of a work like the 1937 *Line with Accompaniment* cannot disguise its fundamental idleness and caution. Kandinsky's yearning for apocalyptic renewal, which gave his earlier work its rousing ardency, had expired on the battlefields of the First World War. However diligently he tried afterwards, the old sense of adventure could never be fully recovered.

● Kandinsky at the Royal Academy (0171-300 57601) until July 4

‘His later work seems tasteful and bland’

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Peter Potworowski (1898-1962) was one of those artists unfortunate enough to fall between two cultures — in his case Polish and British. It is surprising how often this makes a radical difference to an artist's standing and reputation: the fact of belonging wholly to no nationality in particular inhibits both sides from staking claims. Potworowski was born and began his training in Poland, left for Paris in 1924 and studied there under Leger, and did not return to Poland until 1930. When the Germans invaded he was forced to leave, arriving in London in 1943. In England he was an influential teacher, mainly at the Bath Academy, and exhibited widely, with the London Group and elsewhere.

In 1958 he moved back to Poland, but for the Poles he was never really a Pole, and in Britain his reputation trailed off when he was not there to nurture it. Fortunately now we have a major rediscovery show, consisting mostly of his later British oils and watercolours. He paints people in landscapes or interiors, with a unique delicacy of colouring, unifying all elements into patterns of subtle harmony. He appears to have been influenced a little by Bonnard, on whom he was an expert, but the final effect is totally different. If a painter who fits into no pigeonhole can be tolerated, he thoroughly deserves a second look.

Connaught Brown, 2 Albemarle Street, W1 (0171-408 0362), Mon-Fri 10am-6pm, Sat 10am-12.30pm, until April 30.

## AROUND THE GALLERIES

IT IS not for nothing that the catalogue essay for Spink-Leger's latest exhibition is headed 'Who was John Tunnard?' Tunnard (1900-71) was in fact quite a figure in his day: he had connections with the English Surrealists and, later, the artists who gathered round Nicholson and Hepworth in St Ives; he did one of the most prominent and memorable murals in the Festival of Britain. But ultimately he saw things in his own terms, and never really fitted in with anybody. Hence, like Potworowski, he is impossible to pigeonhole, and still suffers for it, being not so much underestimated as unestimated.

The tide began to turn two years ago, with the publication of a major book on him, and this small but distinguished show should do nothing but improve his standing. The works in it date from between 1938 and 1969: none of them, oddly, from the period which seems particularly his. All of his works, indeed, look at a glance as though they belong to the Festival of Britain style, all spindly lines, streamlined shapes, and the excitement of television equalled only by the thrills of space flight. Many of his pictures have a faintly science-fictional air, with mysterious, almost abstract shapes hovering somewhere in outer space, parts of a new technology we vaguely recognise but do not attempt

to understand. Thus the earliest paintings look like bold anticipations, the later curiously retrograde. But all, indubitably, belong to Tunnard alone. Like him or not, he is definitely an artist to be reckoned with.

Spink-Leger, 13 Old Bond Street, W1 (0171-629 3538), Mon-Fri 9am-5.30pm, until April 23.

Peter Ilsted was the brother-in-law of Vilhelm Hammershoi. Which to many is probably like confidently announcing 'For the Snark was a Boojum, you see'. But if you know that Hammershoi was one of the great masters of the second Golden Age of Danish art in the 1900s, specialising in crepuscular interiors humming with a mysterious intensity, even though frequently unpeopled, then the connection makes a lot of sense. Ilsted was less mysterious, more human, and, to be honest, not in any way as good. But that is comparing him to a great artist, which he never claimed to be. In his own terms he has much to offer, especially in his mezzotints. Each print was individually hand-coloured, to beautiful, elusive effect. Lumley Cazalet also has some charming oils, but it is the prints that constitute Ilsted's most individual contribution.

Lumley Cazalet, 33 Davies Street, W1 (0171-491 4767), Mon-Fri 10am-6pm, until April 23.

JOHN RUSSELL TAYLOR

حکومت الامم المتحدة







ATHLETICS: LONDON MARATHON GIVES HAILE'S OLDER BROTHER OPPORTUNITY TO QUALIFY FOR OLYMPIC GAMES

# Gebrselassie seeks capital gain

BY DAVID POWELL, ATHLETICS CORRESPONDENT

THE Olympic champion will be on the starting line, so too will the world record-holder and the world champion. Yet, when the Flora London Marathon unfolds on Sunday, the athlete with the name that carries the greatest weight in distance running today — Gebrselassie — will not be up at the front. Or, at least, his coach hopes not.

Tekeye Gebrselassie, the older brother of Haile, makes his first appearance in the London Marathon in an attempt to earn selection for the Olympic Games. Peter Kortekaas, his coach, does not doubt that the

"I would like to be there on a bike to keep an eye on him," Kortekaas added. "Like most Africans, you talk to him and say 'start easy, go in group two or three' and after the first kilometre, you find him in group one. That is why I am careful to say what time he could run. I think he can run faster than 2hr 11min 30sec, but I am afraid he will start too quickly."

Haile Gebrselassie has run a marathon, but Tekeye holds the family record. Five years ago, in the Eindhoven Marathon, he ran 2hr 11min 45sec, while his brother's best is 2hr 52min, which he ran when he was aged 16. It is a marathon that Haile prefers to ignore: "My first marathon will be in Rotterdam in 2001," he has said.

Rotterdam is where you would expect Tekeye to be on Sunday, when the Dutch put on their marathon of the year. The flat course has proved to be an attraction for athletes seeking fast times and only last year Tegla Loroupe, from Kenya, set the women's world record there. Yet Kortekaas has put Gebrselassie on to the slower London course.

"In Rotterdam, all the other Dutch runners will be there trying to get the Olympic qualifying time," Kortekaas said. "Some will start fast and, for Tekeye, London will be quiet, away from the publicity and pressure."

That is being said by Josiah Thugwane, the Olympic champion from South Africa, Ronaldo da Costa, the world record-holder, from Brazil, and Abel Anton, the world champion, from Spain. When Gebrselassie, 28, came to Great Britain for the world half-marathon championships in 1992, he set a fashion for seeking political asylum away from Ethiopia after



Da Costa, the world record-holder, will be one of the favourites to win the London Marathon. Photograph: Gill Allen

rum away from Ethiopia after races in Britain. Three years later, three of Gebrselassie's compatriots sought refuge in London the day after racing in the world cross country championships in Durham.

Only last month, two more Ethiopians deserted the team when the world cross country championships came to Belfast. "He does not like to talk about it, but he was supposed to go into the Army and that was not what he wanted," Kortekaas said. In the year that Tekeye deserted Ethiopia, Haile was winning double

gold at the world junior championships and his emergence as an athlete of distinction over the next two years, together with the country's political changes, spared him the call from the Army.

For the past four months, Tekeye has been training with Haile in a small group of elite African athletes, just outside Addis Ababa. "It has been good for him to be home training with good runners," Tekeye lives in Holland and has a Dutch passport, but he still feels that Ethiopia is home," Kortekaas said. "He trains

twice a day and lives only for running. He is always looking at his brother, seeing what he has done. He wants to do that, only in the marathon."

Tekeye had better jump to it, because time is not on his side. Haile takes up the distance in two years from now, when we may see the two-hour marathon move within reach.

WEBSITE: www.london-marathon.co.uk  
official event site  
TELEPHONE: 020 7462 5454  
Sunday, BBC1, from 8.45am



Thugwane champion

## RUGBY UNION

## Offers flood in for Quinell's robust service

BY MARK SOUSTER

CRAIG QUINELL will have no shortage of new employers from which to choose should he decide to leave Richmond when his contract expires this summer. Quinell, 23, who played for Wales against England at Wembley, on Sunday, has been inundated with offers from clubs in England, Wales and France.

Mike Burton, Quinell's agent, confirmed interest from Gloucester, Harlequins and Bristol, of the Allied Dunbar Premiership, Llanelli and Pontypridd, in Wales, and Bourgoign, of France. Burton said: "Although he is under contract at Richmond, because of the situation there with the administrators, he will be a free agent if things are not sorted out in the summer."

Bourgoign have made the firmest offer to date, but one wonders whether Quinell would want to play in France. If he has to leave Richmond, where he is said to be happy, he might opt to follow Scott, his brother, back to Llanelli.

One club that has not yet entered the bidding is Cardiff, whose chief executive, Gareth Davies, confirmed he is leaving the club at the end of June to concentrate on his new role as chairman of the Sports Council for Wales. Davies has been at Cardiff for five years and has been at the helm during the recent stand-off with the Welsh Rugby Union. He said yesterday: "It has certainly been a great experience. There have been many ups and downs, but I would like to think that Cardiff has played its part in moving the professional game forward."

Neil Jenkins, whose goal-kicking denied England a grand slam in the Five Nations Championship, will undergo a long-delayed shoulder operation today, which means that he will miss Pontypridd's match against Ebbw Vale tonight. His place goes to Ceri Sweeney, 18, the top scorer for Wales Under-19 in the recent FIRA tournament.

Colin Charvis, who was injured in the tackle by Tim Rodber that later led to Wales's match-winning try on Sunday, is doubtful for Swansea's SWALEC Cup semi-final against Cross Keys this Sunday. Charvis has a suspected fracture of the cheekbone which, if confirmed, will sideline him for a month.

Although Wales's victory ensured that Scotland won the championship at England's expense, Jim Telfer, the Scotland coach, believes that Clive Woodward's team has the necessary qualities to win the World Cup. "Winning the competition is a realistic expectation

for England and France if they can sort themselves out," Telfer said. "England have used the Five Nations as a stepping stone. They have already beaten South Africa and they win when it really matters."

Despite the remarkable turnaround in their fortunes, Telfer plays down Scotland's chances this autumn, despite having home advantage in the pool matches. They start with a match against South Africa, the world champions, at Murrayfield, on October 3.

"South Africa will be coming off the back of the Tri-Nations Series and, once they get on to the world stage, they are very difficult to beat," Telfer continued. "We have improved since the autumn, so I am expecting a cracker." His one concern is the serious injury to Eric Peters, who is not expected to be fit until September after breaking a knee cap. "I hope the doctors are right and he will be ready by then,

Austin Healey, who ended an eight-week suspension by sitting among the England replacements for the International against Wales last Sunday, will return to action this evening in the hope of returning to the Leicester XV to play Saracens in the Allied Dunbar Premiership on Saturday. Healey, who was banned after a stamping incident concerning Kevin Punt, of London Irish, will play for the Leicester second XV against Loughborough Students.

but he will be pushing it a bit to make the two pre-tournament games against Argentina," Telfer said.

Nigel Wray, who stepped down as chairman of Nottingham Forest Football Club this week, has reiterated his continued support for Saracens. "They are my first love," he said. "Rugby union is a game I played for 30 years. I will see the job through there."

Pat Howard, now based in England, may get a call-up to replace Stephen Larkham, the injured Australia fly half. Rod Macqueen, the coach, said yesterday: "Pat is an option, there's no doubt about that. He's playing for Leicester, but he's still available to play for Australia."

However, Macqueen is also pleased with the progress of two other fly halves — Christian Warner and Nathan Spooner, of New South Wales and Queensland respectively. If their Super 12 form remains strong, they should get the nod ahead of Howard.

## SPORT IN BRIEF

### Five bid for Steelers' stock

■ **ICE HOCKEY:** Ian Taylor, the chief executive of the Sekonda Superleague, has revealed that five potential buyers are ready to take over Sheffield Steelers, who went out of business yesterday. Taylor is to investigate the business credentials of all the prospective new owners of a club, whose financial problems have finally taken their toll.

■ **ATHLETICS:** Overseas competitors who train in Australia leading up to the Olympic Games in Sydney next year will be subject to the same drug tests as Australian athletes. Natalie Howson, the chief executive of the Australia Sports Drug Agency, said: "We won't be a safe haven for drug cheats."

■ **SAILING:** The attempt by Azhar Mansoor, of Malaysia, to set a record for sailing solo around the world has ended after 69 days. His yacht's mast snapped in three pieces near Cape Horn yesterday. He set out on his journey of 26,100 nautical miles from Langkawi, a Malaysian island, on February 2.

■ **GOLF:** Lee Westwood's post-tournament celebrations at the Masters caused him to miss his flight to his next tournament, the Macau Open, which starts tomorrow. Westwood's 20-hour journey will hardly be ideal preparation for the Macau event.

## BOWLS: END OF AN ERA AS ENGLAND STALWART CALLS IT A DAY

## Advancing years prove Bell's final toll

BY DAVID RHYS JONES

THE announcement of the teams for the international trial at New Lount, Leicestershire, next month prompted gasps of surprise from bowls followers, because the name of John Bell was absent from the 50-strong squad.

Bell, one of the great characters of the sport, made his first appearance for his country in 1978 and has played in 21 consecutive series. The director of tourism for Carlisle, he has retired from international bowls at the age of 51.

"Physically, the old rugby war-wounds that savage knees and backs do not relent," he said ruefully. "Mentally, the easing of any determination to win and readiness to accept defeat are sure signs that the full spark required for

top match play is not glowing so brightly."

In other words, he is now too old to cope with the hurly-burly of international competition in a sport that people used to take up in retirement. In the past 30 years, the average age of national teams has gone down from the middle 50s to the late 20s.

Bell, an all-round sportsman who represented Cumbria at rugby and cricket, first qualified for the national championships as a teenager in 1966 and went on to win the England singles in 1983, pairs in 1991 and triples in 1976 and 1991.

He represented England in five world outdoor champion-

ships, winning the fours title twice — in 1984 and 1996. He also took part in the Commonwealth Games in Victoria and Kuala Lumpur.

His 67 appearances in the home internationals constitute a record that he shares with Tony Allcock. They are level, in second place, in the ranking list of England's most-capped players, behind the incomparable David Bryant, who played 81 times for his country on grass. Bell's retirement makes way for the introduction of Nicky Jones, from Bourne-mouth.

The questions of whether bowls is a spectator sport and whether slow play should be penalised arise whenever it

takes more than four hours to complete a fours match of 21 ends, or a triples match of 18 ends.

The national indoor triples quarter-final between Chipping Norton and Avon Valley at Melton Mowbray yesterday lasted 75 mins, but always held the attention.

"It was high-quality entertainment and the fact that it lasted so long was simply down to the number of dead ends," John Fulcher, the chairman of the competitions committee, said.

Chipping Norton won through 15-13 and were joined in the semi-finals by Stanley, Blackpool Borough and Grantham.

Results, page 41

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## YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

## Newmarket

Going: good to firm

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# Celtic putting faith in sprint finish

Kevin McCarran feels it is unlikely that Rangers can be overhauled in the Scottish championship race

IT IS more *dance macabre* than waltz, but the Old Firm are clasped together. They only have eyes for one another. For a while, the pair were estranged in the Scottish Premier League, but two consecutive defeats for Rangers, coupled with Celtic's ebullience over recent months, have re-established the intimate, fiery relationship.

Although separated by the breadth of the country, they engage in a duel this evening. Rangers play Dunfermline Athletic at Ibrox and Celtic are in Edinburgh to face Heart of Midlothian. A six-point lead in the table, with seven fixtures remaining, is the equivalent for the Ibrox club of an advantage in numbers on the battlefield.

It is soaring morale that sustains Celtic in the fray. In the unending bout of one-upmanship, yesterday belonged to them. While Rangers introduced Claudio Reyna, their new signing from VfL Wolfsburg, Celtic, by no coincidence whatsoever, chose the same afternoon to trump their rivals with the announcement that Henrik Larsson had signed a new contract that will last until 2003.

The Sweden forward is the most impressive player to have worn the green-and-white hoops since Kenny

Dalglish and the attempts to re-sign him have been conducted over the past few months. Yet news of their successful outcome was released at a strategic moment. Allan MacDonald has replaced Fergus McCann as chief executive and a triumphant beginning to his tenure has been engineered.

Celtic, who have won six of their past seven league matches, are undefeated since they last played Hearts, at Tynecastle, on December 6. Merri-

ment feels incongruous to those who remember how short-tempered the club was early in the season, when the failure to make signings last summer took its toll on form.

In Glasgow, moods, in much the same way as electrical storms, are spectacular

and short-lived. Josef Venglos, the head coach, eventually dealt well in the transfer market and began to collect accolades. Attitudes, in a contrasting manner, have been just as transient for Dick Advocaat, the Rangers manager, who, initially, was lauded as disciplinarian and tactical sophisticate.

The virtues must still be there, but defeats by Dundee United and St Johnstone re-awakened cankerousness in the crowd. Advocata's record in signings is flawed. Gabriel Amato, bought from

Real Mallorca for £4.5 million, cannot command a regular place and may be sold at a loss. Stéphane Guillavarch has had no more impact than he did at Newcastle United. Modest displays by Andrei Kanchelskis leave

his £5.5 million price tag looking like a coup for Fiorentina. All the same, such acquisitions will be treated as a harmless family joke so long as Rangers collect trophies. Advocata is likely to triumph. His side has won the League

Cup already and, after a sound 4-0 victory over St Johnstone in the semi-final, they will face the other half of the Old Firm in the Tennent's Scottish Cup final. Prospects in the championship are excellent.

The gaze falls on Rangers' trip to Celtic Park on May 2, but that may not be the decisive fixture. Four of Celtic's last seven games see them in action on opposition grounds. With only four wins in away matches in the league so far,

Venglos's side has yet to prove that it is capable of reeling off victories over the closing weeks. Celtic's delays in appointing a coach and in strengthening the squad are still likely to meet with the punishment they deserve.

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Larsson, the exciting Sweden forward, at Celtic Park yesterday after agreeing a new contract that will keep him at the club for the next four years

Real Mallorca for £4.5 million, cannot command a regular place and may be sold at a loss. Stéphane Guillavarch has had no more impact than he did at Newcastle United. Modest displays by Andrei Kanchelskis leave

his £5.5 million price tag looking like a coup for Fiorentina. All the same, such acquisitions will be treated as a harmless family joke so long as Rangers collect trophies. Advocata is likely to triumph. His side has won the League

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## Giggs has legendary status there for the taking

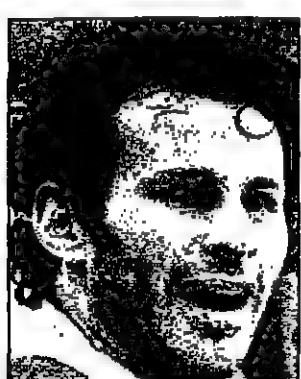
By STEPHEN WOOD

RYAN GIGGS was always the harbinger of the phenomenon of young, celebrity footballers that has characterised the decade. His early achievements were outlined in the first paragraph of one of his early literary works, *My Story*.

It was 1994 and Giggs had still not come of age as a man. The Manchester United player is now 25 and the intervening years have since added more winners' medals to his cabinet, more modelling poses to his photograph albums and more money to his bank account.

The achievements that lie in store for Giggs this season, however, are unparalleled, not just in his career, but in the history of football. As United plough relentlessly on, Giggs could become a member of the first English team to win the treble of league championship, FA Cup and European Cup in one season.

In 44 days, United would have to negotiate successfully their way through 11 matches. Nevertheless, it is not wise to question Giggs's powers of endurance. He was the teenager that used to rack up 85 matches a season; the young lad who would, every weekend, play two games of football for Dean's Boys Club, in Manchester, one for Salford schoolboys and throw in a rugby



Giggs: treble chance

league outing for Salford as a warm-down.

"People tell us how difficult our run-in is, but I think we still look fresh," Giggs said. "This is when the manager's decision to strengthen the squad and to rest players for certain games is of great benefit."

It is not just the quantity of fixtures that many observers feel could paralyse United, but the weight of importance that each one carries. Tonight, they face Arsenal in the FA Cup semi-final replay and, once the FA Carling Premiership match against Sheffield Wednesday has been dealt with on Saturday, United fly to Turin to meet Juventus, of Italy, in the second leg of the European Cup semi-final.

Yet Giggs insists that he and his colleagues will relish the tasks ahead. "This is the sort of situation you want to be involved in," he said. "We have to enjoy it now it's here and I honestly believe that we will look forward to each occasion."

"Winning has become a habit for us and, with a little bit of luck, we could win every match left this season. It would be great if we could do it."

If Giggs completes his medal collection with one from the European Cup final in Barcelona, on May 26, it would be legendary. That really would warrant an autobiography.

## Role of villainy is perfect for Riverside players

By GEORGE CAULKIN

IT may be taking the narrowing divide with the world of showbusiness a mile too far, but if ever an award for Best Supporting Football Club was to be considered, Middlesbrough would undoubtedly be favourites to lift the gong.

Spring would not be complete without its obligatory tales of drama and woe from the Riverside Stadium.

Since a decaying Ayresome Park hosted its final, cramped match four years ago, a season has never been concluded without some form of head-spinning activity. Player rebellion, outrageous new signings, promotion, relegation, periods of uncertainty — trips to Wembley, the Teesside air seems to come alive with vibrant controversy. This year, it appears, will be no exception.

Although their own league position is unusually static — the prospect of silverware having long been dispelled, their safety was confirmed eight days ago — Middlesbrough are to be paid a visit by Chelsea tonight, heralding a month-long flurry that sees each of the FA Carling Premiership's three remaining championship contenders tread warily up the A19. Bryan Robson has suddenly become a kingmaker.

Leeds United, in fourth place, will also have a role to fill, given that they, too, face each of the teams immediately above them, although only Manchester United and

Arsenal still face the daunting journey to Elland Road. It is Middlesbrough, where just one away victory has been forthcoming in the past 18 months, that salvation or damnation will be garnered.

In the short term, Chelsea have the greatest incentive — win tonight, while Arsenal and United are otherwise engaged replaying their FA Cup semi-final, and they return to the head of the pack; lose or draw and the impetus begins to seep away. It begins a prominence that Robson relishes, even though many will suspect that his long-time ally, Alan Pardoe, might influence his decision.

Although he denies it, the Middlesbrough manager was



Robson: kingmaker's role

sporting a coy grin while rebutting the charge yesterday. "If we beat Chelsea and Arsenal and then United beat us, then Alex Ferguson [the Manchester United manager] will probably buy me a drink," Robson said. "I'm sure everybody at Arsenal and everybody at Manchester United will be delighted even if we manage only to take a draw from Chelsea because it would be another game out of the way."

If that response contained the merest hint of an anti-Chelsea tone, it was another suggestion that Robson laid to rest. Twice, over the past two seasons, the Middlesbrough have emerged victorious from finals of both domestic cup competitions, while Middlesbrough's 2-0 defeat at Stamford Bridge last September is regarded by players and coaching staff as a particularly effective performance.

However, what all three title contenders will encounter is a vastly different challenge from the sweet-flowing, brittle team that last took its place in the highest division. Irregular cameos from Paul Gascoigne aside, Robson's is now a collective unit, modelled on fitness and experience, marshalled by Andy Townsend and Robbie Mustoe in midfield and by Gary Pallister, the former United defender, in defence. They may not be leading players, but they are certainly familiar with the glare of the spotlight.

## Jones finally exonerated over the goal that wasn't

Russell Kempson

talks to the referee

who has gone from

FA Cup controversy

to Wembley

TWO months ago, Peter Jones found himself at the centre of worldwide attention. He refereed the FA Cup fifth-round tie between Arsenal and Sheffield United at Highbury and allowed the infamous goal by Marc Overmars that redefined the boundaries of sportsmanship. He adhered to the rulebook, yet kept a low profile as the moral indignation swirled around him.

Two days ago, Jones was appointed to take charge of the Cup final between Newcastle United and Chelsea at Wembley. Within an hour of the final whistle, the club's offer of a rematch had been approved by the FA.

It was an unusual situation, a one-off, but as a referee and I did what I had to," Jones said. "My mind was

clear, I knew I had to restart the game, but it was an unsatisfactory outcome at the end. I came off thinking something might happen later. What had gone on wasn't normal.

"I was pleased to be re-appointed for the second game. That's the way it should have been. At the time, I never thought about the possibility of getting the final or how the game might affect my chances. I was really honoured to get on the Fifa list in 1996 — representing your country is something special — but I suppose this has to be the pinnacle."

It will be the sixth visit to Wembley for Jones, a BT account manager from Loughborough. He has been fourth official on four occasions and took charge of the Coca-Cola Cup final between Chelsea and Middlesbrough last season. Since joining the Fifa list, he has had 30 appointments in 20 countries, including his first European Cup fixture — FK Obilic, of Yugoslavia, against IBV Vestmannaeyja, of Iceland — last July.

Jones has no game in the FA Cup final, but will try to arrange a run-out at Loughborough Aerodrome, where it all began with his friend, Brian Smith, for £2 a match 26 years ago. "It's not so big now, there's been a fair bit of building on it," he said, "so hopefully I might get promoted to pitch five."



Jones: playing by the book

The future was sparked when, with the score at 1-1, the ball was put out of play to allow treatment to an injured

Sheffield United player. Instead of returning it to their opponents, Arsenal broke the unwritten code of sportsmanship by scoring through Overmars. Within an hour of the final whistle, the club's offer of a rematch had been approved by the FA.

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# Painful legacy of sporting life

MIDWEEK VIEW



Simon Barnes  
Sports Feature Writer  
of the Year

I have decided on reflection not to run the London Marathon on Sunday. Life is too short, certainly too short to risk shortening it still further with the damaging effects of sport. The London Marathon has become an annual celebration of a deeply old-fashioned view of sport: the idea that sport is somehow good for you.

On the contrary, sport is extremely bad for you and those who most stridently push the claims of sport as something essentially good are those that seem most obviously to be suffering from the manifold and various curses that the sporting life makes inevitable.

I think, on this occasion, we will let Jim Fixx — the father of the modern running boom, who dropped dead on a run in his mid-50s — rest in peace this once. There is plenty of compelling evidence without revisiting the end of poor old Jim.

Just about every half-decent story we get on the sports pages is a celebration of the utter badness of sport. This week has belonged, in the face of the competition, to the medical problems of José María Olazábal and his courage in overcoming them. The man was reduced to a shambling and, when no one was looking, crawling wreck. The problem was traced to his lower back, which is where golfers get damaged so often.

Ask Seve, if you don't believe me, or my brother-in-law, who was reduced for a period to house-bound immobility after a merry hack around the local course.

The on-again off-again story of the next seven days will revolve around the wounded knee of Zinedine Zidane. Zidane seems to be a man on the point of completing one of the great years of individual achievement in football, a World Cup win with France and now in pole position with Juventus in their European Cup semi-final against Manchester United.

He was forced to limp off half way through his weekend game and now faces what we traditionalists call "A Race Against Time" to get fit for the second-leg of the United match a week today. Zidane injured the knee shortly after



Damaged goods: Olazábal, front, Cochrane, left. Merson and Zidane have suffered physical and mental wear and tear

the World Cup, then he did it again and now he has done it a third time. Clearly, the sensible answer is not to play football.

The psychological wear and tear is as extreme as the physical stresses. Players' minds and bodies are, like grand prix cars, stretched beyond the limits of reliability. So breakdowns occur again and again, every day. Poor old Paul Merson was in tears again last Saturday after a breathtaking performance as substitute. He stands as a living example of the problems of keeping normality and the sporting life in balance.

Stan Collymore, his club colleague at Aston Villa, is a now famous example of a footballer with mental scars. Ronaldo was under such severe mental and physical

'Few escape without some kind of long-running niggling, nagging ache'

stress that he had a fit before he took to the field for Brazil in the World Cup final. The world is full of damaged athletes.

Obviously, this is true for the professionals, who accept a life of great physical and mental stress in exchange for great rewards of money, fame,

glory and achievement. We ordinary chaps who do it just to keep fit are in a different category, but it doesn't stop sport being extremely bad for us.

Training for the London Marathon — Everyman's Everest — is a classic example. Road-runners generally damage the knee joints and will pay for it later in life.

No one has ever confused me with a professional athlete, but I sit before this word-processor a damaged person. Right arm never quite right — too much diving about as a goalkeeper and wicketkeeper, though I prefer to blame my one game of polo. And of late, I have been going through a period of some stress, and all to do with horses.

In fact, it is a relief to get away from the stresses of the

sporting life and get down to a bit of hard graft. Sport is an appallingly stressful business, for mind and body alike, no matter what level you do it at. Few escape without some kind of long-running niggling, nagging ache and those who participate in it seldom do so without worry and care.

And that's why we like it. That's why we do it, because the stresses excite, involve, lift us. Stress is something we actively seek. That is why so many people like playing sport and that is why we like watching it, the uniquely public and debilitating stresses of professional sporting life are what make people such as Olazábal and Zidane, Merson and Ronaldo, enthralling. Of course sport is bad for you. We wouldn't have anything to do with it if it was good.

## TENNIS

### Top names bring fizz to Stella event

By ALIX RAMSAY, TENNIS CORRESPONDENT

THE clay-court season has hardly begun and already British thoughts are turning to the grass after Stella Artois announced the line-up for their traditional pre-Wimbledon event at Queen's Club. Tim Henman and Greg Rusedski will lead the British challenge, but their paths to the latter stages will be anything but clear with six of the world's top 11 men committed to play.

Yevgeny Kafelnikov, the Australian Open champion and world No 3, leads the initial list of entrants, along with former Stella Artois champion, Todd Martin, conqueror of Rusedski during the Davis Cup in Birmingham two weeks ago, and Mark Philippoussis. Scott Draper, the defending champion, Michael Chang and Thomas Enqvist have also signed up.

Pete Sampras has, as is his wont, asked for a wild card to be reserved for him. He will leave his final decision about whether to play until the last

minute, depending on his progress in the French Open. This is the 21st year of the tournament and, with the millennium changes have been made. The young prospects of the ATP (Association of Tennis Professionals) Tour, such as Lleyton Hewitt, Marat Safin and Jan-Michael Gambill, will meet more experienced names, but while they have all either won a Tour event, beaten a top-five player or tasted glory in the Davis Cup, what they will make of grass beneath their feet remains to be seen.

For the first time, BBC television will screen all seven days of the event, while the centre court seating capacity has been increased to nearly 6,400. Should the weather be inclement a raincheck system is in place offering ticket-holders a full refund should there be less than two hours of play. At the rain-soaked 1998 event, refunds cost the organisers nearly £1.5 million.

## WORD-WATCHING

Answers from page 41

### FAINHEAD

(b) Gladness and joy. From the Old English and Old Norse *fain* meaning chuffed. "Hit shallle felle you with fainhead."

### GODDARD

(a) A drinking-cup or goblet. From the Old French *godard*. A document of 1397 records "le grant godard de la cuisine".

### FLAPDOODLE

(b) Food for fools. Cf. *fadoodle* something foolish or ridiculous, nonsense.

### GLYCONIC

(a) Epithet of a lyric metre or verse, essentially a logaedic tetrapody consisting of three trochees and a dactyl. Also (of a poem, stanza, etc.) composed or consisting of such verses.

## SOLUTION TO WINNING MOVE

1 Rf7! Qxd7 2 Nxd6+ winning the queen.

## Living for Las Vegas

Girls' Night  
ITV, 9pm

As Julie Walters says to Brenda Blethyn at one point, this is like *Thelma and Louise*. But to its credit, it's not too much like that particular exercise in feminine fantasy. Instead, Kay Mellor's film is a rather grimmer, more British affair. Best friends Blethyn and Walters share everything, even the six-figure jackpot at bingo which precipitates Walters leaving her husband to move in with the bingo-hall manager. Blethyn, meanwhile, pays off her mortgage but simultaneously finds that she has multiple cancers, for which the treatments seem worse than the fatal prognosis. Walters whisks her off to Las Vegas, where they meet rodeo-riding Kris Kristofferson, an apparent perfect last fling, thinks Walters, for Blethyn.

The Naked Chef  
BBC2, 8pm

A new series from the makers of *Two Fat Ladies*. Jamie Oliver is a 23-year-old London chef whose presentational skills might be unpollished but whose skill and enthusiasm are undeniable. He may need prompting by an unseen female behind the camera, but his grasp of the essentials of cooking is clear. He eschews fancy names and time-consuming techniques to bring adventurous yet simple cookery within reach of the viewer, both the jaded and, more importantly, the young and inexperienced, who can be intimidated by the bland assurance of the monstrous regiment of telecooks. His is a natural manner which invites you in rather than dazzling you with expertise.

The Unseen Royal Family  
ITV, 8pm

Not an exposé of the farther reaches of the Civil List, mysterious cousins locked away in asylums or minor scions of unguessed-at hideousness, but a brisk trot through home movies, relatively rare footage of the Royal Family on parade or at ease, and eyewitness accounts of encounters with them. There's quite a bit about Diana, Princess of Wales.



Brenda Blethyn and Julie Walters head for Las Vegas in *Girls' Night* (ITV, 9pm)

but almost as much about the Queen, both as Princess Elizabeth and, touchingly, on her several visits to the stricken Welsh village of Aberfan. The Prince of Wales also gets a reassessment, as a decent sort, going out of his way to be fair and non-discriminatory. Some may feel that there is a little too much from Ivor Spencer, a toastmaster and butler-trainer, but he's entertaining enough and he can genuinely claim to have had extensive acquaintance with the family of Windsor.

Leviathan  
BBC2, 7.30pm

Now here's a funny thing, or at least it should be, preview tapes not being available at the time of going to press. Ahead of the 1999 London Marathon, a film report on the classical origins of the race, from the Battle of Marathon, 2,500 years ago, to the modern Olympic Games. The presenter is Chris Eubank, the famously elegant former boxing champion, idiosyncratic of pronunciation and now revealed as a lover of both the warrior ethic and 19th-century heroic poetry. Also tonight: Steve Jones reports on the first experiments, in Des Moines, Iowa, in the 1920s, on genetically modified food crops.

Tony Patrick

## RADIO CHOICE

Melt/The End of the World  
Radio 4, 11.30am/9pm

Today is not a good day on Radio 4 if you want to contemplate tomorrow with a smile on your face. Worse, there may not even be a tomorrow. This much can be inferred from the absence of the question-mark in the title *The End of the World*. So, it's a statement of fact, not conjecture. The only unresolved element in John Gribbin's investigation is not if universal apocalypse comes but how it will come. Several doomsday scenarios are offered, including being pulverised by a gigantic asteroid and being boiled by the greenhouse effect. Pete Lawrence's noisy and frenzied comedy *Melt* opts for annihilation by nightmare heatwave in which Big Ben dissolves and becomes Little Ben...

Choice Chatwin  
Radio 4, 9.45am

In the book world, the tenth anniversary of Bruce Chatwin's death will long be remembered for the huge critical acclaim that has greeted the publication of Nicholas Shakespeare's biography of the travel writer and novelist. The radio world, too, must be rather pleased with itself. When Radio 4 planned its week of celebrations to mark the Chatwin anniversary, it couldn't possibly have known that it would be able to back in Shakespeare's reflected glory. Six of Chatwin's tales — are being broadcast this week and Shakespeare was selected as one of the quartet of readers. This morning, in an extract from *The Songlines*, he tells the story of a plucky aboriginal missionary, Father Flynn.

Peter Davalle

## RADIO 1 (BBC)

6.30am Zoe Ball 8.00 Simon Mayo 12.00 Jo Whiley 3.00pm Chris Moyles 5.45 Newsbeat 6.00 Dave Pearce 8.00 Steve Lamacq: The Evening Session 10.00 Movie Update with Mark Kermode 10.10 John Peel 12.00 Gilles Peterson 2.00am Chris Warren 4.00 Scott Mills

## RADIO 2 (BBC)

6.00am Sarah Kennedy 7.30 Wake Up to Wogan 9.30 Richard Allen 12.00 Jimmy Young 2.00pm Ed Stewart 5.05 Johnnie Walker 7.00 Nick Sanderson 8.00 Mike Harding 9.00 Gloria of Soul 10.10 John Peel 12.00 John Peel 2.00am Tom Paxton: Still Rambling (28) 10.30 Lynn Parsons 12.00 Katrina Leschkerich 3.00am Alex Lester

## RADIO 5 LIVE (BBC)

6.00am Morning Reports 8.00 Breakfast 9.00 Nicky Campbell 12.00 The Midday News with Alan Robb 1.00pm Ian Payne 4.00 Drive 7.00 News Extra with Annie Webster 7.30 John Inverdale's Football Night. Coverage of the night's big football matches. Plus, the National Lottery Draw 10.00. Latejoin. Newsround: football talk on tonight's European and domestic action 11.00 Late Night Live 1.00am Up All Night

## TALK RADIO

6.00am The Big Boys Breakfast 9.00 Scott Chisholm & Sally James 12.00 Late's Talk Pats 1.00pm Anna Reaburn 4.00 The Sports Zone 7.00 The Big Breakfast 8.00 The Big Issues 10.00 James White 1.00pm Ian Collins

## VIRGIN

6.30am The Breakfast Show 9.30 Russ Williams 1.00pm Nick Abbot 4.00 Harriet Scott 6.45 Pete and Geoff 10.00 Gary Davies 11.00am Richard Allen 4.30 Phil Kennedy

## RADIO 3

6.00am On Air with Petroc Trelawny, including a review of the new production of *Candide* at the Royal National Theatre  
9.00 Masterpieces with Peter Hobday. Greg (Pier Gynt Suite No 1); Mozart (Adagio and Fugue in C minor, K546); Bartok (Piano Concerto No 2)  
10.30 Artist of the Week: Moore Lympany  
11.00 Sound Stories: Architects Peggy Reynolds remembers Palladio  
12.00 Composer of the Week: J.C. Bach  
1.00pm The Radio 3 Lunchtime Concert: Antur Pizmo, piano; Grigoriy (Los Requiem); Coloco en la reja; El fandango del Cancill; Quisiera o la mayra y el ruisenor; El amor y la muerte; Epitafio; Goyescas (I)  
2.00 The BBC Choral and Orchestral of Wales, Mozart (Symphony No 46 in C, K425, Linz); Dvorak (Cello Concerto in B minor), Beethoven (Symphony No 8 in F, Pastoral)  
4.00 Choral Evensong from Truro Cathedral. Organ and masses by the chorists Andrew Nethingham, Assistant organist Simon Morley  
5.00 In Tune: Humphrey Carpenter's guests include the soprano Emma Kirkby  
7.30 Performances on 3: Endless Parade (Sounding the Century) Live from the Hippodrome, Golders Green, London. Malcolm Binns, piano, Robert Cohen, cello, Benoit (Los Requiem) under Barry Wordsworth. Arnold (Four Scottish Dances), Rawsthorne (Piano Concerto No 2) 8.15

Anglophiles. Foreign-born artists and thinkers choose their favourite examples of British achievements in the postwar arts: 8.35 Concert, part two, Blues (Cello Concerto); Richard Rodney Bennett (Concerto for orchestra)  
9.40 Postscript: Seamus Heaney at 60 (3/5)  
10.00 The Piano Piano Lane investigates the world of the piano past and present  
11.00 Night Waves: Laura Cummin talks to the controversial art historian James Beck, whose new study of Michelangelo calls for a radical rethinking of the life and work of the Renaissance master  
11.30 Jazz: Melissa Ayn Shipton presents the single Salena Jones with the Great British Jazz Band recorded as part of the Chichester Festival's Jazz Parade  
12.00 Through the Night includes 12.05 Mozart (Overture: Così fan tutte) 12.10 Bach, reconstr. Koopman (Cantata No 190) 12.25 Ottavio (Overture: The Croatan Girl) 12.40 Szymanowski (String Quartet No 1, Op 37) 1.00 Brahms (Piano Concerto No 1 in D minor) 1.45 Mozart (String Quartet in B flat, K458, Hunt) 2.15 Schubert (Piano No 1 in C minor) 3.00 Tchaikovsky (Suite No 1 in B flat) 3.40 Brahms (Hungarian Dance in E flat, K364) 4.35 Mozart (Ballet music: Les petits riens, K299b) 5.10 Correll (The Sonata No 6) 5.25 Varah (Symphony in A minor) 5.40 Ravel (Tzigane) 5.50 Schreker (Walse lente)

## RADIO 4

5.30am World News 5.35 Shipping Forecast 5.40 Inshore Forecast 5.45 Prayer for the Day 5.47 Farming Today Anna Hill presents 6.00 Today with James Naughtie and John Humphrys 6.35 (LW) Yesterday in the Parliament Update on the latest political developments 9.05 Midweek with the Times columnist Libby Purves 9.45 (FM) Serial: Choice Chatwin Extracts from Bruce Chatwin's *The Songlines* See Choice 9.45 (LW) Daily Service 10.00 Women's Hour with Jenni Murray and guests includes Diary of a Provincial Lady 11.00 The Yellow Child of Dover Christy Lowry explores the town's identity as one of the county's busiest ports 11.30 Melt Pete Lawrence's comedy about Londoners in the grip of a heatwave. With Dave Brooks and Katy Carmichael. See Choice 12.00 (LW) News Headlines; Shipping Forecast 12.05 (FM) News 12.04pm You and Yours with Mark Whittaker and Trace Rowlinson 1.00 The World at One with Nick Clarke 1.30 Points of Law New series. Popular legal quiz, chaired by Richard Evans 2.00 The Archers Yesterday's edition (I) 2.15 Afternoon Play: Arawinwinning Charlotte Jones's uplifting comedy of friendship, fantasy and freedom, set in the 1920s and starring Sophie Thompson, Charlotte Jones and Marcia Warren (I) 3.00 Gardeners' Question Time (I) 3.30 A Name to Remember Barbara Myers examines the life and work of anatomist Thomas Hodgkin, the man Hodgkin's disease is named after (3) 3.45 This Scripted Tale Anna Massey narrates part 73 of the history of Britain (I) 4.00 Thinking Allowed Professor Ellen Barker discusses her research into the many facets of faith around the world

4.30 Case Notes Graham Easton takes a look at the heart and circulatory system (I) 5.00 PM with Clare English and Chris Lowe 5.00 Six O'Clock News 6.30 King Street Junior Jim Ebdidge's comedy drama set in a junior school. Rumours spread like wildfire, creating a nightmare scenario for Mr Sims. Karl Howman stars (3/6) (I) 7.00 The Archers The latest events from Ambrose 7.15 Front Row Mark Lawson reviews the National Theatre's new production of *Candide* 7.45 Diary of a Provincial Lady Part eight of E.M. Delafield's household journal, dramatised by Jane Rogers. Broadcast earlier as part of *Woman's Hour* (I) 8.00 The 1999 Reith Lectures Anthony Goldens, Director of the LSE, gives the second of five lectures, focusing on the difficulties of managing life, introduced by Melt First (2/5) 9.00 The End of the World John Gribbin invites experts to speculate on the probable causes of Armageddon. See Choice 9.30 Midweek Broadcast earlier (I) 10.00 The World Tonight Justin Walsh presents 10.45 Book at Bedtime: *Archangel* Alan Howard reads part eight of Robert Harris' thriller (I) 11.00 Late Night on 4: *Old Harry's Game* Andy Hamilton's award-winning comedy, set in Hell, starring James Groux and Jimmy Mulville. Satan enters Scrumptious's brain (4/6) 11.30 (FM) I'm Glad You Asked Me That Offbeat guide to modern living, with Michael Bywater, Sam Meo and Philip Pope (3/6) (I) 11.30 (LW) Today in Parliament Political news 12.00 News 12.30am The Late Book: *Bartholomew* Gregory's novel (I) 12.48 Shipping Forecast 1.00 As World Service

FREQUENCY GUIDE. RADIO 1, FM 97.8-99.8, RADIO 2, FM 90.2-92.4, RADIO 3, FM 92.4-94.6, RADIO 4, FM 92.4-94.6, LW 150, MW 720, RADIO 5 LIVE, MW 683, 909, WORLD SERVICE, MW 648, LW 198 (12.45-5.55pm). Television and radio listings compiled by Penny Cleveland-Peck, Ian Hughes, Gillian Moxey, Jane Gregory and Barry O'Keefe

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حكاية الامم



gas

better: it doesn't wrap itself round your head in a wind.

I think this series has fallen too deeply in love with its own ability to get a camera up the nose of anything that swims, crawls, scuttles or flies, with the result that there were moments last night when I was diving for cover like 73ppl Hedren in *The Birds*. That and the irritating music are the only downsides of a series that is otherwise exemplary.

The best character in last night's film was the orange ladybird, which ought to be given a job at the Met Office. The orange ladybird uses methods it has so far kept secret to predict whether the British winter will be severe or mild, thus enabling it to choose a hibernatus snail that is either underground or merely beneath the ladybird has been studied for ten years and in every year it got the forecast right. Over to you, Michael Fish.

CHANNEL 5

**Team 5 News and Sport With Becky Anderson** (578673)

**WildWorld Part nine.** The invention of the world's first car (1) (5553849)

**Missusabel** (2441207)

**Muppet Babies** (468582)

**Hanzelazo** (1) (8645153)

**Dappled Dawn** (1) 5 News Update (8644242)

**Hot Property** (1) (1) (4516849)

**Robb Grant's Postcards** (1) (338917)

**The Oprah Winfrey Show** (8655801)

**Sunset Beach** Ben receives a mysterious call (1) (4058375)

**Leeza** (3713240)

**5 News at Noon** (1) (8642840)

**Family Affairs** Ben learns Dorna likes him (1) (1530199)

**The Bold and the Beautiful** Grant asks Eric for his old job back (1) (2465820)

**The Rosanne Show Award-winning entertainment show.** presented by comedian Bob Odenkirk (4685404)

**100 Per Cent Gold** (2565337)

**Good Afternoon Day!** entertainment; 5 News Update (8549207)

**The Golden Gate Sunnys (TVM 1979)** David Janssen and Susanah YVM star in this murder mystery about a detective and a nun investigating the suspicious death of a priest. Directed by Walter Braunman (2716795)

**5 News** (1) (59073949)

**Robb Grant's Postcards** Switzerland (5506222)

**100 Per Cent** (1) (8943004)

**5 News: Weather Round-up** of the day's stories, including *First on Five* (1) (840917)

**Family Affairs** The boys inspect their aunt (1); 5 News Update (3931259)

**Knight Rider** Michael is called in to investigate the theft of a high-tech missile-lining helicopter. Starring David Hasselhoff (1); 5 News Update (9125172)

**Play Titanic** Account of the 1998 rescue of the perspective of the survivor of the *Lory* driver Jeff Waghorn, who reveals the fear that he felt at being trapped in a smoke-filled compartment 300ft under

the English Channel and some 12 miles from safety (T); 5 News (2/193420)

**Born Dead (TVM 1997)** Three juvenile criminals attempt to rob a bank — but disaster strikes as the police move in, leaving them facing a pounce to save the lives of everyone involved in their scheme. Action thriller, with Corey Feldman, James Remar and Justin Walker. Directed by Jeff Yonis (T); 5 News (2/2342172)

**Not the Jack Docherty Show** Lovely comedy (44/45/11)

**UK Raw** A professional dominatrix (8/10) (61/16375)

**Major League Baseball Live** Big-hitting action from the States, presented by Jonathan Good (35/704284)

**UK Australian Rules Football** Action from Down Under (70/22478)

**100 Per Cent c** (r) (6730283)

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## HISTORY

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## ATHLETICS 38

The running men who will make the marathon a sprint

# SPORT

WEDNESDAY APRIL 14 1999

## SIMON BARNES 42

Why a sporting life can be bad for your health



Arsenal strengthened for replay

## Petit returns from ban on red alert

By MATT DICKINSON

EMMANUEL PETIT insists that he will not tip-toe through his return to English football tonight, but then he has little choice. Only one team can survive the impact when Arsenal and Manchester United collide in their FA Cup semi-final replay at Villa Park, so there will be no time for the Frenchman to make gradual reacquaintance.

"Don't watch it alone," was Alex Ferguson's advice and the United manager's warning raises the question of whether this is the ideal stage for Petit to reappear after his third suspension of a fractured and fractious season. The Arsenal midfielder, as he admitted yesterday, is incapable of resisting a 50-50 tackle and there will be plenty of those against Roy Keane.

His desire to return has burnt so deep, though, that part of him secretly celebrated the 0-0 draw on Sunday and the opportunity of a replay. He is adamant that he has not only recovered peak fitness but also that he has banished the confusion that had made him question his future at Highbury. No, he said, he would not walk away from English football in the summer, as he had threatened in the immediate aftermath of his most recent dismissal.

against Everton. No, he was not afraid of English referees. "It's true that I tried to give my shirt to the referee after the Everton match and said I was finished with the game here, but I will stay at Arsenal next season," Petit said. "I was very upset because I had just one red card in France in ten years and now I have had four in England, so you can imagine how I felt when I got the last one. I had made only two fouls in the whole game."

"It won't change how I play."

Riverside players.....40  
Jones consolated.....40

but it is very difficult for referees now in games with Arsenal. We are not a dirty team, but when there is a foul, the whole ground puts intense pressure on the referee and if he is not a strong man, he will give out cards."

Fears that Petit might use his repeated clashes with authority as an excuse to leave Arsenal for Spain or Italy had been widespread at Highbury, but Arsène Wenger appears to have used all his persuasive charms to lift his compatriot from his depression. "A competitive guy who does not have competition gets sick," the

Arsenal manager said, "and Petit needs competition to be happy."

"I can understand why, when you are in a foreign country and you keep coming back and then getting suspended again, that life is very difficult. But the fans have done as much as me to persuade him to stay."

A combination of suspension and ankle injury has meant that Petit has started only two of the past 12 games and his return will compensate Arsenal for the likely absence of Marc Overmars, who will have a fitness test this morning on a sore ankle. Fredrik Ljungberg, rather than Nelson Vivas, whose dismissal on Sunday spoils an otherwise excellent display, is his probable replacement.

Ferguson also hinted at changes yesterday, but it is unlikely that he will rest too many players until the FA Carling Premiership match against Sheffield Wednesday on Saturday. Paul Scholes may return in place of Nicky Butt, while Jesper Blomqvist is putting pressure on Ryan Giggs, but the defence is likely to remain unchanged, with Denis Irwin fit after sustaining an injury at Villa Park.

The United attack must breach an Arsenal defence that has not conceded a goal for 673 minutes and Ferguson's strikers are not in prolific form. Dwight Yorke has not scored for six games and Andy Cole for five, which is a drought by their standards. However, Ferguson looked far from worried yesterday, struggling off suggestions that his side's attempt at a treble may leave them too tired to secure even one trophy.

"Goals always tend to dry up at this stage of the season," he said. "You are never going to get runaway victories, but the confidence is high. The players have been consistently brilliant, finishing first and second in the league over the years, and that speaks volumes for what a great team we have."

"This is the sort of situation we have been working at for years and the players are enjoying it. It is a good time for them and you can only be jealous that they are playing and you are not."

The fact that both teams practised penalties yesterday would suggest that the managers are expecting another tight game. It may be late into the night before Newcastle United discover who they will be facing in the FA Cup final at Wembley on May 22.

ARSENAL (probable 4-4-2): D Seaman — L Dixon, M Keown, T Adams, N Winterburn — R Parvor, P Vivas, E Pien, F Ljungberg — D Bergkamp, N Anelka.

MANCHESTER UNITED (probable 4-4-2): P Scholes — G Healy, R Johnson, J Stam, D Wren — D Beckham, R Keane, P Scholes, R Giggs — D Yorke, A Cole.



Boon, the Durham captain, who arrived recently in the North East after a summer in Australia, practises his catching skills by juggling with snowballs on the outfield at the Riverside. Photograph: Stuart Outerside

## Winter mocks early starters

By MICHAEL AUSTIN

SNOW, two inches of it, prevented any play at Chester-le-Street between Durham and Worcestershire yesterday as winter returned with a vengeance to bite into the earliest start to any county championship cricket season.

Norman Gifford, the Durham coach, who has been involved at first-class level for 42 years, was dumbfounded. "I have never seen snow like that on any English ground," he said. "When I arrived at 8.30am, everything was ready for a prompt start. Within two hours, the ground was com-

pletely white. I have seen April snow flurries, but they have always cleared quickly."

As upset as anyone was David Measor, the Durham head groundsman, who had prepared his first championship pitch since taking over from Tom Flintoft, who had been in charge since the county's elevation to first-class status seven years ago.

Ironically, in Durham's inaugural match that season, snow caused an interruption against Oxford University in

the Parks, although the most famous modern instance of snow stopping play came in the game between Derbyshire and Lancashire at Buxton 24 years ago — but that was in June.

The late Ashley Harvey-Walker, of Derbyshire, handed his false teeth to the umpire because the pitch was becoming dangerous.

Not unexpectedly, there was also a blank day at Old Trafford, where Lancashire are playing host to Sussex.

County reports, page 41

## Celtic secure Larsson's future

By PHIL GORDON

CELTIC demonstrated their willingness yesterday to compete with the wealthiest clubs in Europe by securing Henrik Larsson, the leading goalscorer, on a new four-year contract. It will make the Swede the club's wealthiest player in Celtic's history.

Larsson, 27, has signed with the Scottish champions until 2003 for a reported salary of £1.3 million a year, an act of faith by Celtic that is at odds with the club's tradition of being parsimonious.

Larsson's 37 goals this season had attracted widespread interest from around the Continent, including Tottenham Hotspur and Manchester United, of the FA Carling Premiership, who were all mindful that he was about to enter the last year of his existing contract.

For a club that has failed to retain any of its key players over the past two decades, the loss of Larsson would have been a blow that extended far beyond the pitch. It would have sent out the signal that Celtic, unlike Rangers, were still willing to cut corners

when it came to rewarding its players. In the past, Kenny Dalglish, Charlie Nicholas and Brian McClair multiplied their Parkhead salaries by going to Liverpool, Arsenal and Manchester United respectively.

Similarly, Pierre van Hooijdonk and Paolo Di Canio left in 1997, when the envy of English salaries became too great.

Earlier this season, Celtic's players were embroiled in a damaging dispute with Ferguson

McCann, the then-chairman, who refused to meet their demands for a £25,000-per-man bonus for reaching the European Cup Champions' League group stage. However, Allan MacDonald, the club's new managing director, who took control only last week after McCann, the majority shareholder, departed for tax exile, indicated that the club is undergoing a sea change.

"I quickly understood that the team is the most important thing at the club," MacDonald said. "Getting quality players is our most important objective. I had to instil order where there was perhaps a perceived disorder and Henrik is the foundation stone upon which I would like to build the team."

Recent reports claimed that Larsson had been given a make-it-or-leave-it offer by McCann, which is not the way to approach the single-minded Swede. Larsson took his previous club, Feyenoord, to court in order to win his cut-price £650,000 transfer to Celtic in 1997.



Larsson: happy in Scotland

## Bradley charged in racing inquiry

By STEWART TENDLER AND ALAN LEE

AFTER two years of speculation and dramatic arrests by Scotland Yard detectives, involving a number of leading figures in horse-racing, a jockey was charged yesterday. The rider concerned is Graham Bradley, 38, the senior jumps jockey, who is accused of conspiracy to cheat.

He was released on police bail and will appear at Bow Street Magistrates' Court today accused of preventing his mount, Man Mood, from winning a two-runner handicap chase at Warwick in November 1996. Man Mood, the 7-4 on favourite, was pulled up. A stewards' inquiry accepted Bradley's explanation that the horse lost his action due to a wind ailment.

Bradley has been charged under the Criminal Law Act 1977. He is accused of conspiring with others to win bets on the race by fraud and agreeing that Man Mood would not win.

In a 21-year National Hunt career, Bradley has won many of the leading races, including the Cheltenham Gold Cup in 1983, on Bregawn, and the Champion Hurdle in 1996, on

Racing.....39

Collier Bay. He now also faces a review of his rider's licence by the Jockey Club.

Bradley, stable jockey at the Uplands yard once owned by Fred Winter, rode Sun Bay in the Grand National last Saturday. Hewas arrested at his home in Sparsholt, Oxfordshire, in January in the latest in a series of police raids. Ray Cochrane, a flat jockey, and Charlie Brooks, trainer of Man Mood, were also arrested. Cochrane was eliminated from police inquiries last month and Brooks was released without charge yesterday after earlier being freed on bail.

Last year, police arrested three other jockeys — Dean Gallagher, Leighton Aspell and Jamie Osborne. They have also been released without charge.

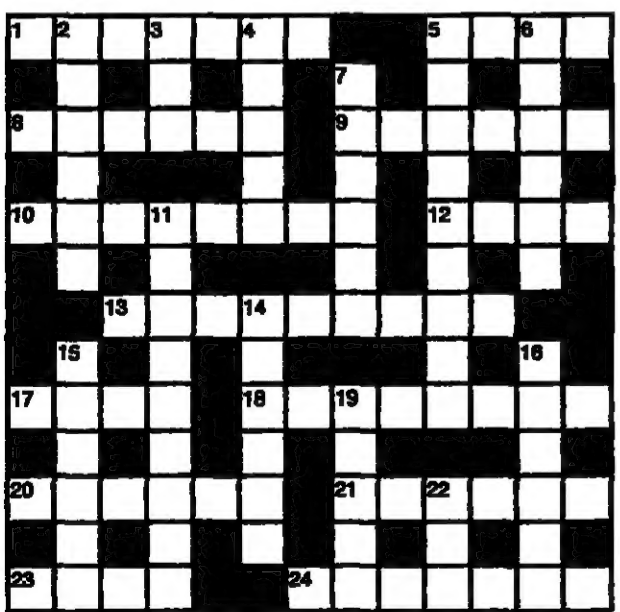
Today, five men accused of conspiracy to defraud by doping horses are also due to appear at Bow Street. They are accused of "interference with the running of horses in horse-racing by the administration of a performance-inhibiting drug".

Manchester United have failed to beat Arsenal in six matches dating back to November 1997. During the same period, the London side has lifted the Premiership, the FA Cup and the Charity Shield.

Nov 9 1997	Arsenal 3	Man Utd 2	Premiership
Mar 14 1998	Man Utd 0	Arsenal 1	Premiership
Aug 9 1998	Arsenal 3	Man Utd 0	Charity Shield
Sep 20 1998	Arsenal 3	Man Utd 0	Premiership
Feb 17 1999	Man Utd 1	Arsenal 1	Premiership
Apr 11 1999	Man Utd 0	Arsenal 0 (aet)	FA Cup s/final

Television: Sky Sports 2, 7pm      Radio: Radio 5 Live

## TIMES TWO CROSSWORD



No 1691

### ACROSS

- Moral campaign: religious war (7)
- A square measure: city attacked by 1s (4)
- Forge (6)
- Pressing (6)
- (Eg. Churchill's) depression (5,3)
- Cry loudly: sounds like dance (4)
- Opening in battlement (9)
- Ill-mannered person (4)
- Japanese beef dish (8)
- (Trap) closed: helped to escape (from prison) (6)
- Strongly criticise (6)
- Detained (4)
- Prolonged (7)

### DOWN

- Low sound: see through (trick) (slang) (6)
- (Complete) group of like things (3)
- Tree spirit (5)
- Noisy wrangle (4-5)
- Fame (6)
- Organism as eg rust, yeast (6)
- Pop in: be persuaded (4,5)
- Give up (post) (6)
- Pair (6)
- Rough drawing (6)
- Oxford Movement leader: Ox. college (5)
- Fix up (fraudulently): outfit (3)

### SOLUTION TO NO 1690

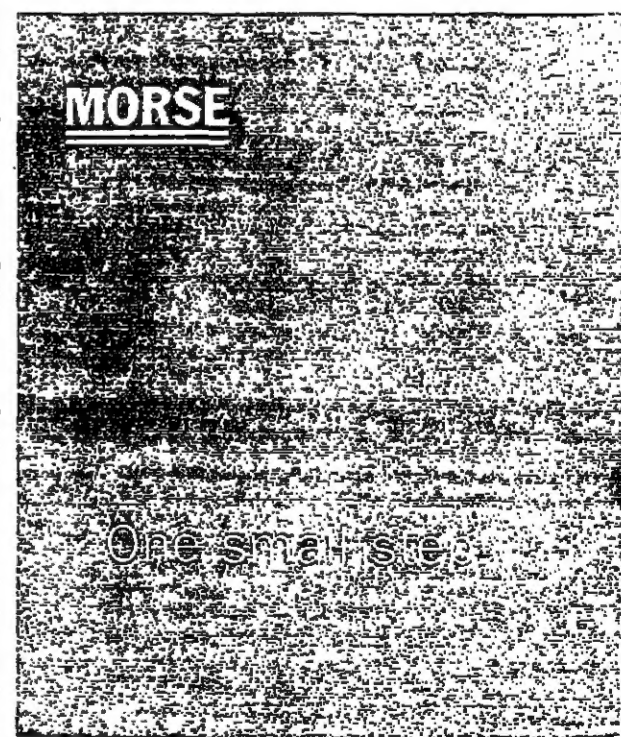
- ACROSS: 1 Abandon 5 Verve 8 Circa 9 Twelfth  
10 Indolent 11 Blur 13 Encyclopaedia 16 July  
17 Wretched 20 Afghani 21 Liven 22 Sleek 23 Essence  
DOWN: 1 Ascribe 2 Acid 3 Deadlock 4 Not on your life  
5 Veer 6 Ruffled 7 Ether 12 Nautique 14 Cologne  
15 Al dente 16 Jeans 18 Haven 19 Bask

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